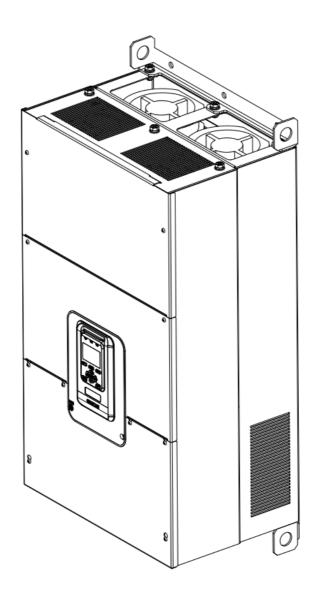


GUIDE Inverter HF630 Series Technical Manual

Version: 1.02

Ensure the end user receives this manual and keep it properly.

Wuhan Guide Electric Drive Technology Co., Ltd.



Foreword

Thank you for your choice on GUIDE inverter! You will enjoy our comprehensive and sincere service.

The vector controlled GUIDE HF630 Series inverter, have been developed to satisfy the high reliability and high inverter performance demands in crane industry, with its sensorless vector control performance indexs reaching the world's leading level.

In order to guarantee the inverter's excellent performance and safety of the user and equipment, read carefully this manual before attempting to start the equipment.

This manual is attached with the product as an accessory; keep it well for future inspection and maintenance.

Do not hesitate to contact our local offices and agencies in case of any doubt or special requests, and it is also available to contact directly our aftersales department service center in Wuhan headquarter, we will offer our service sincerely.

Contents of this manual are subject to change without notice.

Wuhan Guide Electric Drive Technology Co., Ltd.

Content

1 Safety Instructions.	
1.1 Symbols	
1.2 Application scope	
1.3 Notice on scrapping	
2. Product overview	
2.1 Unpacking check	
2.2 Product model and nameplate	
2.3 Product series models and technical specification	
2.4 Product appearance and components name	
2.5 Product dimensions	
2.6 Product comprehensive performance indexs	
2.7 Main technical features	
2.8 Optional accessories description	
2.9 Ordering description	
3. Inverter storage and installation	
3.1 Storage and installation environment	
3.2 Installation direction and space	
3.3 Detachment and installation of cover plate	
3.4 Installation of adjunct card	
3.5 Wiring instruction of PGC2 card	
3.6 Wiring instruction of PGD2 card	
4.Inverter wiring	
4.1 Notice on wiring	
4.2 Wiring for main circuit terminals	
4.3 Control circuit terminals	
4.4 Basic wiring plan of inverter	
4.5 Input signal wiring plan	
4.6 System wiring plan	
4.7 Wiring Specification	
4.8 Input/output AC reactor selection	
4.9 Brake resistance selection.	
4.10 Installation instructions conform to EMC requirements	
5.Operation instructions	
5.1 Operation panel instruction	
5.2 Key operation	
5.3 Main menu configuration diagram	
5.4 《option》 Menu configuration description	
5.5 《menu》Menu configuration description	
6. Inverter test run	
6.1 Inverter test run sequence	
6.2 Inverter test run operation	
6.2.1 Energization	
6.2.2 Display status confirmation	
6.2.3 Parameter initialization	
6.2.4 Parameter setting	
6.2.5 Motor parameter auto-tuning	
6.2.6 Notice before auto-tuning mode	
6.2.7 No-load operation test run	72

6.2.8 Test run with load connected	
6.2.9 Parameter save	. 73
7. Inverter parameter setting instruction	. 74
7.1 Initializing paramerter control P0	. 74
7.2 Parallel inverter and panel observation configuration P2	. 74
7.3 Digital input set of terminals P3	. 74
7.4 Digital Output set of terminals P4	. 76
7.5 Analog input set of terminals P5	. 79
7.6 Analog output set of terminals P6	80
7.7 Protection setting P7	
7.8 Motion Control 1 P8	. 85
7.9 Motion Control 2 P9	. 88
7.10 Motion Control 3 P10	. 91
7.11 Motion Control 4 P11	. 94
7.12 Motor 1 Step Speed Brake Set P12	. 97
7.13 Motor 2 Step Speed Brake Set P13	. 98
7.14 Motor 3 Step Speed Brake Set P14	
7.15 Motor 4 Step Speed Brake Set P15	
7.16 Motor 1 Parameter V/F Set P16	
7.17 Motor 2 Parameter V/F Set P17	106
7.18 Motor 3 Parameter V/F Set P18	109
7.19 Motor 4 Parameter V/F Set P19	112
7.20 Motor 1 Vector Control Set P20	116
7.21 Motor 2 Vector Control Set P21	120
7.22 Motor 3 Vector Control Set P22	
7.23 Motor 4 Vector Control Set P23	
7.24 MODBUS P32	133
7.25 PROFIBUS DP P33	134
8. Specified parameter function description	144
8.1 Parallel running and panel observation setting	
8.2 Digital input	
8.3 Digital output	
8.4 Analog input	
8.5 Analog output	
8.6 Protection parameter	
8.7 Motor start/stop control parameters	
8.8 Motor multi-speed and brake control	
8.9 Motor basic parameters and V/F control parameters	
8.10 Motor vector control parameters	
8.11 Advanced application	
9. Abnormality solutions and inspection	
9.1 Alarm codes	
9.2 Error codes	
9.3 Error diagnosis	
10. Maintenance	
10.1 Maintenance instructions	
10.2 Routine maintenance	
10.3 Periodic maintenance	
10.4 Displacement of wearing elements	
10.5 Storage and guarantee	

1 Safety instructions

Read carefully this manual before installation, running, maintenance and inspection of the inverter.

1.1 Symbols



Danger

When misused, it will result in danger, serious injury or death.



When misused, it can cause danger, which may result in minor or moderate personal injury or equipment damage.

Notice



- (1) It is prohibited to touch the heat sink 10 minutes after power on or a while after power off to prevent getting burnt;
- Do not operate the drive on and off frequently and re-energization is prohibited within five minutes after power switched on again;
- Do not remove the drive cover or touch the printed circuit board under power on state to prevent electric shock;
- Workings as wiring and inspections should be carried out only after the power is turned off ten minutes;
- (5) The inverter ground terminal should be firmly grounded;
- (6) No object is allowed to drop into the inverter.



Danger

- (1) The inverter is prohibited to be installation on flammable objects;
- (2) This series of inverters are not suitable in flammable and combustible environment, if needed such special orders, please contact us;
- (3) It is not allowed to dismantle or refit the inverter privately;
- It is prohibited to connect AC power to the inverter output terminals-U, V, W;
- Do not open the cover plate or perform wiring during the inverter is energized.



1.2 Application scope

- (1) This product is a specialized vector-control inverter which is used for industrial 3 phase AC asynchronous motors.
- (2) The equipment (such as nuclear control systems, aviation systems, safety devices and gauges) that may cause injuries or death due to Inverter malfunction should be treated carefully. Consult the company in such cases.
- (3) The inverter is fabricated under strict quality control. If it used for hazardous equipment, there should be safety protection measures to prevent situation going worse in case of inverter fault.
- (4) This inverter complies with the following directive and standards:

Directive	Directive Name	Standard
LVD Directive	2014/35/EU	EN 61800-5-1
EMC Directive	2014/30/EU	EN 61800-3

1.3 Notice on scrapping

Special attention should be paid when treating the scrapped inverter and its elements...

Electrolytic capacitor: It may explode during incineration.

Plastic: The plastic and rubber materials of the inverter may produce toxic gas, please pay attention when incineration.

Clearance: Please treat the scrapped inverter as industrial waster.



2. Product overview

2.1 Unpacking check



- a. Ensure the model selection is correct; otherwise it may cause motor abnormal running or inverter damage.
- b. Do not install or run any inverter that is damaged or with damaged elements, otherwise it will cause danger.

Waring

Please check the following items after unpacking:

- 1. Check whether there is any damage during transportation. (Such as damage to element, elements get loose and damage to main body)
- 2. Check whether there is manual and guarantee card.
- 3. Check whether the model(s) conform to your order(s).
- 4. Check whether the optional accessories conform to your order(s) if there are optional accessories.

Contact immediately the local agency if there is any damage to the inverter or optional accessories.

2.2 Product model and nameplate

Inverter model implication:

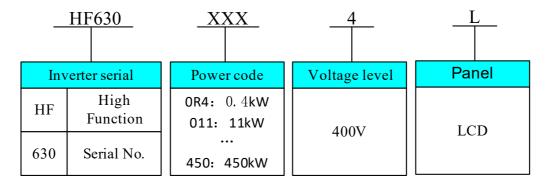


Figure 2-1 Model implication



HF630 series inverter nameplate is as shown in graphic 2-2(250KW).

MODEL: HF630-250-4L

MAX APPLIMOTOR: 250kW Inverter

RATED CURRENT: 485A

INPUT: AC3PH 380V-480V 50/60Hz OUTPUT: AC3PH 0-480V 0-300Hz

Product ID.

IP00

E-STAND:V1.00

MADE IN WUHAN

Wuhan Guide Electric Drive Technology Co.,Ltd.

MODEL: HF630-250-4L indicates: This is HF630 series inverter with rated power 250KW, voltage level 400V, operator LCD.

AC: It indicates alternative current power input and output.

3PH: It indicates three phase input and output.

380-480V 50/60Hz: It indicates rated input voltage and frequency.

0-480V 0-300Hz: It indicates the output voltage range and output frequency range of the inverter.

2.3 Product series models and technical specification

Table 2-3 Table sheet for inverter HF630 series

Figure 2-2 Nameplate implication

	Light over	load	Heavy o	overload		
Model	Current [A]	Power [kW]	Current [A]	Power [kW]	Туре	Weight (Kg)
HF630-0R4-4L	1.8	0.4				
HF630-0R7-4L	3.3	0.75	1.8	0.4		
HF630-1R5-4L	4.8	1.5	3.3	0.75	11	3
HF630-2R2-4L	5.7	2.2	4.8	1.5		
HF630-3R7-4L	10.2	3.7	5.7	2.2	12	3.5



HF630-5R5-4L	15	5.5	10.2	3.7		
HF630-7R5-4L	18	7.5	15	5.5		
HF630-011-4L	24	11	18	7.5		
HF630-015-4L	32	15	24	11	10	4.5
HF630-018-4L	41	18.5	32	15	13	4.5
HF630-022-4L	47	22	41	18.5		
HF630-030-4L	65	30	47	22	14	10.5
HF630-037-4L	75	37	65	30		
HF630-045-4L	94	45	75	37		
HF630-055-4L	115	55	94	45	15	35
HF630-075-4L	155	75	115	55		
HF630-090-4L	188	90	155	75	10	50
HF630-110-4L	215	110	188	90	16	52
HF630-132-4L	265	132	215	110		
HF630-160-4L	330	160	265	132	17	108.5
HF630-185-4L	365	185	330	160		
HF630-220-4L	438	220	365	185		
HF630-250-4L	485	250	438	220	10	440
HF630-280-4L	545	280	485	250		146
HF630-315-4L	610	315	545	280		
HF630-355-4L	668	355	610	315		
HF630-400-4L	720	400	668	355	19	210
HF630-450-4L	820	450	720	400		

Note:

Light-overload conditions: overload capacity is120% of the rated output current, and one minute overload is allowed every 5 minutes.

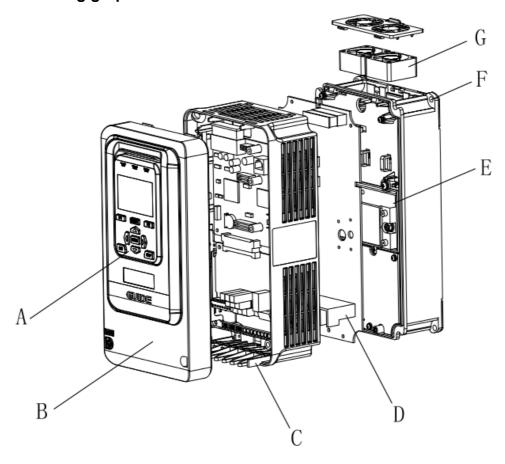
Heavy overload conditions: overload capacity is 150% of the rated output current, and one minute overload is allowed every 5 minutes.



2.4 Product appearance and components name

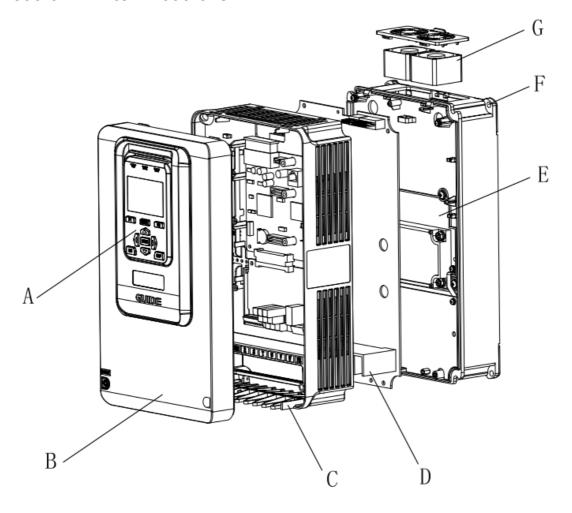
HF630 series high-power inverter shell is made of metal material, the surface is sprayed with plastic, and the plane is bright; The small-power inverter shell is molded with plastic, which has a beautiful appearance.

The following graphic shows HF630-0R4-4L to HF630-7R5-4L.



- A- Operator B- Cover plate C- Grille D- Main terminal
- E- Radiator F- Installation hole G- Cooling fan

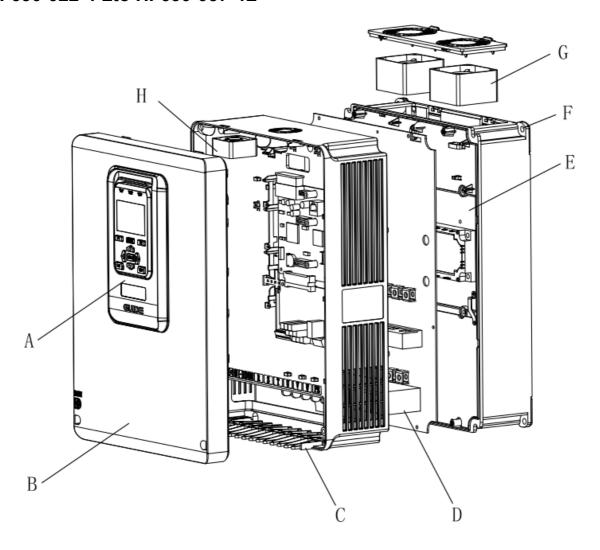
HF630-011-4 Lto HF630-018-4L



A- Operator B- Cover plate C- Grille D- Main terminal

E- Radiator F- Installation hole G- Cooling fan

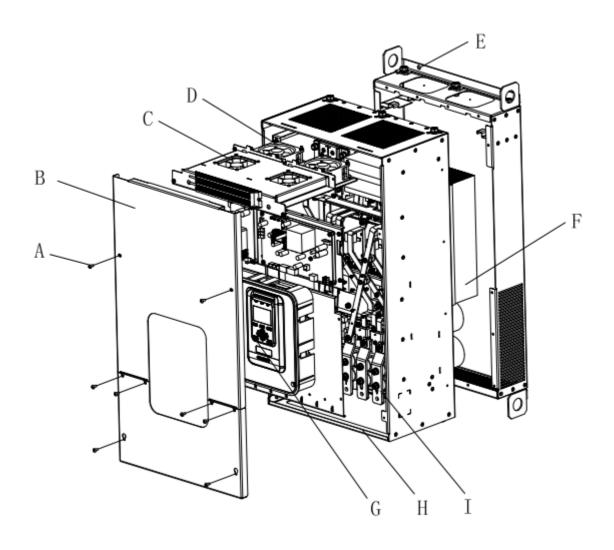
HF630-022-4 Lto HF630-037-4L



A- Operator B- Cover plate C- Grille D- Main terminal

E- Radiator F- Installation hole G- Cooling fan1 H- Cooling fan2

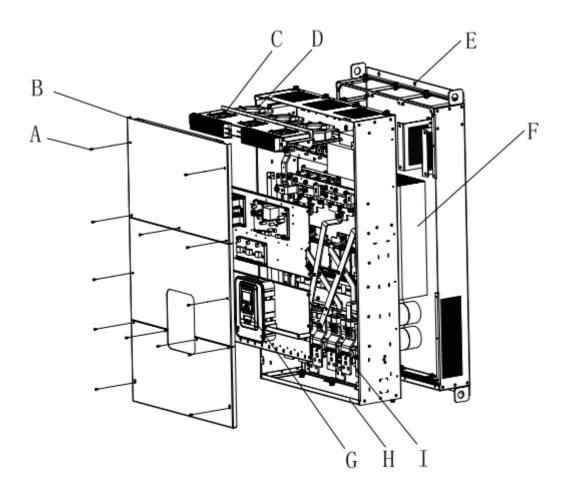
HF630-045-4L to HF630-75-4L



A- Cover plate bolt B- Cover plate C- Cooling fan1 D- Cooling fan2

E- Installation hole F- Radiator G- Operator H- Grille I-Main terminal

HF630-90-4L to HF630-450-4L

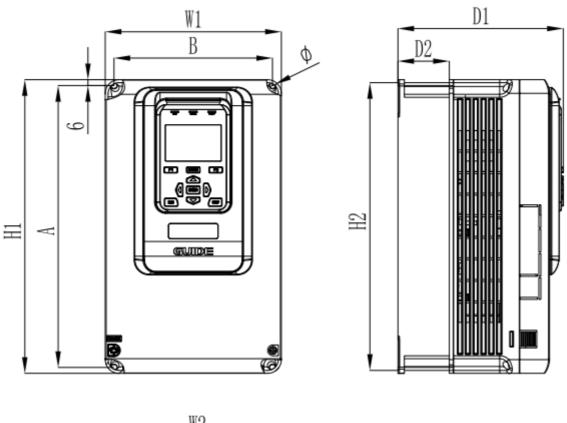


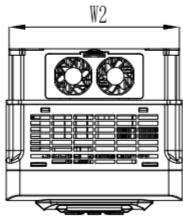
A- Cover plate bolt B- Cover plate C- Cooling fan1 D- Cooling fan2

E- Installation hole F- Radiator G- Operator H- Grille I-Main terminal

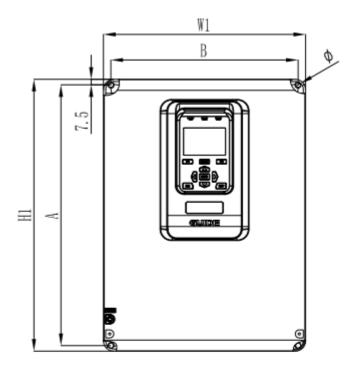
2.5 Product dimensions

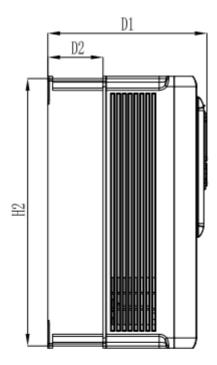
Inverter dimension diagram

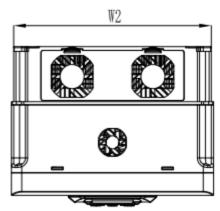




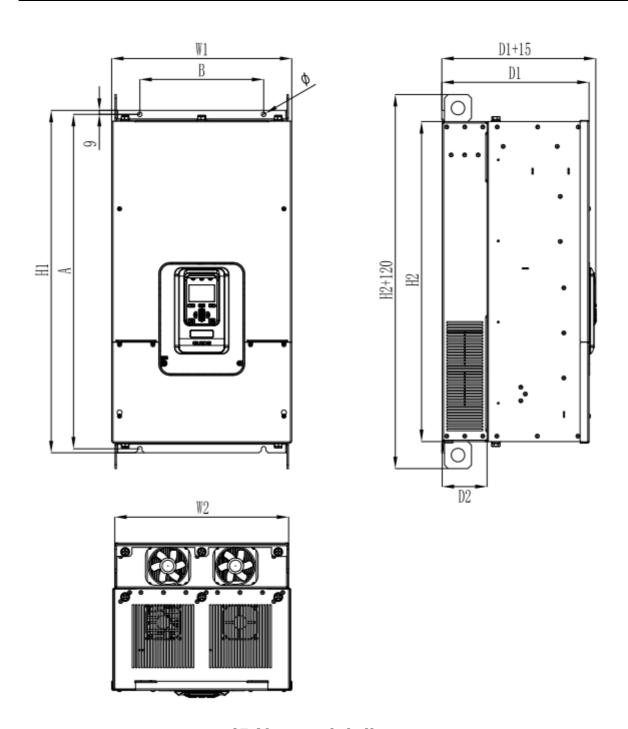
I1-I3 model diagram



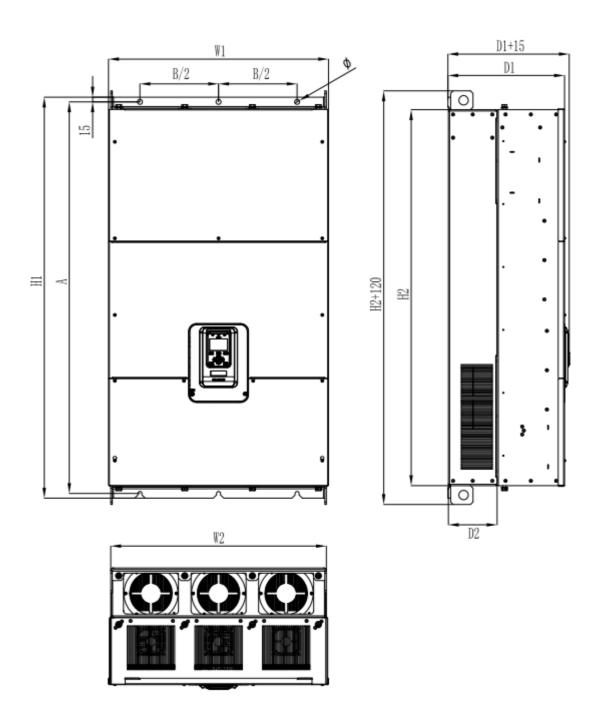




14 model diagram



I5-I6 model diagram



17-19 model diagram

Apperance and installation dimensions

Mo del	Power	Appearance dimensions (Unit:mm)						ins dimer (Unit:	sions	Hole Dia.	Recom m. Install bolt (Level 8.8)	Wgh (Kg)
		H1	Н2	W1	W2	D1	D2	A	В	ф	M	
	0.4KW											
	0.75KW	0.60	054	1.40	104	170	F0 F	0.40	100	4 1.0	4 115	0
I1	1.5KW	260	254	140	134	170	52.5	248	122	4- Φ6	4-M5	3
	2.2KW											
	3.7KW											
12	5.5 KW	260	254	140	134	170	52. 5	248	122	4- ф 6	4-M5	3. 5
12	7.5 KW	200	201	140	101	110	02.0	240	122	1 40	T MO	J. J
	11 KW											
13	15 KW	300	294	180	174	170	52. 5	288	162	4- ф 6	4-M5	4. 5
	18.5KW											
	22 KW	0.50	004	0.55	0.00	0.15					4.110	10.5
14	30 KW	370	364	275	269	215	75	355	255	4- ф 7	4-M6	10. 5
	37 KW											
1.5	45 KW	600	565	240	226	282	110	EOE	225	2- φ9	4 MO	35
I5	55 KW 75 KW	600	565	340	326	282	110	585	225	_ 2- Φ9	4-M8	ამ
	90 KW											
16	110 KW	760	710	400	386	327	100	742	275	2-ф9	4-M8	52
	132 KW											
17	160 KW	930	850	490	476	335	155	900	350	3-ф13	6-M12	108. 5
	185 KW											
	220 KW											
	250 KW	11.40	1000	F.0.0	402	0.5.5	155	1110	0.50	0 110	0.1110	1.40
18	280KW	1140	1060	500	486	355	155	1110	350	3-ф13	6-M12	146
	315 KW											
	355 KW											
19	400 KW	1275	1195	700	686	370	155	1245	500	3-ф15	6-M14	210
	450 KW											

2.6 Product comprehensive performance indexs

Input Voltage 3Phase 380-480V Rated frequency 50/60Hz Allowable voltage fluctuation Allowable frequency frequency fluctuation range :fLN±2%. frequency fluctuation Voltage 0~Input voltage Output Voltage unsymmetric 3Phase Voltage unsymmetrical: ≤1% Frequency 0-300Hz Running command source Operator control, terminal control and communication control control and communication control control and communication control control control and communication control cont	ency fluctuation			
Input Allowable voltage fluctuation Allowable frequency frequency fluctuation range :fLN±2%. frequency fluctuation Frequency o-lnput voltage Output Voltage unsymmetric 3Phase Voltage unsymmetrical: ≤1% Frequency 0-300Hz Running command source Operator control, terminal control and communications.	ency fluctuation			
fluctuation Allowable frequency frequency fluctuation range :fLN±2%. frequency fluctuation Fluctuation Voltage O-Input voltage Voltage unsymmetric 3Phase Voltage unsymmetrical: ≤1% Frequency Running command source Operator control, terminal control and communications Operator control, terminal control and communications Operator control, terminal control and communications Frequency Operator control, terminal control and communications Operator control	ency fluctuation			
fluctuation rate : ≤2 % fLN/s. Voltage 0~Input voltage Voltage unsymmetric 3Phase Voltage unsymmetrical: ≤1% Frequency 0-300Hz Running command source Operator control, terminal control and communications.	ency fluctuation			
Output Voltage unsymmetric 3Phase Voltage unsymmetrical: ≤1% Frequency 0-300Hz Running command source Operator control, terminal control and communications.				
Frequency 0-300Hz Running command source Operator control, terminal control and commu				
Running command source Operator control, terminal control and commu				
Operator control, terminal control and commu source				
Carrier frequency 1kHz~10kHz, adjustable based on temp. & lo	nication control			
	oad characters			
Frequency resolution Digital setting: 0.01Hz; Analog setting: Max. fr	equency x0.1%			
Closed loop vector control (VC), Open loop v	ector			
Control method control(SVC), V/F Control	control(SVC), V/F Control			
V/F control Linear type, multipoint type and square type	Linear type, multipoint type and square type			
Torque control With or without PG torque control				
Max. speed 300Hz, based on motor's electrical and mech	300Hz, based on motor's electrical and mechanical characteristics			
Starting torque 0Hz/180%(VC and SVC)、0.8Hz/150%(V/F)				
Speed regulation range 1:500(SVC)、1:1000(VC)				
Control Speed accuracy \$\frac{\pmu}{\pmu}0.02\% \text{ of rated speed(VC)} \tau \pmu 0.2\% \text{ of rated speed(V/F)}\$	speed (SVC)、			
Characters Overload capacity Ever 5 minute,120% of rated current for 60S current for 60S	150% of rated			
Torque compensation Automatic torque compensation function				
Acceleration& Straight line, user defined multipoint curve				
Deceleration method Straight line, user defined multipoint curve				
Auto Voltage It will automatically hold stably the output voltage	age when the			
adjustment grid voltage has fluctuation.				
DC brake method The DC brake acts both in start and stop.				
Ruilt-in Process PID	VC control system that can realize process quantity (pressure, temperature and flow, etc) with convenience.			
Commumication DP、CAN、Modbus、Ethernet、Profinet				
special functions Logic function module Mathematical function Timer module PID module Multi-curve	on modules 、			

		acceleration/deceleration function 、Timer control run / stop			
		control Power Optimizatio Position control of grab crane			
		Cranes brake on/off function、Master / Slave synchronization			
		control 、speed / torque control .			
	Input terminals	8 digital input, 2 analog input(Voltage -10 \sim +10V or Current			
Input/output		0mA/4mA~20mA)			
terminals		5 digital output(3 sourcing output and 2 relay output) ,2			
torrimaio	Output terminals	analog output (Voltage 0 \sim +10V or Current 0mA/4mA \sim			
		20mA)			
H&M	Operator LCD	It can set corresponding parameters or display output			
Interface	Operator LCD	frequency, output voltage and output current, etc			
Drot	ection function	Protection for overcurrent, overvoltage, undervoltage,			
Prote	ection function	overheat and overload, etc.			
0.7.0		It is prohibited to be exposed directly under the sun or dusty			
Operation location		and corrosive environment.			
		Below altitude of 1, 000 meters. In areas of altitude over 1000			
	Altitude	meters, the rated output should be reduced by 1% each			
		additional 100 meters. In areas of altitude over 3000 meters,			
		please consult manufacturer			
Ambient		Ambient temperature -10 $^\circ\!$			
environment	Ambient temp.	range is between +40 $^{\circ}$ C ~ +50 $^{\circ}$ C, increased by 1 $^{\circ}$ C, the			
		rated output current is reduced by 3%. If the temperature is			
		more than 50 ℃, please consult manufacturer.			
	Humidity	Lower than95%RH without waterdroop condensation.			
	Storage temp.	-20℃~ +60℃			
	Power factor	Inveter :>0.85; AFE:>0.999			
	efficiency	>98%			
		There are three sockets on control-card . Communication			
	Optional accessories	card and IO card can insert to socket J14; IO card can insert			
	description	to socket J15. PG card can insert to socket J13.			
Other	Other connector	operation keyboard outside of the inverter			
	Protection class	IP20			
	Cool	Fan			
	Contaminate class	2			
	Noise	≤80db			
	140136	~00db			

2.7 Main technical features

- (1) Both open loop and closed loop vector can reach zero speed with 200% torque output;
- (2) When the load does not exceed 50% of the rated motor load, the GUIDE



- HF630 inverters can implement auto-tuning with load, under which condition the obtained motor parameters are the same as that obtained under no-load condition;
- (3) GUIDE HF630 inverters own built-in constant power control module: when entering the constant power flux-weakening speed regulation zone, the output frequency is automatically adjusted according to the load;

2.8 Optional accessories description

Name	Туре	Description
Bus card	GDHF-DP03	GDHF-DP03 bus card conform to Profibus field bus inter national standards which can be used with HF630 series inverter.
Communication card	GDHF-MB02	GDHF-MB02 communication card supports MODBUS-RTU slave protocol with RS485 interface and RS232 interface, providing networked with the RS485 or RS232 MODBUS-RTU interface device, used in conjunction with the HF630 series inverter.
Technical card	GDHF-GY02	GDHF-GY02 technical card which can be used with HF630 series inverter.
General PG card	GDHF-PGC2	GDHF-PGC2 General PG card can be used as encoder that connected with inverter's adapter, which can be used with HF630 series inverter. (output DC voltage is 15V)
Synchronized PG card	GDHF-PGD2	GDHF-PGD2 synchroniaed PG card can be used as encoder that connected with inverter's adapter, which can be used with HF630 series inverter synchronizing function. (output DC voltage is 15V)
keyboard	GDHF-KV2	GDHF-KV2 keyboard is the second generation of Guide, which is the same with HF630 series inverter built-in key board.

PN Card	GDHF-PN02	PROFINET is based on Industrial Ethernet Technology, and acrroding to TCP/IP and IT strandard. GDHF-PN02 card supported PROFINET slave protocol, and it is worked with HF630 series Inverter.
	BU055-4	The option of built-in brake unit for 45KW-75KW inverter
Option of built-in brake unit	BU090-4	The option of built-in brake unit for 90KW-110KW inverte r.
	BU110-4	The option of built-in brake unit for 132KW inverter.
	BU160-4	The option of built-in brake unit for 160KW-185KW invert er.
External brake u	GDBU-4045B	Inverter model selection refer to 《User Manual for Braking Unit》
	GDBU-4220B	Inverter model selection refer to 《User Manual for Braking Unit》

Note: The brake unit matched with HF630 series inverter is optional,45KW-185KW are built -in brake unit ,220KW and more than 220KW are external brake unit.

2.9 Ordering description

If you need the above accessories ,please specify when ordering. Example when ordering 132KW inverter (400V voltage level) and brake unit, list of order goods is: HF630-132-4 + BU110-4°

3. Inverter storage and installation

⚠ Warning!

- Unqualified personnel who do not comply with the relevant provisions of the "Warning" may cause severe personal injury or substantial property damage.
 Only qualified professionals certified in equipment design, installation, commissioning and operation is allowed working on this device / system.
- Input power wire allows only permanent fastening connection and the device must be firmly grounded.
- 3. Even if the inverter is inoperative, the following terminals can carry dangerous voltages:
 - Power supply terminals R, S, T
 - Terminals that connected to the motor U, V, W
 - DC bus terminals P1, P, N
- 4. After the power switch off, wait 10 minutes for the inverter to discharge completely before to start the installation.
- 5. The minimum cross-sectional area of the grounding conductor must be equal to or greater than the power supply cable cross-sectional area.



Notice!

- When handling the inverter, please hold the bottom of the body.
 If only hold the cover plate, there is danger of body falling that may smash foot.
- 2. Install the inverter on metal board or other nonflammable material board. Installed at flammable materials, there is danger of fire.
- 3. When there are more than two inverter installed in the same casing, please set cooling fan, and keep the inlet air temperature below 40℃.

Due to overheating, it may cause fire and other accidents.

3.1 Storage and installation environment

3.1.1 Storage environment

- The inverter must be placed in dry locations with no dust.
- The storage ambient temperature range is -20 $^{\circ}$ C to +60 $^{\circ}$ C.
- The relative humidity is in the range of 0% to 95% and non-condensing.



- The storage environment should be free of corrosive gases and liquids.
- Better to place the inverter on a shelf and packed suitably.
- Better not to store a inverter for a long time that may cause deterioration of electrolytic capacitors, for long-term storage, ensure that it must be energized once a year with energizing time at least five hours, and the input voltage must be slowly increased by the voltage regulator to the rated voltage.

3.1.2 Installation environment

- Mounted vertically inside the cabinet with good indoor ventilation.
- Ambient temperature -10 $^{\circ}$ C ~ +40 $^{\circ}$ C. If the temperature range is between +40 $^{\circ}$ C ~ +50 $^{\circ}$ C, increased by 1 $^{\circ}$ C, the rated output current is reduced by 3%. If the temperature is more than 50 $^{\circ}$ C, please consult manufacturer.
- Try to avoid high temperature and humidity; humidity should be less than 95%
 RH, and no rain dropping.
- Do not install the inverter on flammable materials, such as wooden materials.
- Avoid direct sunlight.
- The environment should be free of flammable, corrosive gases and liquids.
- There should be no dust, oily dust, floating fiber and metal particles.
- The installation base should be strong without vibration.
- There should be no Electro Magnetic Interference, and be away from the interference source.
- Below altitude of 1, 000 meters. In areas of altitude over 1000 meters, the rated output should be reduced by 1% each additional 100 meters. In areas of altitude over 3000 meters, please consult manufacturer.

Note: The site installation environmental conditions will affect the life of the inverter.

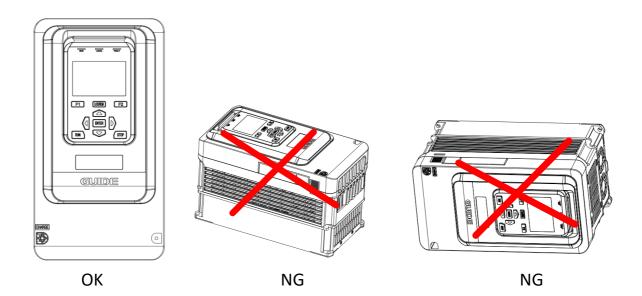
3.2 Installation direction and space

3.2.1 Installation direction

In order to facilitate the inverter cooling, the inverter should be installed in a vertical



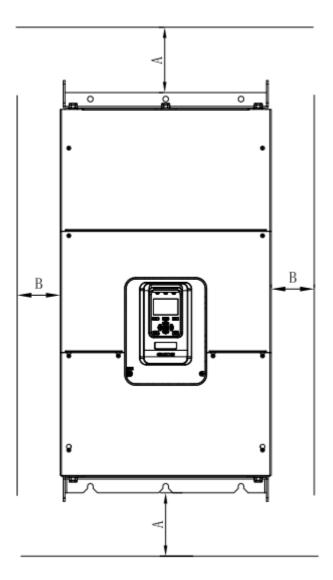
direction. inverter should be installed on wall or in cabinet.

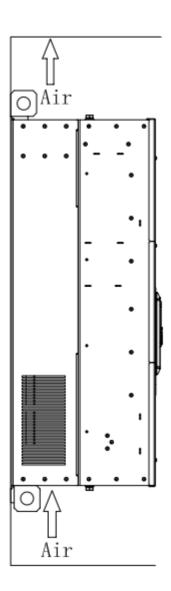


3.2.2 Installation method

There are two installation methods according to dimension of inverter.

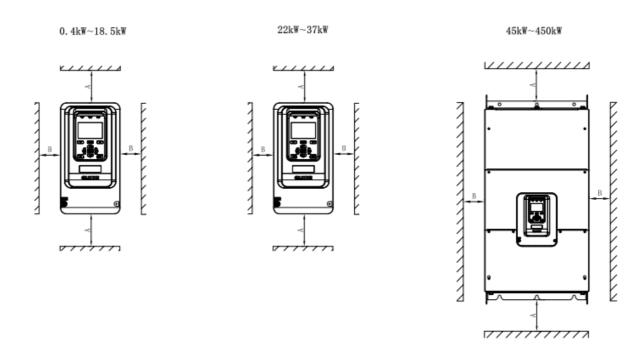
(1) installed on wall(for all dimension of inverter)





picture 3-1 installed on wall

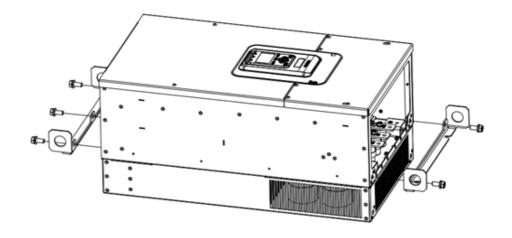
Ensure the ventilation space. The following table shows the gap size (recommended value) of the inverter installation.



Gap size table

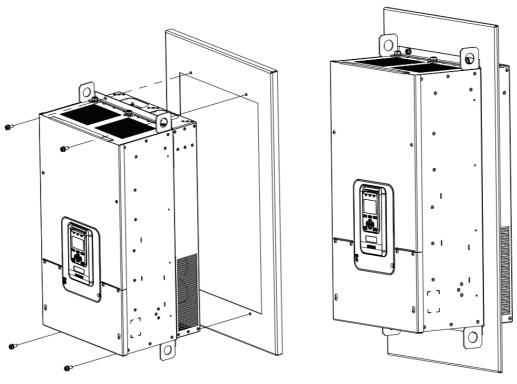
Inverter type	Gap size			
0. 4kW∼18. 5kW	A≥100mm	B≥40mm		
22kW~37kW	A≥200mm	B≥50mm		
45kW~450kW	A≥300mm	B≥50mm		

(2) Installed by inlaying

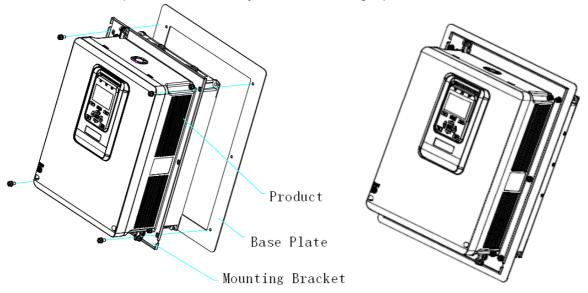


picture 3-2 outside trestle for high-power inverter



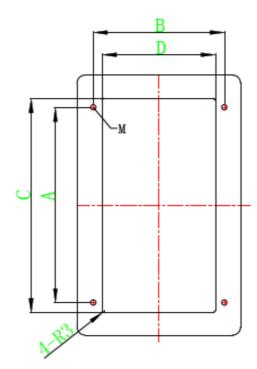


picture 3-3 inlay Installed for high-power inverter

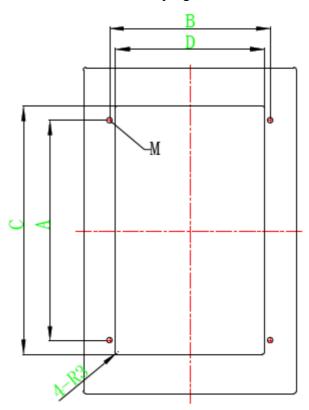


picture 3-4 inlay Installed for small-power inverter

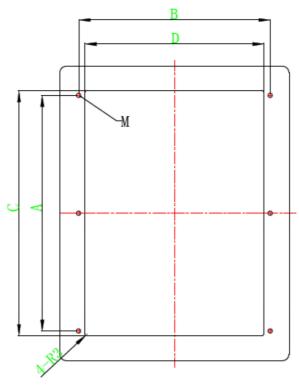
(3) The size of inlaying board



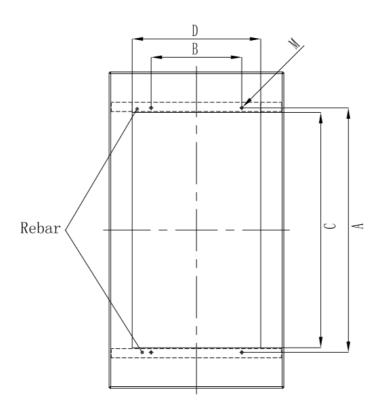
picture 3-5 The size of inlaying board for I1-I2 inverter



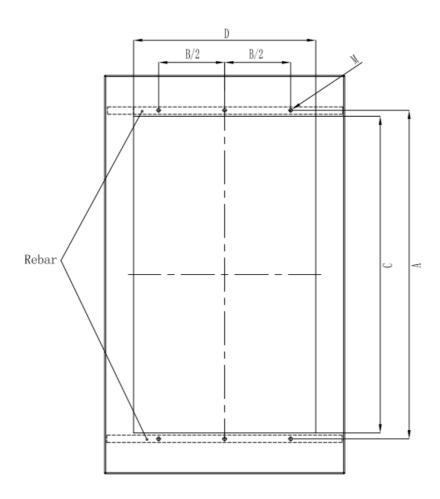
picture 3-6 The size of inlaying board for I3 inverter



picture 3-7 The size of inlaying board for I4 inverter



picture 3-8 The size of inlaying board for I5-I6 inverter



picture 3-9 The size of inlaying board for I7-I9 inverter

The size of inlaying board table

tuno		mensions : mm)	Hole d	imensions t: mm)	Dogger In the Hotel
type	А	В	С	D	Recomm. Install bolt
I1	248	122	258	136	4-M5
12	248	122	258	136	4-M5
13	288	162	298	178	4-M5
14	355	255	368	273	4-M6
15	585	275	570	330	4-M6
16	742	275	715	390	4-M8

17	900	350	855	480	6-M12
18	1110	350	1065	490	6-M12
19	1245	500	1200	690	6-M14

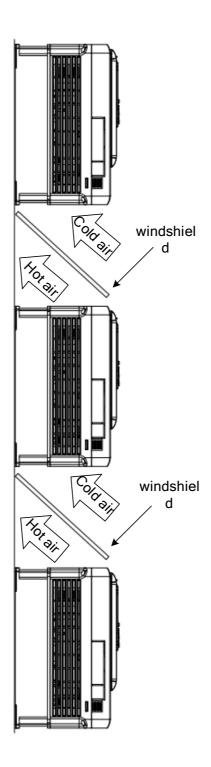
3.2.3 many inverters installed

(1) parallel installation

When several inverter of different sizes are installed in parallel, please align the upper part of inverter and install it again. The minimum gap between inverter is 100mm.

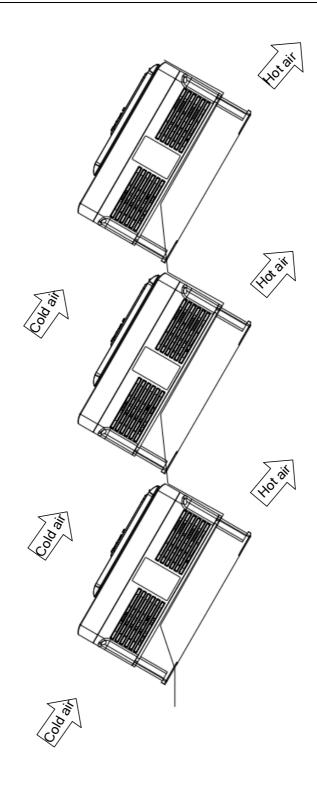
(2) vertical installation

When invetr is installed vertically, the windshield must be added, otherwise the interaction of multiple inverters will cause bad heat dissipation. vertical installation is shown below.



(3) Inclined installation

When many inverters are inclined to install, it is necessary to ensure the separation of the inside duct and outside duct of the inverter, so as to avoid the mutual influence. The inclined installation of multiple inverters is shown below.



3.3 Detachment and installation of cover plate

Removing steps:

- (1) According to the direction arrow 1 indicates, first screw out the positive four cover screws about 5mm.
 - (2) According to the direction arrow 2 indicates, then slightly move down the

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cover plate.

(3) According to the direction arrow 3 indicates, and then move the lower cover plate.

To install the cover plate, the procedure is opposite to the above ones.

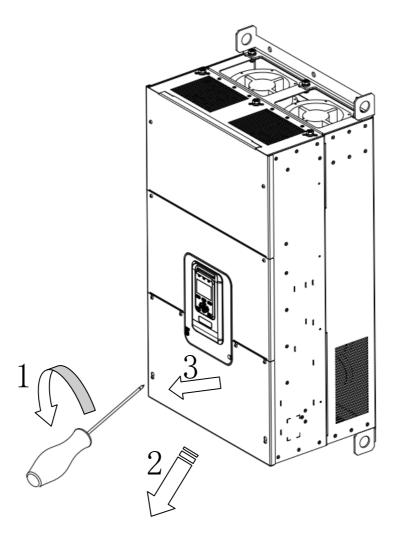
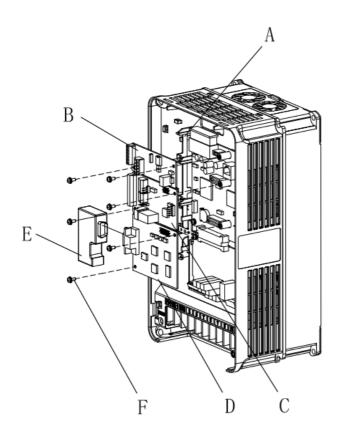


Table 3-10 Dismantle and installation of inverter cover plate

3.4 Installation of adjunct card

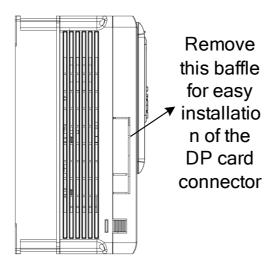
The installation of HF630 inverter adjunct card is as follows:



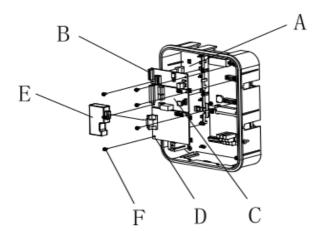
- A- ground bar
- B-PG card
- C-IO card
- D- DP card
- E- DP card adapter connector
- F-screw

Installation of 37kW and below inverter adjunct card

Installation of DP car connector of 18.5KW and below inverter, please remove the side baffle of inverter. The diagram is shown below:







- A- ground bar
- B-PG card
- C- IO card
- D- DP card
- E- DP card adapter connector
- F- screw

Installation of 37kW above inverter adjunct card

3.5 Wiring instruction of PGC2 card

There is a total of 11 user terminals of GDHF-PGC2 general PG card:

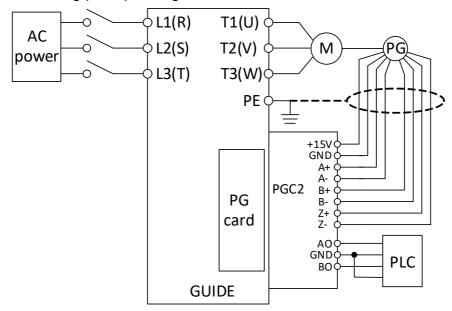
	A+	A-	B+	B-	Z+	Z-	
+1	5V	GND	А	.0	GND	В	0

Terminal function description:

descriptio n terminal	function	response speed	Voltage range	Output current
+15V,GND	Encoder power supply		15V±5%	300mA
A+,A- B+,B- Z+,Z-	Encoder signal access	0-80kHz	0-15V	
AO,GND BO	Digital output	0-50kHz	0-24V	

Note: PE is shielding wire shielding layer terminals (ground the PE when used).

PGC2 card wiring principle diagram:



Wiring precautions:

- (1) PG card signal line and the power line should be arranged separately, avoiding parallel lines;
- (2) In order to avoid the encoder signal being interfered, please use shielded cable for the PG card signal line;
- (3) The shielded layer of encoder shielded cable should be connected to the earth (such as the inverter PE terminal), and must be earthed by single end, in order to avoid signal interference;
- (4) No matter single-ended or differential, short circuit is prohibited on PG card A-B-, Z-, GND;
- (5) Guide PGC2 card supports a wide voltage range including 15V long drive type (RS-422) output encoder.

For field use of encoder, output mode should be firstly determined. Guide PGC2 card supports push-pull, collector open type, voltage type, long drive type (15V) encoder.

(1) Encoder output type: push-pull output



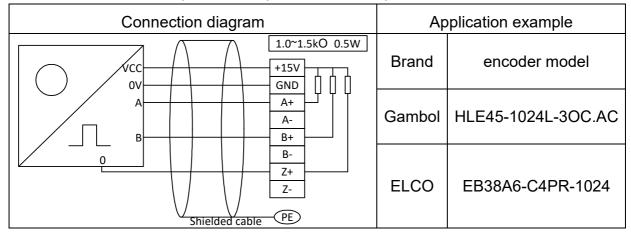
a. Differential connection mode

Connection diagram	1	Application example	
VCC +115	5V	Brand	encoder model
OV GN A	.+	Gambol	HLE45-1024L-6F.AC
A A B B B B B B C Z	3-	P+F	RHI90N-ONAK1R61N-1024
Z		ELCO	EC120P45-H6PR-1024

b. Single-ended connection mode

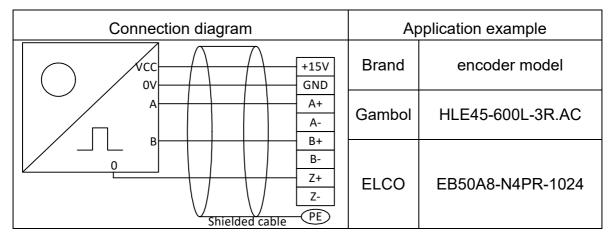
Connection diagram			Application example	
VCC	+15	\ \	Brand	encoder model
OV A	GNI A+		Gambol	HLE45-600L-3F.AC
A B	A- B+		P+F	RVI78N-10CALA31N-1024
O B Shielded	Z+ Z- I cable PE	_	ELCO	EC120P45-P6PR-1024

(2) Encoder output mode: open-collector output



(3) Encoder output mode: voltage output





(4) Encoder output mode: long drive output(support 15V voltage)

Connection diagram		,	Application example
VCC	+15V	Brand	encoder model
	GND A+	Gambol	HLE-45-600L-6LY.AC
A B	A- B+	P+F	RHI58N-0BAK1R6XN-1024
ō o B Shielded cable	B- Z+ Z- PE	ELCO	EC120P45-L6TR-1024

3.6 Wiring instruction of PGD2 card

There is a total of 10 user terminals of GDHF-PGD2 synchronization PG card:

B1-	B1+	A1-	A1+	GND	+15V
	B-	B+	A-	A+	

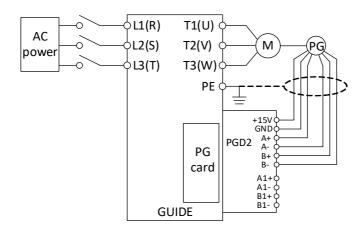
Terminal function description:

<u>'</u>						
descriptio n terminal	function	response speed	Voltage range	Output current		
+15V,GND	Encoder power supply		15V±5%	300mA		
A+,A- B+,B-	Encoder signal access	0-80kHz	0-15V			
A1+,A1- B1+,B1-	Encoder signal access	0-50kHz	0-15V			

Note: PE is shielding wire shielding layer terminals (ground the PE when used).

PGD2 card wiring principle diagram:



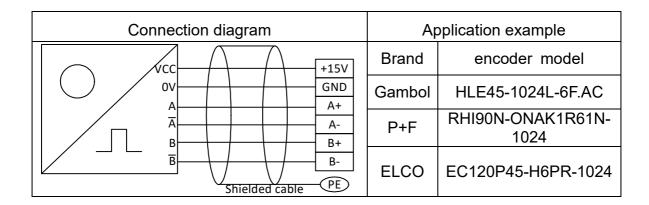


Wiring precautions:

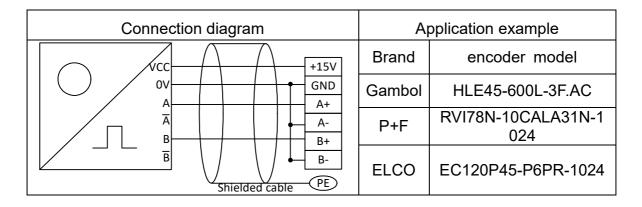
- (1) PG card signal line and the power line should be arranged separately, avoiding parallel lines;
- (2) In order to avoid the encoder signal being interfered, please use shielded cable for the PG card signal line;
- (3) The shielded layer of encoder shielded cable should be connected to the earth (such as the inverter PE terminal), and must be earthed by single end, in order to avoid signal interference;

For field use of encoder, output mode should be firstly determined. Guide PGD2 card supports push-pull, collector open type, voltage type, long drive type (15V) encoder.

- (1) Encoder output type: push-pull output
 - a. Differential connection mode



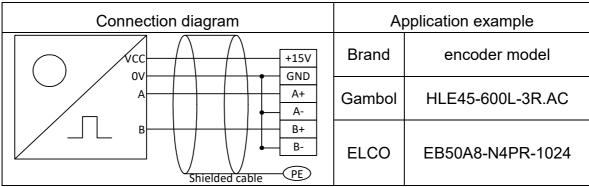
b. Single-ended connection mode



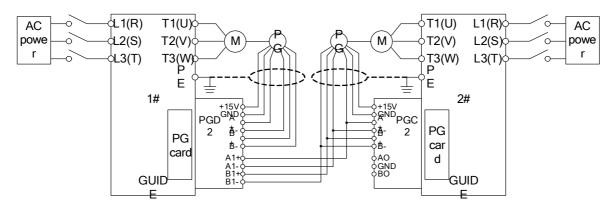
(2) Encoder output mode: open-collector output

Connection diagram	Application example	
1.0~1.5kO 0.5W	Brand	encoder model
A A+ A-	Gambol	HLE45-1024L-3OC.AC
Shielded cable PE	ELCO	EB38A6-C4PR-1024

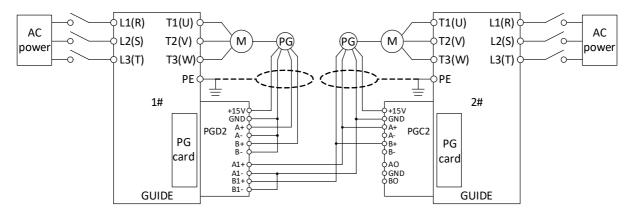
(3) Encoder output mode: voltage output



In synchronizing function application, the encoder with differential output signal wiring diagram is as follows:



In synchronizing function application, the encoder with single-ended output signal wiring diagram is as follows:



4.Inverter wiring

4.1 Notice on wiring

(1) The wiring must be carried out by qualified technicians.



- (2) Before wiring, make sure that the power supply has been completely turn off more than 10 minutes; otherwise there is the risk of electric shock.
- (3) It is prohibited to connect the power wire to the inverter output terminals U, V, W.
- (4) The inverter and the motor must be firmly grounded.
- (5) Ensure that there is an intermediate circuit breaker between the inverter and the power supply to avoid accidents to expand in case of inverter failure.
- (6) When a magnetic contactor is installated between the inverter and the motor, the timing of the contactor action should be guaranteed, the contactor can act only when the inverter has no output.
- (7) As shown in Figure 4-1, the inverter U, V, W output terminals can not be added with capacitor absorbing or other RC absorbing device.

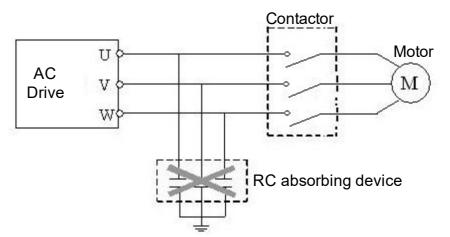


Figure 4-1 Output terminals can not be added with RC absorbing device

- (8) In order to reduce electro magnetic interference, connect surge absorber(s) to coils of magnetic contactor and relays in circuit that around the inverter.
- (9) Use multi-core shielding cable or twisted pair to connect control terminals. Control cables should be 10cm or more away from the main circuit and high voltage cables (including power cables, motor cables, relays and contactors cables, etc.) during wiring.
- (10)Wiring of relay input and output circuits should use more than 0.75mm ² shielding twisted wires or shielding cables. The inverter's ground terminals are connected to the shield ground, the wiring length is less than 50m.
- (11)The control cables should be separated from the main circuit(motive) power cables, and the distance between parallel wiring cables should be more than



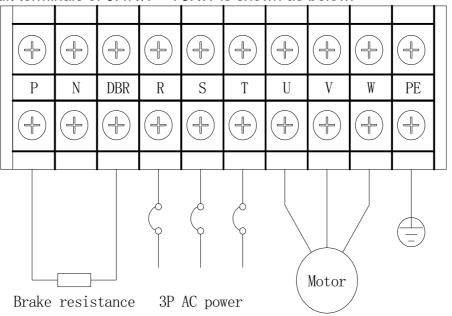
10cm, cross- wiring should be vertical.

- (12)Cable length between the inverter and the motor should be less than 50m, when the length is greater than 50m, it is suggested to add output reactor.
- (13)All leading wires must be tightened sufficiently to terminals to ensure good contact. Main circuit leading wires should be cable or copper busbar. When using cables, make sure the corresponding cross-section for cold-pressed or firmly welded before implementation of wiring.
- (14)All leading wires withstand voltage levels must match that of the inverter.
- (15)Shielding cable is recommended for output cables (between inverter and motor) longer than 30 m.

4.2 Wiring for main circuit terminals

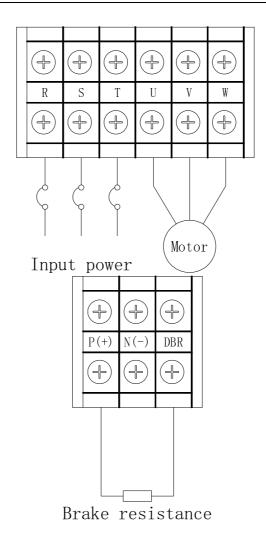
(1) I type main circuit terminals

Main circuit terminals of 0.4KW ~ 75KW is shown as below:



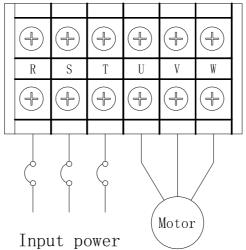
(2) II type main circuit terminals

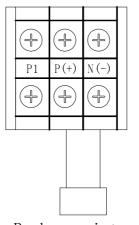
Main terminals of 90KW ~ 185KW is shown as below:



(3) III type circuit terminals

Inverter of 220kW ~ 450kW use this type of terminal blocks:





Brake resistance

Instructions for main circuit terminal wiring tools:

Туре	Power	Screw specifications	Tool				
	0.4KW						
I1	0.75KW						
	1.5KW						
	2.2KW	M4					
	3.7KW	M4					
12	5.5 KW						
	7.5 KW		Cross screwdriver				
	11 KW						
13	15 KW	M5					
	18.5 KW	OIVI					
	22 KW						
14	30 KW	M6					
	37 KW						
	45 KW						
15	55 KW		Cross screwdriver \(\text{double offset} \)				
	75 KW	M8	Cross screwariver , double offset				
16	90 KW		ring spanner or socket wrench				
	110 KW						
	132 KW						
17	160 KW						
	185 KW						
	220 KW	M10					
18	18 250 KW		Double offset ring spanner or socket				
	280KW		wrench				
	315 KW						
	355 KW						
19	400 KW	M12					
	450 KW						

Terminal symbol	Function description
P(+)	DC side voltage plus terminals
P1	45KW and above inverter internally installed reactor
N(-)	DC side voltage minus terminals
R、S、T	Connect to power grid 3P AC power
U、V、W	Connect to 3P AC motor
DBR	Brake resistance terminals for inverter of 37KW and below
PE	Inverter grounding terminals or grounding points.

4.3 Control circuit terminals

(1) Control circuit terminals diagram

Terminal	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Terminal	+10V	GND	Al1+	Al1-	Al2+	Al2-	AO1	AO2
name Terminal No.	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Terminal name	DI1	DI2	DI3	DI4	DI5	DI6	DI7	DI8
Terminal	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Terminal name	PW	СОМ	PW	+24V	+24V	DO1	+24V	DO2
Terminal	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	
Terminal name	+24V	DO3	DO4A	DO4C	DO4B	DO5A	DO5C	

Please visit the official website for more information: www.guide-edrive.com



(2) Analog output jumper sketch map

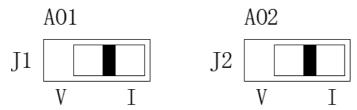


Figure a. Jumper sketch map (current analog output)

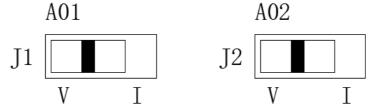


Figure b. Jumper sketch map (voltage analog output)

(3) Control circuit terminals function description

Terminal 1 (+10 V): Analog 10V power output;

Terminal 2 (GND): Analog voltage input negative;

Terminal 3 (Al1 + / AV1): Analog 1 input current positive, with input range of 0/4 ~ 20mA, can also be used as analog 1 voltage input positive, with input range of -10 ~ 10V;

Terminal 4 (Al1-): Analog 1 current input negative;

Terminal 5 (Al2 + / AV2): Analog 2 current input positive with input range of 0/4 ~ 20mA, can also be used as analog 2 voltage input with input range of -10 ~ 10V:

Terminal 6 (Al2-): Analog 2 current input negative;

Terminal 7 (AO1): Analog 1 channel output positive, the output current 0/4 ~ 20mA (J9 jumper selects I, Figure a), the output voltage 0 ~ 10V (J9 jumper selects V, Figure b);

Terminal 8 (AO2): Analog 2 channel output positive, the output current 0/4 ~ 20mA (J10 jumper selects I, Figure a), the output voltage 0 ~ 10V (J10 jumper selects V, Figure b);

Terminal 9 (DI1): Digital input 1;

Terminal 10 (DI2): Digital input 2;

Terminal 11 (DI3): Digital input 3;

Terminal 12 (DI4): Digital input 4;

Terminal 13 (DI5): Digital input 5;

Terminal 14 (DI6): Digital input 6;

Terminal 15 (DI7): Digital input 7;

Terminal 16(DI8): Digital input 8;

Terminal 17 (PW): Digital common end;

Terminal 18 (COM): 24V power end;

Terminal 19 (PW): Digital common end;

Terminal 20 (+24 V): 24V power output;

Terminal 21 (+24 V): 24V power output;

Terminal 22 (DO1): Open collector output 1, DC24V 50mA or less;

Terminal 23 (+24 V): 24V power output;

Terminal 24 (DO2): Open collector output 2, DC24V 50mA or less

Terminal 25 (+24 V): 24V power output;

Terminal 26 (DO3): Open collector output 3, DC24V 50mA or less

Terminal 27 (DO4A): Digital output terminal 4 normally opens, relay output;

Terminal 28 (DO4C): Digital output terminal 4 common end;

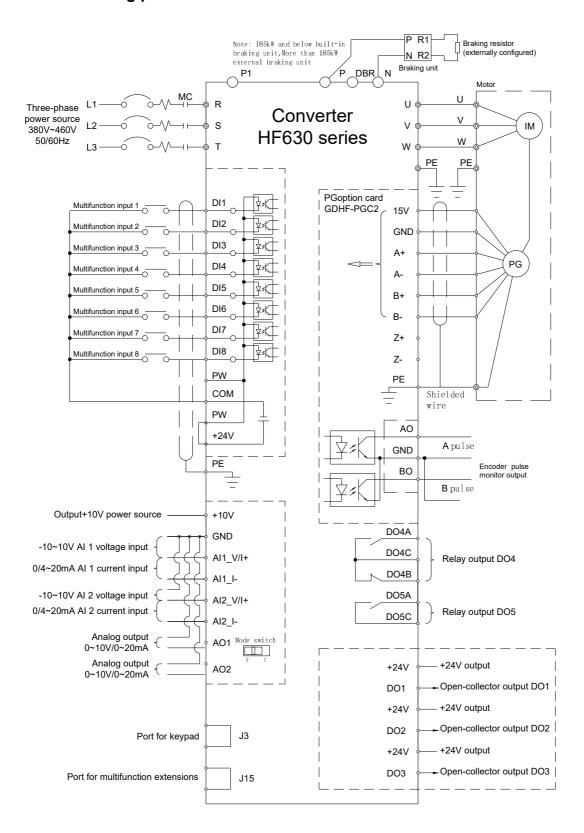
Terminal 29 (DO4B): Digital output terminal 4 normally closed, relay output;

Terminal 30 (DO5A): Digital output terminal 5 normally opens, relay output;

Terminal 31 (DO5C): Digital output terminal 5 common end.



4.4 Basic wiring plan of inverter

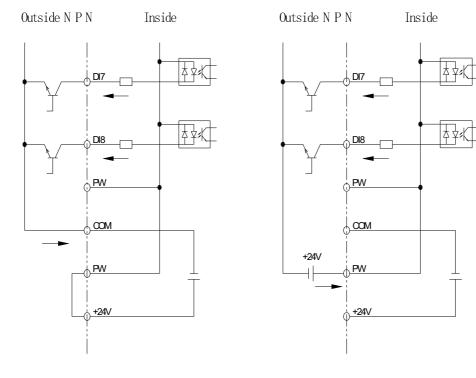


4.5 Input signal wiring plan

Common emitter mode (0V is the common end of the input signal). When the



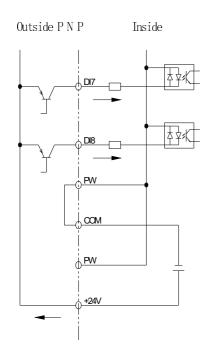
external input signal comes from the NPN transistor, please connect as shown below.



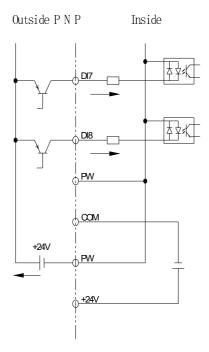
Use the power of inside

Use the power of outside

Common collector mode (+24V is the common end of the input signal). When the external input signal comes from the PNP transistor, please connect as shown below.

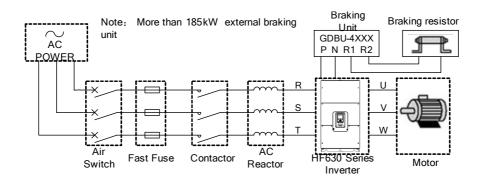


Use the power of inside



Use the power of outside

4.6 System wiring plan



Element name	Description
Power	Please select the input power supply in accordance with the specifications in this instruction manual.
Air switch	 When the inverter is under repair or not in use for a long time, the air switch can isolate the inverter and the power; When there is a input terminal short circuit or low-voltage fault, the air switch can carry out protection.
Contactor	It is convenient to control the inverter power on/off.
Fast fuse	It carries out protection when there is short circuit in the inverter.
AC reactor	 To improve the power factor; To lower the inverter harmonics to the grid.
Brake resistance	When the motor is in regenerative braking state, it is used to avoid the DC circuit voltage become too high.

4.7 Wiring Specification

Туре	Breaker (A)	Input/output cables (copper core cable mm²)	Contactor rated working current (A)
HF630-0R4-4L	2.2	2.5	9
HF630-0R7-4L	4	2.5	9
HF630-1R5-4L	6	2.5	9
HF630-2R2-4L	7	2.5	9
HF630-3R7-4L	12.5	2.5	12
HF630-5R5-4L	18	2.5	18
HF630-7R5-4L	22	2.5	18
HF630-011-4L	29	2.5	25
HF630-015-4L	39	4	32
HF630-018-4L	50	6	50
HF630-022-4L	57	10	50
HF630-030-4L	80	10	65
HF630-037-4L	90	16	80
HF630-045-4L	113	16	95
HF630-055-4L	138	25	115
HF630-075-4L	186	35	150
HF630-090-4L	226	50	205
HF630-110-4L	258	70	245
HF630-132-4L	318	70	300
HF630-160-4L	396	95	410
HF630-185-4L	438	120	410
HF630-220-4L	526	150	475
HF630-250-4L	582	70*2	500
HF630-280-4L	654	70*2	550
HF630-315-4L	732	70*2	620
HF630-355-4L	802	95*2	700



HF630-400-4L	864	95*2	800
HF630-450-4L	864	95*2	800

4.8 Input/output AC reactor selection

		Input reactor		Outpu	t reactor
Туре	Capacity	2% inp	2% input voltage		out voltage
		Current	Inductance	Current	Inductance
HF630-0R4-4L	0.4 kW	2.2A	6.4 mH	2.2A	3.2mH
HF630-0R7-4L	0.7 kW	4A	3.5 mH	4A	1.8 mH
HF630-1R5-4L	1.5 kW	6A	2.4 mH	6A	1.2 mH
HF630-2R2-4L	2.2 kW	7A	2.0 mH	7A	1.0 mH
HF630-3R7-4L	3.7 kW	12A	1.1 mH	12A	0.6 mH
HF630-5R5-4L	5.5kW	19A	743uH	19A	371 uH
HF630-7R5-4L	7.5kW	22A	644 uH	22A	322 uH
HF630-011-4L	11kW	28A	493 uH	28A	247 uH
HF630-015-4L	15kW	38A	368 uH	38A	184 uH
HF630-018-4L	18.5kW	49A	283 uH	49A	141 uH
HF630-022-4L	22kW	57A	247 uH	57A	123 uH
HF630-030-4L	30kW	76A	184 uH	76A	92 uH
HF630-037-4L	37kW	88A	159 uH	88A	79 uH
HF630-045-4L	45kW	113A	123 uH	113A	62 uH
HF630-055-4L	55kW	131A	106 uH	131A	53 uH
HF630-075-4L	75kW	178A	78 uH	178A	39 uH
HF630-090-4L	90kW	227A	62 uH	227A	31 uH
HF630-110-4L	110kW	259A	54 uH	259A	27 uH
HF630-132-4L	132kW	320A	44 uH	320A	22 uH
HF630-160-4L	160kW	398A	35 uH	398A	18 uH
HF630-185-4L	185kW	446A	31 uH	446A	16 uH
HF630-220-4L	220kW	528A	26 uH	528A	13 uH
HF630-250-4L	250kW	573A	24 uH	573A	12 uH

HF630-280-4L	280KW	657A	21 uH	657A	11 uH
HF630-315-4L	315kW	735A	21 uH	651A	11 uH
HF630-355-4L	355kW	805A	17 uH	805A	9 uH
HF630-400-4L	400kW	856A	16 uH	856A	8 uH
HF630-450-4L	450kW	856A	16 uH	856A	8 uH

4.9 Brake resistance selection

		Brake resistor			
Inverter type	Inverter cap acity	recommend value(Ω)	minimum value(Ω)	Power (KW) 30%Kc	Power (KW) 50%Kc
HF630-0R4-4L	0.4 kW	750	115	≥0.2	≥0.3
HF630-0R7-4L	0.7 kW	750	115	≥0.2	≥0.35
HF630-1R5-4L	1.5 kW	400	100	≥0.5	≥0.7
HF630-2R2-4L	2.2 kW	250	78	≥0.8	≥1
HF630-3R7-4L	3.7 kW	100	64	≥2.0	≥2.5
HF630-5R5-4L	5.5kW	100	40	≥2.0	≥2.5
HF630-7R5-4L	7.5kW	75	40	≥3.0	≥3.5
HF630-011-4L	11kW	50	40	≥4.0	≥5.2
HF630-015-4L	15kW	40	32	≥5	≥6.5
HF630-018-4L	18.5kW	32	24	≥6	≥8.0
HF630-022-4L	22kW	24	20	≥8	≥11
HF630-030-4L	30kW	22	20	≥10	≥13
HF630-037-4L	37kW	21	20	≥12	≥16
HF630-045-4L	45kW	13	8	≥15	≥20
HF630-055-4L	55kW	10	8	≥20	≥26
HF630-075-4L	75kW	7.5	6	≥26	≥35

HF630-090-4L	90kW	6.8	3.5	≥29	≥38
HF630-110-4L	110kW	5.1	3.5	≥38	≥50
HF630-132-4L	132kW	4.2	3.5	≥46	≥60
HF630-160-4L	160kW	3.6	2.5	≥54	≥71
HF630-185-4L	185kW	3.3	2.5	≥59	≥78

Note: 1. Inverter of 185KW and below have built-in braking units, the corresponding 100% braking torque:

- 2. Kc: braking rate, the rate of braking process for whole motor working process;
- 3. Choice of Kc: a. elevator of below 20 floor Kc=10%~20%
 - b. Trolley Luffing Gantry Mechanism Kc=30%
 - c. Hoisting Mechanism Kc=40%~50%
- 4. According to the practical application, the brake resistor power may be appropriately enlarged.

4.10 Installation instructions conform to EMC requirements

(1) EMC common knowledge

EMC (electromagnetic compatibility) is an abbreviation which refers to the ability of the equipment or system that can work properly in its electromagnetic environment without cause unstandable electromagnetic disturbance to anything in that environment. EMC includes two aspects: electromagnetic interference and electromagnetic immunity.

Electromagnetic interference can be divided into two categories according to the transmission route: Conducted interference and radiated interference.

Conducted interference is the interference that transmits along the conductor, all conductors, such as wires, conduction, transmission wires, inductors and capacitors, etc, all of them are the transmission channel of conducted interference.

Radiated interference is the interference that transmits in the form of electromagnetic wave, whose energy is inversely proportional to the square of the transmission distance.

EMI (electromagnetic interference) must have three conditions or essentials: the interference source, transmission channel and sensitive receivers, all three are indispensable. EMC problems can be mainly solved from these three aspects. For the user, the equipment itself as an interference source or receiver is unavoidable, so to solve the EMC problems is mainly from the transmission channel.



Different electrical and electronic equipment, due to their different EMC standards or levels, their EMC abilities are also various.

(2) Inverter EMC characteristics

Same as other electrical and electronic devices, the inverter is a source of electromagnetic interference and at the same time also an electromagnetic receiver in a control system. Working principle of the inverter determines that it would produce a certain degree of electromagnetic interference noise. In order to ensure its reliable operation, a certain resistance to electromagnetic interference in an electromagnetic environment should be considered during its design state. When the inverter system is working, its EMC characteristics mainly presents in the following aspects:

- a. Generally the input current is non-sinusoidal that contains a lot of high-order harmonic waves which forms the external electromagnetic interference that will lower the power factor of grid and increase line losses.
- b. The output voltage is high frequency PWM wave, it causes the motor elevated temperature, thus reduces motor life; it also increases the leakage current, so cause line leakage protection device malfunction and generates strong electromagnetic interference, which influences the reliability of other electrical equipment in the same system.
- c. As an electromagnetic receiver, its powerful interference will trigger malfunction or even damage to the inverter which finally affect the normal use of the user.
- d. In the system wiring, the inverter's own interference on its ambient environment supplements its own anti-interference characterisctics. The procedure of reducing its own interference is also the procedure of increasing its anti-interference characterisctics at the same time.

(3) EMC installation guidance

To ensure the electrical equipment in the same system work reliably with consideration of the inverter EMC characteristics, this chapter introduces EMC installation methods with details from the aspects of noise suppression, field wiring, grounding, leakage current and power filters for on-site installation reference. Only when these five aspects are achieved, EMC will achieve good results.

a. Noise suppression

All inverter control terminals are connected with shielding cables, which grounded the shielding layer to the nearest point at the inverter entrance. The cable clips constitute

GUIDE

a 360-degree looping grounding. It is prohibited to twist the shielding layer as braid before grounded with the inverter; this will greatly reduce the shielding effect or even lost shielding effect.

Cables between inverter and motor (motor line) adopt shielded cables or independent cable trunk, motor lines' shielded layer or one side of the metal casing of cable trunk are grounded with the inverter to the nearest point, while the other side connected to the motor housing. Installation of a noise filter can greatly suppress electromagnetic interference.

b. On-site wiring

Electric power wiring: in different control systems, the power inlet cable is powered independently from the power transformer, generally it adopts four-core cables, where three of which is live wire, and one is ground wire.

Equipment category: generally there are different electrical devices in a same control cabinet, such as inverter, filter, PLC and instrumentation, etc. Their different ability of electromagnetic noise emission and electromagnetic noise withstand require the classification of these devices. The devices can be classified into strong noise devices and sensitive noise devices; the same class devices can be installed in the same area. The distance between different types of devices should be more than 20cm.

c. Grounding

During operation the inverter must be safely and reliably grounded, the impedance of the grounding conductor must be lower than 0.1Ω . Grounding is not only to guarantee the equipment and personal safety, but also the simplest way to solve EMC problems most effectively with lowest cost, which should be given priority.

Grounding has three categories: special grounding pole, common grounding pole and grounded electrode cascade. Special pole grounding should be used in different control systems, common pole grounding should be used for different devices in a same control system, and grounded electrode cascade should be used for different devices that in the same power supply line.

d. Leakage current

Leakage current includes leakage current between lines and earth leakage current. The cover leakage current must be lower than 3.5mA, and the control terminals leakage current must be lower than 0.25mA. Its size is determined by the size of distributed capacitor during system wiring and the inverter's carrier frequecy. Earth



leakage current is the leakage current that flowing through the common grounded electrode, which flows into not only the inverter system but also into other equipment. The leakage current may cause malfunction of leakage circuit breakers, relays, or other devices. Leakage current between lines is the leakage current that flowing through the distributed capacitor of the inverter input and output side. The size of the leakage current is determined by the inverter carrier frequency, motor cable length, and cable cross-sectional area. The higher the carrier frequency, the longer the motor cable, the larger cable cross-sectional area, the greater the leakage current is.

Solutions:

Reduce the carrier frequency can effectively reduce the leakage current. When the motor wire is comparatively long (50m or more), AC reactors should be installed in the inverter output side, when the motor wire is even longer, one reactor should be installed at every certain distance.

e. Noise filter

The noise filter can play a good role in the electromagnetic decoupling, even in the case of working conditions are met, it is recommended to install one by the user.

In fact, there are two kinds of noise filters:

- 1. Noise filter installed at the input side of the inverter: It is used to isolate the inverter from the other equipment.
- 2. Noise filter or isolation transformer installed at the input side of the other equipment: it is used to isolate the other equipment from the inverter

5. Operation instructions

5.1 Operation panel instruction

HF630 series inverter's operation keyboard (also known as operator) is shown as below. It contains F1 key, F2 key, RUN key, STOP key, UP / DOWN key, LOCAL / REMOTE key, arrow keys, LEFT/ RESET key and RIGHT/ENTER key, the user can use these keys to set the parameters of the inverter, monitor the running status, control the motor running and stop and so on.

If not operate LCD, the backlight automatically turn off, operate again, it will automatically light up.

ENTER key is used to confirm the choice and save the settings.

F1 key is used to choose the function of displaying on screen.

left/right key is used to select a desired number position . Error-reset

RUN key is used to run the inverter.



If long time there is no any operation (except auto-tuning), the menu will automatically switch to monitor mode (the time lasts as half of LCD backlight off time).

Up and down keys are used to control the menu shift and operation. It can also be used to increase or decrease the data values.

F2 key is used to choose the function of displaying on

LOC / REM is used to select local or remote control (operator operation must be carried out in local mode, it is can not be switched from the local mode into remote mode after entering auto-tuning state and running).

STOP is used to stop the drive.

When the machine is running normally, the RUN lamp is on.

When specify the operation panel control mode, the LOCAL lamp is on.

When the motor is forward turning, the FWD lamp is on. When the motor is reverse turning, the REV lamp is on.

When the machine alarms, the FAULT lamp is on.

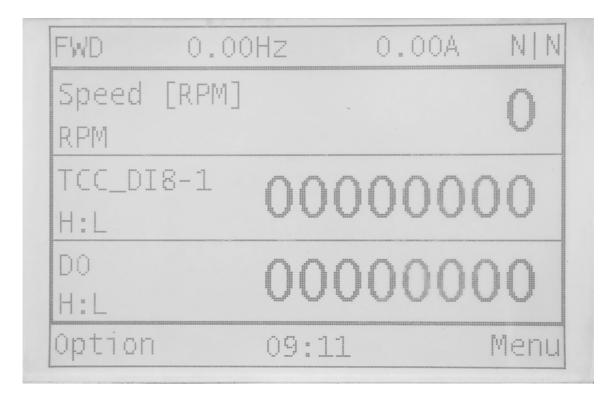
5.2 Key operation

The key data value is composed of the main menu and the lower menu. If moved from



the upper menu to the lower menu, press ▼key. If moved from lower menu back to the upper menu, press ▲key. You can also increase or decrease the values by the up and down keys. Press ENTER key to confirm a determined data value. Use ◆key when select a desired number position during setting parameters: When the cursor is moved to the far left, it will automatically jump back to the far right. When using the keyboard to run the inverter, press RUN and STOP kyes to start and stop the motor (please first finish setting parameters and shift into local mode), and press LOCAL / REMOTE key to switch between local and remote modes.

5.3 Main menu configuration diagram



The main interface contains status bar, monitoring interface, menu and three functions.

The status bar shows the direction of motor, the speed of motor, the output current, Waring|Error.

1	_
	Description
Direction of motor	FWD: forward direction
	REV: reverse direction
Speed of motor	Output frequncy, Unit:Hz

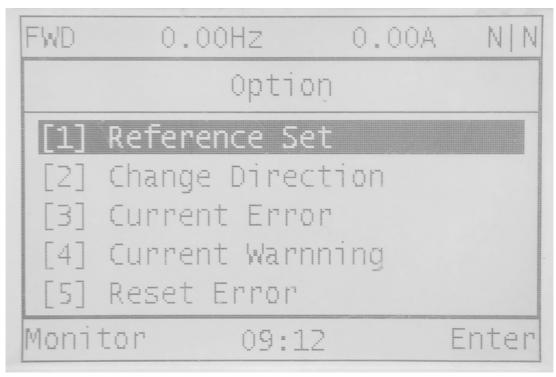


Output current	The output current of inverter, Unit: A
warning error	Without waring and error: N N With warning: W With error: E With warning or error, the letter will blink

The monitoring interface: one page shows three monitoring parameter, and choose the monitoring parameter by pressing up-down key.

menu :displaying the function of F1 key and F2 key,include "option","menu","esc","enter".

On the main interface, pressing ENTER key, you can quickly enter the given speed interface, and setting the given speed quickly.

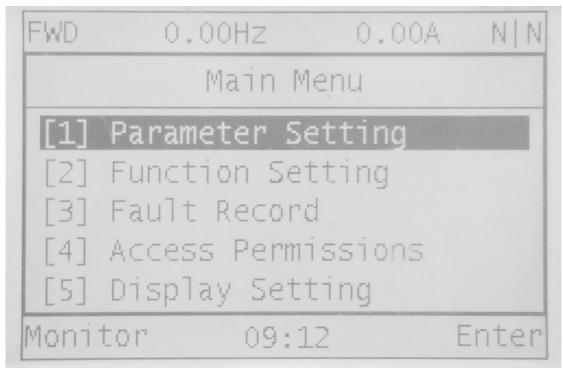


Pressing the option to enter the picture shown above. The submenu of option is shown below table.

option					
Number of submenu	submenu	Description			
1	Reference Set	The given speed、torque、 torque limit and so on			



2	Change Direction	Change the direction of motor when in local mode
3	Current Error	Display the curent error and description of the current error
4	Current Warnning	Display the curent waring and description of the current waring
5	Reset Error	Resetting the current error, setting the errorcode to zero
6	Monitor Setting	Setting the parameter of monitor interface
7	Firmware Version	Dispaying the software version of controll board and operation
8	Menu Language	choosing the language of menu

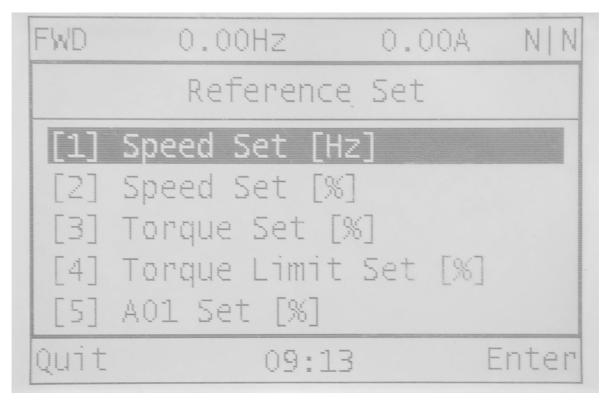


Pressing the menu to enter the picture shown above. The submenu of menu is shown below table.



	Main menu				
Number of submenu	submenu	Description			
1	Parameter Setting	Setting the parameter of inverter			
2	Function Setting	Be Enable the function			
3	Fault Record	Displaying the error record,an d the description of error			
4	Access Permissions	User authentication. To amend the developer level parameters, higher access a uthority must be obtained. About access authority modification, please contact the Wuhan Guide Electric Drive Technology Co.,Ltd.			
5	Display Setting	Setting the date, time, light o f operation			

5.4 《option》 Menu configuration description



(1) Reference Set

Mode category	Category	Unit	descrioption
	Speed set	[Hz]	
		[%]	100% is the rated speed of motor
	Torque set	[%]	100% is the rated torque of motor
Reference Set	Torque limit set	[%]	100% is the rated torque of motor
	AO1 set	[%]	100% is the voltage 10V or current 20mA
	AO2 set	[%]	100% is the voltage 10V or current 20mA

(2) Change Direction

Changing the direction of motor.

(3)Current Error

Display the curent error and description of the current error.

(4) Current Warnning

Display the curent waring and description of the current waring.

Please visit the official website for more information: www.guide-edrive.com



(5)Reset Error

Resetting the current error, setting the errorcode to zero.

(6) Monitor Setting

Setting the parameter of monitor interface.

(7) Firmware Version

Dispaying the software version of controll board and operation.

(8) Menu Language

Choosing the language of menu, Chinese or English.

5.5 《menu》 Menu configuration description

(1) Parameter Setting

Setting the parameter of inverter.

(2) Function Setting

Function Setting				
Mode type	Category	Function description		
1	MotoTuning I	Motor static auto-tuning		
2	MotoTuning II	Motor dynamic auto-tuning		
3	MotoTuning III	Mechanical moment of inertia auto-tuning		
4	DC-Link Tuning	It is effective only in AFE con trol mode.		
5	Shortcut Paras Setting	Fast setting on common use parameters		
6	Parameter Initialization	Parameters are initialized as original ones.		
7	Delete Fault Records	Fault clearance mark		

8	System Restart	Inverter system reset, which equals to re-energization.	
9	Backup Parameter	Back-up all present parameter s.	
10	Recover Parameter	Back to the backup paramete rs.	
11	Compare Parameter	Compare the existing and ba ckup parameters and list out the modified parameters (In c ase the backup parameters a re initialized factory setting va lues, only the modified param eter values will be listed out).	

Parameter backup can be used to back up all the exsiting parameters of the inverter (including auto-tuning parameters), this feature is used to restore the backup values to the same type of inverter. Note: Do not switch off the power or disconnect operator during operation!

Parameter restore can be used to restore the backup parameters, and it is not limited to the same backup inverter, as long as the version is matched. If failures occur, please check whether the version is consistent with correct backup.

Note: Please operate this function after machine stops and don't switch off the power or disconnect operator during operation! It will cause the inverter reset!

Parameter comparison: if the parameters have been successfully backed up this feature can be used to view the modified parameters by pressing the ▼, ▲ keys to display all parameters, press "Enter" to enter for modifying parameters.

Note: The first step of this function will check all the parameters and compare with the backup values, please do not switch off the power or disconnect the communication!

(3) Fault Record

Displaying the error record, and the description of error.

(4) Access Permissions

User authentication. To amend the developer level parameters, higher access authority must be obtained.

(5) Display Setting

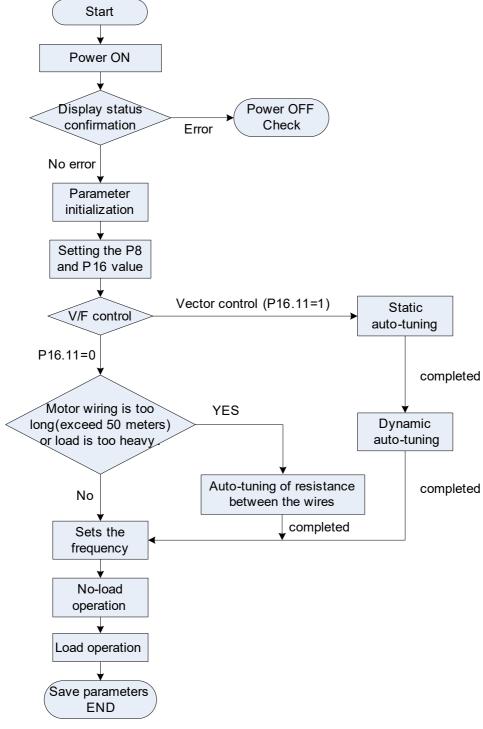
Display setting is used to change the menu language, monitor channel settings, set the LCD contrast settings of the inverter.



6. Inverter test run

6.1 Inverter test run sequence

Please perform test run based on the following flow.



Test run flow chart



Note:

Before perform auto-tuning by operator, make sure to select local from "local / remote" key.

The initial value of the control mode is V / F control (P16.11 = 0). To get better control performance, it is recommended V / F control to perform static auto-tuning.

Vector control is divided into closed loop vector control (P16.11 = 2) and the open-loop vector control (P16.11 = 1). After finising static and dynamic auto-tuning in open-loop vector control mode, if the control mode has shifted into closed loop vector control, then it is no need to redo auto-tuning, in which state it can be directly operated after checking the encoder connection and settings.

6.2 Inverter test run operation

6.2.1 Energization

Before turning on the power, please confirm the following items:

- (1) Whether the power supply voltage is correct?3P AC380-480V 50/60Hz
- (2) Whether the motor output terminals (U, V, W) are acutally connected with the motor?
- (3) Whether the inverter control terminals are acutally connected with wires of other control devices?
- (4) Whether the wires are connected during using the PG encoder card?
- (5) Whether the motor is in no-load state (without connecting to mechanics)?

6.2.2 Display status confirmation

When the power is on, the normal display of the keyboard is shown as below:

FWD	0.00HZ	0.00A	N N
Motor s	speed[Hz]:		0.00 Hz
Frequer	ncy[Hz]:		10.00 Hz
Bus voltage:			560.60 V
Option	11:4	5	Menu



When a failure occurs, the display is different from above. Below is an example when an undervoltage fault occurs:

FWD	0.00Hz	0.00A	N E
	Erro	or	
	E10)5	
U	Jnder V	⁷ oltage	;
Quit	11:4	5 R	ST Er

6.2.3 Parameter initialization

Parameter values are restored to their default values after parameter initialization, the specific instructions, see Chapter 5.4 function settings.

6.2.4 Parameter setting

Parameter setting is used to inveter tet run.

Function	Name	Description	Setting	
code	ivairie	Description	values	
		[0] Terminal (DI)		
		[1] Local Operator		
P8.0	RUN_SRC	[2] Profibus DP	1	
		[3] MODBUS		
		[4] FREE BLOCK		
P8.3	STOP mode	[0] Ramp STOP	1	
P0.3	STOP mode	[1] Free Running STOP	I	
	Speed_Input Source	[0] I/O TERMINAL		
		[1] AI 1		
		[2] AI 2		
P8.10		[3] LOCAL OPERATOR	3	
		[4] Profibus DP		
		[5] MODBUS		
		[6] FREE BLOCK		
D0 40	Appel 1 Otime	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to the		
P8.16	Accel 1 @time	P8.15.	3	
D0 05	Decal 4 Otimes	Sets the time to decelerate from P8.34 to		
P8.35	Decel 1 @time	the 0.	3	
P16.0	Supply Voltage	380V		
P16.2	Nominal Power	Refer to motor nameplate		

(F.			
P16.3	Nominal Voltage	Refer to motor nameplate	
P16.4	Nominal Current	Refer to motor nameplate	
P16.5	Nominal Frequency	Refer to motor nameplate	
P16.6	Nominal Speed	Refer to motor nameplate	
P16.7	Number of Poles	Refer to rated revolution setting, quote the integer of the following calculation result: (120XP16.5/P16.6)	
P16.9	Reference Speed	Set based on rated revolution (120XP16.5/P16.7)	
P16.11	Control Mode Selection	[0] V/F [1] S/L Vector Control [2] CL Vector Control Set based on requirement	
P16.14	V/F Curve Pattern	[0]Linear Curve V/F [1] Multi-point Curve V/F [2] Square Curve V/F	0
P16.24	Max. Frequency	Sets the maximum frequency(valid only when running in V/F control mode).	50Hz
P7.0	Current Limit for motor 1	0~300[%]	180%
P7.4	Over Current Trip for motor 1	0~300[%]	235%
P7.19	Over Speed Trip [M1]	100.0~720.0[%]	120%

6.2.5 Motor parameter auto-tuning

It is necessary to perform auto-tuning mode when the motor cable is too long and in the vector control. Please follow the steps below to perform auto-tuning to automatically identify motor parameters.

(1) Select the control mode

Setting P16.11 value, it is vector control if select [1] or [2], which demands static and dynamic auto-tuning. It is V / F control if select [0], which demands only static auto-tuning.

(2) Static auto-tuning

Static auto-tuning in the V / F control mode can also be called as auto-tuning of resistance between the lines, in which the inverter recognizes only the stator resistance values; under static auto-tuning in the vector mode the inverter recognizes the stator and rotor resistance and inductance parameters.



Select static auto-tuning in "Function setting" and press "ENTER" to perform auto-tuning. It displays "Static auto-tuning is in progress" and "Auto-tuning finished" respectively during and after the procedure.

(3) Dynamic auto-tuning

Under dynamic auto-tuning in vector mode, the dynamic auto-tuning optimized parameters identify the parameter values. Before a dynamic auto-tuning starts, static auto-tuning in vector mode must be completed.

Select dynamic auto-tuning in "Function setting" and press "ENTER" to perform auto-tuning. It displays "Dynamic auto-tuning is in progress" and "Auto-tuning finished" respectively during and after the procedure.

(4) Optimization auto-tuning

After the completion of the dynamic auto-tuning in vector mode, and with motor shafted, it is possible to perform optimization auto-tuning. The motor load can not exceed 50% of the rated load during optimization auto-tuning, which only optimizes the mechanical inertia. After the completion of the dynamic auto-tuning, the mechanical inertia uses the default values, then the vector control can operate normally. If for better control performance, then it is suggested to carry out optimization auto-tuning.

6.2.6 Notice before auto-tuning mode

Inverter HF630 series offer parameter auto-tuning function. Correct settings of motor nameplate parameters guarantees accurate parameters auto-tuning. In order to ensure the control performance, please select motors according to the inverter application standards. If the gap between motor power and inverter application standards is too large, the inverter control performance will be significantly decreased.

Please confirm the following four items before the motor auto-tuning begins:

<u></u>	<u>, </u>
Check items	Notice
Whether the motor shaft is connected to other mechanical equipment?	Motor will rotate 7.5% of rated speed in dynamic auto-tuning. If the motor is connected to other machinery and equipment, make sure that the load does not exceed 50% of rated load. In the no-load condition, the dynamic auto-tuning can get more accurate results, if the load exceeds 50% of rated load, the dynamic auto-tuning may not be successful.

GUIDE

Whether the motor capacity and the inverter capacity is verydifferent?	When the motor power is much smaller than the inverter power, it may not complete the auto-tuning normally. (the motor power should not be smaller than 1/5 that of the corresponding inverter.)
Whether the input motor parameters are correct?	Whether parameters of group P16 are consistent with the motor nameplate parameters, such as ratedpower, voltage, current, speed, number of poles, and synchronous speed. A mistake input could lead to failure of the auto-tuning or motor abnormal run.
Whether there are encoders installed on motors?	There should be encoders if it adopts closed-loop vector control. If it adopts V/F control or open-loop vector control, it won't be any influence if with or without encoders.

6.2.7 No-load operation test run

The instructions for motor no-load test run are described as below.

It is necessary to confirm safety around motor and mechanical equipment before run the test, to ensure whether the emergency stop circuits and mechanical safety devices are able to operate correctly. Confirm whether the motor rotation is normal (whether there is abnormal sound and vibration) and check whether the motor acceleration and deceleration is normal.

- (1) Turn on the power. The initial screen displays;
- (2) Press the "LOC / REM" key to select LOCAL, the LOCAL indication light is on;
- (3) Press the "ENTER" key to set the parameter set[1]: given frequency .Press the "RUN' key of the operator to run the inverter, the "RUN" indication light is on, and the motor turns forward. (It is suggested the given frequency is 5Hz)
- (4) Check that the motor rotation is in the correct direction and the inverter is without fault;
- (5) If there is no fault in step 4, then increase the frequency command value. Please confirm its responsiveness while changing in each time with 50Hz increments. During each increase of a setting value, please confirm the output current through the operator to ensure that current does not exceed the rated motor current.
- (6) After the confirmation is completed, press the "STOP" key to stop the run.



6.2.8 Test run with load connected

The method of motor test run with load connected will be described below.

Following attentions should be paid when connecting to mechanical system:

- (1) Ensure the safety around electrical equipment and machinery;
- (2) Ensure that the motor stops completely;
- (3) Connect the motor to the mechanical system;
- (4) Confirm whether the mounted screws are tight, and the motor shaft and the mechanical systems are securely fixed;
- (5) Confirm whether the emergency stop circuit and mechanical side safety device can act correctly;
- (6) To prevent malfunction, please be ready at any time to press the "STOP" key.

Please confirm the following items during running:

- Whether the mechanical action is in the correct direction (whether the direction of motor rotation is correct);
- (2) Whether the acceleration and deceleration of the motor is normal.

After connecting the motor to the mechanical system, perform test run with load by using the same steps as with no-load operation.

- (1) Confirm whether the output current is too large;
- (2) Change the frequency command and rotation direction to confirm whether there is abnormal noise and vibration.

6.2.9 Parameter save

Select the "parameter backup" in "Function Setting", and copy the inverter parameter values to the memory zone of the operator. In case of replacement of the main control board due to inverter failure, just copy the data that recorded in the operator to a new control board, then the operation can be restored. (The software version must be consistent with the previous one in the control board when restoring parameters; otherwise it is unable to successfully restore parameters).



7. Inverter parameter setting instruction

7.1 Initializing paramerter control P0

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P0.0	Ini-OPTION	[0]DEFAULT SET [1]LATEST SAVE	0~1	0	
P0.1	Initialize POWER	The power of inverter	0∼26	14	
P0.3	Initialize FREQ	[0] 50Hz [1] 60Hz	0~1	0	
P0.4	Password	The password for innitializing parameter			

7.2 Parallel inverter and panel observation configuration P2

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P2.0	Parallel Inverter Mode	[0] STAND ALONE: used as a single inverter;[1] MASTER: used as the master inverter of parallel.[2] SLAVE: used as the slave inverter of parallel.	0~2	0	See 8.1
P2.1	Motor switch setting	Selects motor switch source [0]Digital input: switched by terminal control; [1]Profibus DP: switched by communication control。	0~1	0	
P2.2	LANGUAGE	[0] CHINESE [1] ENGLISH	0~1	0	
P2.3	Number of Parallel Slave	Sets the number of parallel slave.	0~5	1	
P2.33	LCD Back Light Time	Set the time of LCD back light	1~100min	10	

7.3 Digital input set of terminals P3

Par.NO Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
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P3.0	DI1	Multifunctional input terminal	0∼32	1	
P3.1	DI2	Multifunctional input terminal	0∼32	2	
P3.2	DI3	Multifunctional input terminal	0∼32	5	
P3.3	DI4	Multifunctional input terminal	0∼32	6	
P3.4	DI5	Multifunctional input terminal	0∼32	7	
P3.5	DI6	Multifunctional input terminal	0∼32	8	
P3.6	DI7	Multifunctional input terminal	0∼32	0	
P3.7	DI8	Multifunctional input terminal	0∼32	0	
P3.12	Power-on auto run control	[0]prohibit; [1]enable	0~1	0	

Functions of DI terminals:

Value	Function	Description		
0	DISABLED	Set 0 for reserved terminals to avoid malfunction.		
1	RUN	The terminal is used to control forward or reverse RUN of		
2	RUN @REVERSE	the AC inverter.		
3	INVERTER ENABLE (High level valid)	The terminal is valid when being connected with COM.		
4	INVERTER ENABLE @NC (Low level valid)	The terminal is valid when being disconnected from COM.		
		The terminal is used for fault reset function, the same as		
5	FAULT RESET	the function of		
		reset is implemented by this function.		
6	M_STEP1 (Bit 0)			
7	M_STEP2 (Bit 1)	M. C. L. A. C. L. A. C. L. C.		
8	M_STEP3 (Bit 2)	Mutiple steps instruct input terminal (see 8.2)		
9	M_STEP4 (Bit 3)			
10	Hook mode	The function is available when the terminal becomes		
10	поок тоде	ON.(see8.10)		
11	DIRECTION SWITCH	The terminal is used to change the moving direction when		
11	DIRECTION SWITCH	the terminal becomes ON.		
12	REMOTE_EMERGENCY	It is valid when input terminal is high level.		
12	(High level valid)	to stand which input terminal is flight level.		
	LOCAL_EMERGENCY			
13	@NC	It is valid when input terminal is low level.		
	(Low level valid)			

14	REMOTE_EMERGENCY (High level valid)	It is valid when input terminal is high level.
15	REMOTE_EMERGENCY @NC (Low level valid)	It is valid when input terminal is low level.
16	PARLLEL_MODE SLAVE_RDY	If the slave is ready for RUN,the terminal becomes ON.
17	MOTOR_SEL [bit0]	Motor selection bit1 and motor selection bit2 combine to
18	MOTOR_SEL [bit1]	motor selection signals, of which 00 indicates the target motor 1, 01 indicates the target motor 2, 10 indicates the target motor 3 and 11 indicates the target motor 4.
19	AFE DIODE ONLY	When this terminal becomes ON ,the IGBT cannot work when in AFE control mode.
20	LINE_SW_STATUS	Perform main contactor pull confirmation when in AFE control mode.
21	FUNC 21	Reserved
22	BRAKE_SW_STATUS	(See 8.2)
23	ANIT Grab Open	(see 8.10)
24	FREE_RUN STOP	The function is available when the terminal becomes ON.
25	FUNC 25	Reserved
26	TRQ_DYN_CTRL	When this terminal becomes ON, it runs in the torque control mode, otherwise it runs in the speed control mode.
27	FUNC 27	Reserved
28	TORQUE_ZERO	When this terminal becomes ON,the torque setting is zero.
29~64	FUNC 29~ FUNC 64	Reserved

7.4 Digital Output set of terminals P4

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref. Chapter
P4.0	DO1	Multifunctional output terminal	0∼64	0	
P4.1	DO2	Multifunctional output terminal	0∼64	0	
P4.2	DO3	Multifunctional output terminal	0∼64	0	
P4.3	DO4	Multifunctional output terminal	0∼64	0	



P4.4	DO5	Multifunctional output terminal	0∼64	0	
P4.16	DO_FREE_BLOCK1	The setting of free function block	0∼500	0	
P4.17	DO_FREE_BLOCK2	The setting of free function block	0∼500	0	
P4.18	DO_FREE_BLOCK3	The setting of free function block	0∼500	0	
P4.19	DO_FREE_BLOCK4	The setting of free function block	0∼500	0	

Multi-function switch output terminal functions as follows:

Value	Function	Description
0	DISABLED	The terminal has no function.
1	RUN	When the AC inverter is running,the terminal becomes ON. (see 8.3)
2	FAULT	When the AC inverter stops due to a fault, the terminal becomes ON.
3	MOTOR BRAKE	When the motor brake release conditions are met, the terminal becomes ON. (see 8.3)
4	RUN @REQUEST	When the run command has been entered, the terminal becomes ON.
5	INVERTER READY	If the AC inverter is ready for RUN, the terminal becomes ON.
6	M_STEP0	
7	M_STEP1	[6] \sim [9]When the multi-speed command has been entered,the
8	M_STEP2	terminal becomes ON.
9	M_STEP3	
10	FUNC 10	Reserved
11	DIRECTION	When the direction command has been entered, the terminal becomes ON.
12	WARNING	If a fault occurs on the AC inverter, the terminal becomes ON.
13	WARNING @OT	If the motor overheat fault occurs on the AC inverter, the terminal becomes ON.
14	WARNING @OL	If the motor overload fault occurs on the AC inverter, the terminal becomes ON.
15	WARNING @OS	If the motor overspeed fault occurs on the AC inverter, the terminal becomes ON.



16	FUNC 16	Reserved
10		When motor 1 control mode has been selected, the terminal
17	MOTION CTRL 0	becomes ON.
18	MOTION CTRL 1	When motor 2 control mode has been selected, the terminal becomes ON.
19	MOTION CTRL 2	When motor 3 control mode has been selected, the terminal becomes ON.
20	MOTION CTRL 3	When motor 4 control mode has been selected, the terminal becomes ON.
21	FUNC_21	Reserved
22	LOW SPEED	When the inverter output frequency is less than the speed limit, the terminal becomes ON.
23	HIGH SPEED	When the inverter output frequency is less than the speed limit, the terminal becomes ON.
24~31	FUNC_24 \sim FUNC_31	Reserved
32	SOFT_CHARGING	For AFE control mode.
33~48	FUNC_33~ FUNC_48	Reserved
49	PROFIBUS FUNCTION 1	The status of this terminal is determined by the profibus function 1.
	PROFIBUS	The status of this terminal is determined by the profibus function
50	FUNCTION 2	2.
51	PROFIBUS	The status of this terminal is determined by the profibus function
J1	FUNCTION 3	3.
52	PROFIBUS	The status of this terminal is determined by the profibus function
	FUNCTION 4	The status of this terminal is determined by the profibus function
53	PROFIBUS FUNCTION 5	The status of this terminal is determined by the profibus function 5.
54~56	FUNC_54~ FUNC_56	Reserved
57	LOCAL FUNCTION 1	The status of this terminal is determined by the local function 1.
58	LOCAL FUNCTION 2	The status of this terminal is determined by the local function 2.
59	LOCAL FUNCTION 3	The status of this terminal is determined by the local function 3.
60	LOCAL FUNCTION 4	The status of this terminal is determined by the local function 4.
61	FREE BLOCK 1	The status of this terminal is determined by the free function block 1.
62	FREE BLOCK 2	The status of this terminal is determined by the free function

		block 2.
00	EDEE DI OCK 3	The status of this terminal is determined by the free function
63	FREE BLOCK 3	block 3.
0.4		The status of this terminal is determined by the free function
64	FREE BLOCK 4	block 4.

7.5 Analog input set of terminals P5

Par.N	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P5.0	Al1 @TYPE	[0] AI Disabled [1]0~+10V [2]-10~+10V [3]0~20mA	0~3	1	
P5.1	Al1@Filtering Time	Sets the filter time constant for Al1. The value becomes more stable the longer the time programmed, but it becomes less responsive to rapidly changing analog signals.	0.0~1000.0 [ms]	25.0 [ms]	
P5.2	AI1@OFFSET_V	The voltage offset of AI1.	-10.00~10.00 [V]	0.000 [V]	See 8.4
P5.3	Al1 @OFFSET_I	The current offset of Al1.	-20.00~20.00 [mA]	0.000 [mA]	See 8.4
P5.4	AI1@MIN_V	The minimum voltage of Al1.	-10.00~10.00 [V]	0.000 [V]	See 8.4
P5.5	AI1@MIN_I	The minimum current of AI1.	0.00~20.00 [mA]	0.000 [mA]	See 8.4
P5.6	AI1@MIN	The minimum setting value of Al1.	-300.0~300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.4
P5.7	AI1@MAX_V	The maximum voltage of AI1.	-10.00~10.00 [V]	10.000 [V]	See 8.4
P5.8	AI1@MAX_I	The maximum current of AI1.	0.00~20.00 [mA]	20.000 [mA]	See 8.4
P5.9	AI1@MAX	The maximum setting value of Al1.	-300.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.4
P5.18	AI2@TYPE	[0] AI Disabled [1]0~+10V [2]-10~+10V [3]0~20mA	0~3	3	

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				,	
P5.19	Al2@Filtering Time	Sets the filter time constant for Al2. The value becomes more stable the longer the time programmed, but it becomes less responsive to rapidly changing analog signals.	0.0~1000.0 [ms]	25.0 [ms]	
P5.20	AI2@OFFSET_V	The voltage offset of Al2.	-10.00~10.00 [V]	0.000 [V]	
P5.21	AI2 @OFFSET_I	The current offset of Al2.	-20.00~20.00 [mA]	0.000 [mA]	
P5.22	AI2@MIN_V	The minimum voltage of Al2.	-10.00~10.00 [V]	0.000 [V]	
P5.23	AI2@MIN_I	The minimum current of Al2.	0.00~20.00 [mA]	0.000 [mA]	
P5.24	AI2@MIN	The minimum setting value of Al2.	-300.0~300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	
P5.25	AI2@MAX_V	The maximum voltage of Al2.	-10.00~10.00 [V]	10.000 [V]	
P5.26	AI2@MAX_I	The maximum current of Al2.	0.00~20.00 [mA]	20.000 [mA]	
P5.27	AI2@MAX	The maximum setting value of Al2.	-300.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	

7.6 Analog output set of terminals P6

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P6.0	AO1 @Output	See Table 7.1	0∼14	2	
P6.1	AO1 @FREE_BLOCK	The analog output of free function block.	0∼1000	0	See 8.5
P6.2	AO1 @Minimum	The minimum output value of AO1.	-300.0~ 300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.5
P6.3	AO1 @Maximum	The maximum output value of AO1.	-300.0~ 300.0 [%]	100.0	See 8.5
P6.4	AO1 @Min_Out [mA,V]	The minimum output voltage/current signal of AO1.	0.0~100.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.5
P6.5	AO1 @Max_Out [mA,V]	The maximum output voltage/current signal of AO1.	0.0~100.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.5



P6.6	AO1 @Offset Adj.	The adjust offset of AO1.	-100.00~ 100.00 [%]	0.00 [%]	
P6.7	AO1 @Fixed Output	Sets the fixed output of AO1.(When P6.0 set to [13],this value is valid.)	0.0~100.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	
P6.8	AO1 Filter Time	Sets the filter time constant for AO1. The value becomes more stable the longer the time programmed, but it becomes less responsive to rapidly changing analog signals.	0.0~1000.0 [ms]	10.0 [ms]	
P6.14	AO2 @Output	See table 7.1	0∼14	4	
P6.15	AO2 @FREE_BLOCK	The analog output of free function block.	0~1000	0	
P6.16	AO2 @Minimum	The minimum output value of AO2.	-300.0~ 300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	
P6.17	AO2 @Maximum	The maximum output value of AO2.	-300.0~ 300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P6.18	AO2 @Min_Out [mA,V]	The minimum output voltage/current signal of AO2.	0.0~100.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	
P6.19	AO2 @Max_Out [mA,V]	The maximum output voltage/current signal of AO2.	0.0~100.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P6.20	AO2 @Offset Adj.	The adjust offset of AO2.	-100.00~ 100.00 [%]	0.00 [%]	
P6.21	AO2 @Fixed Output	Sets the fixed output of AO2.(When P6.14 set to [13],this value is valid.)	0.0~100.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	
P6.22	AO2 Filter Time	Sets the filter time constant for AO2. The value becomes more stable the longer the time programmed, but it becomes less responsive to rapidly changing analog signals.	0.0~1000.0 [ms]	10.0 [ms]	

Table 7.1: Description of AO

Value	Function	Description
0	Frequency	Inverter output frequency(unsigned)

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1	Frequency 2	Inverter output frequency (signed)
2	Motor Speed	Motor speed(unsigned)
3	Motor Speed 2	Motor speed(signed)
4	Output Current	Output Current
5	Motor Torque	Motor Torque(unsigned)
6	Motor Torque 2	Motor Torque(signed)
7	Motor Load	Motor Load
8	DC-link Voltage	DC-link Voltage (%)
9	Output Power	Output Power
10	Output Voltage	Output Voltage
11	Temperature	The temperature of the inverter (The output value is a percentage relative to the maximum temperature 150° C)
12	PROFIBUS Set	Determined by Profibus
13	Fixed Output	Determined by P6.7 or P6.21.
14	Local Set	Determined by the monitoring software.

7.7 Protection setting P7

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.	
D7.0	C	Sets the current limit for	0.0~300.0	180.0	Coo 9 6	
P7.0	Current Limit	motor 1.	[%]	[%]	See 8.6	
P7.1	Current Limit [M2]	Sets the current limit for	0.0~300.0	180.0	See 8.6	
F1.1	Current Limit [M2]	motor 2.	[%]	[%]	See 6.0	
P7.2	Current Limit [M3]	Sets the current limit for	0.0~300.0	180.0	See 8.6	
F1.Z	Current Limit [ivi5]	motor 3.	[%]	[%]	See 6.0	
P7.3	Current Limit [M4]	Sets the current limit for	0.0~300.0	180.0	See 8.6	
P1.3	Current Limit [M4]	motor 4.	[%]	[%]	See 6.0	
D7 /	Over Current Trip	Sets the over current trip for	0.0~300.0	235.0	See 8.6	
P7.4	Over Current Trip	motor 1.	[%]	[%]	See 6.0	
D7 5	Over Current Trip	Sets the over current trip for	0.0~300.0	235.0	See 8.6	
P7.5	[M2]	motor 2.	[%]	[%]	See 6.0	
P7.6	Over Current Trip	Sets the over current trip for	0.0~300.0	235.0	See 8.6	
P7.0	[M3]	motor 3.	[%]	[%]	See 6.0	
P7.7	Over Current Trip	Sets the over current trip for motor	0.0~300.0	235.0	See 8.6	
P1.1	[M4]	4.	[%]	[%]	See 6.0	
P7.8	Zero-Sequence	Sets the zero-sequence	0.0~100.0	20.0	See 8.6	
F1.0	Current Trip	current trip for motor 1.	[%]	[%]	See 6.0	
P7.9	Zero-Sequence	Sets the zero-sequence	0.0~100.0	20.0	See 8.6	
P1.9	Current Trip [M2]	current trip for motor 2.	[%]	[%]	366 0.0	
P7.10	Zero-Sequence	Sets the zero-sequence	0.0~100.0	20.0	See 8.6	
F7.10	Current Trip [M3]	current trip for motor 3.	[%]	[%]	366 0.0	

	Zero-Sequence	Sats the zero seguence	0.0~100.0	20.0	
P7.11	Current Trip [M4]	Sets the zero-sequence current trip for motor 4.	[%]	20.0 [%]	See 8.6
		·	600~820	800	
P7.12	Over Link-Voltage Trip	Sets the over link-voltage trip.	600°≈620 [V]	[V]	See 8.6
	Under Link-Voltage			350	
P7.13	Trip	Sets the under link-voltage trip.	[V]	[V]	See 8.6
	Over-Temperature	Sets the over-temperature	60.0~100.0	87.5	
P7.14	_	Trip.			See 8.6
	Trip	,	[°C] 50.0∼100.0	[℃] 80.0	
P7.15	Over-Temperature	Sets the over-temperature			See 8.6
	Warning	warning.	[°]	[°C]	
P7.19	Over Speed Trip [M1]	Sets the over speed trip for	100.0~720.0	120.0	See 8.6
		motor 1.	[%]	[%]	
P7.20	Over Speed Trip [M2]	Sets the over speed trip for	100.0~720.0	120.0	See 8.6
		motor 2.	[%]	[%]	
P7.21	Over Speed Trip [M3]	Sets the over speed trip for	100.0~720.0	120.0	See 8.6
		motor 3.	[%]	[%]	
P7.22	Over Speed Trip [M4]	Sets the over speed trip for	100.0~720.0	120.0	See 8.6
1 7.22	Over opeca mp [m-1]	motor 4.	[%]	[%]	000 0.0
P7.23	SLVC Fail Time[M1]	Sets SLVC fail time for motor	0.00~3.00	0.50	See 8.6
1 7.25	SEVOT all Time[IVIT]	1	[s]	[s]	366 0.0
D7 24	SLVC Fail Time[M2]	Sets SLVC fail time for motor	0.00~3.00	0.50	See 8.6
P7.24	SEVE Fall Time[IVIZ]	2	[s]	[s]	See 6.0
D7 0 <i>E</i>	CLVC Fail Time (MO)	Sets SLVC fail time for motor	0.00~3.00	0.50	0 0 0
P7.25	SLVC Fail Time[M3]	3	[s]	[s]	See 8.6
D7.00		Sets SLVC fail time for motor	0.00~3.00	0.50	0 00
P7.26	SLVC Fail Time [M4]	4	[s]	[s]	See 8.6
D7.07	Motor Stall	Sets motor stall protection	0.00~3.00	2.00	
P7.27	Protection Time[M1]	timefor motor 1	[s]	[s]	
	Motor Stall	Sets motor stall protection	0.00~3.00	2.00	
P7.28	Protection Time[M2]	timefor motor2	[s]	[s]	
	Motor Stall	Sets motor stall protection	0.00~3.00	2.00	
P7.29	Protection Time[M3]	timefor motor3	[s]	[s]	
	Motor Stall	Sets motor stall protection	0.00~3.00	2.00	
P7.30	Protection Time[M4]	timefor motor4	[s]	[s]	
	Speed Abnormal	Sets abnormal speed	0.0~100.0	25.0	
P7.31	Range	protection Ratio	[%]	[%]	
		Sets abnormal speed		r -1	
P7.32	Speed Abnormal	protection inspection	0.00~5.00	1	
	Inspection Time	time	[s]	[s]	
	Auto-Tuning Fail	Sets Auto-Tuning fail	0.0~1000.0	360.0	
P7.33	Time	inspection time	[s]	[s]	
	11110	Sets allowed long time	0.0~300.0	100.0	
P7.47	Continuous Current	_			See 8.6
		operational current value	[%]	[%]	

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	Over-loaded Current	Sets the over-loaded current	0.0~300.0	150.0	
P7.48	1	1	[%]	[%]	See 8.6
		Sets allowed time of	0.00~60.00	60.00	
P7.49	OL 1 Time	over-loaded current 1	[s]	[s]	See 8.6
	Over-loaded Current	Sets the over-loaded current	0.0~300.0	200.0	
P7.50	2	2	[%]	[%]	See 8.6
		Sets allowed time of	0.00~5.00	5.00	
P7.51	OL 2 Time	over-loaded current 2	[s]	[s]	See 8.6
	Lack of Input Phase	[0] Disabled			
P7.55	Protection	[1] Enabled	0∼1	0	
	Lack of Input Phase	[1] =	0.0~200.0	120.0	
P7.56	@Voltage Dip		[%]	[%]	
	Lack of Input Phase		0.0~12.0	5	
P7.57	@Detection Time		[s]	[s]	
	Lack of Output	[0] Disabled			
P7.59	Phase Protection	[1] Enabled	0~1	1	
	Lack of Output				
P7.60	Phase @Detection		0.10~3.00	0.30	
	Time		[s]	[s]	
D= 0.4	Dynamic Braking	[0] Disabled			
P7.64	Unit	[1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.6
D7.05	DD OTADTA / II	0 1 11 00 1 1	-25 ∼100	0	0 00
P7.65	DB_START Voltage	Sets the DB_start voltage.	[V]	[V]	See 8.6
D7.00	DB Full_Action	Sets the DB full_action	-25 ∼100	0	000
P7.66	Voltage	voltage.	[V]	[V]	See 8.6
D7.00	OV CURRECCION	[0] Disabled	0 4	0	000
P7.69	OV SUPRESSION	[1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.6
D7 70	OV SUPRESSION	Sets the over suppression	-25 ∼100	0	0 00
P7.70	@LIMIT	limit.	[V]	[V]	See 8.6
DZ 74	OV CURRECCION 4	[0] Disabled	0 4	0	000
P7.71	OV SUPRESSION 1	[1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.6
D7 72	LIV CUDDECCION	[0] Disabled	0 - 1		
P7.73	UV SUPRESSION	[1] Enabled	0~1	0	
D7 74	UV SUPRESSION		300~500	460	
P7.74	@LIMIT		[V]	[V]	
D7 75	UV SUPRESSION		0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P7.75	@Action Gain		[%]	[%]	
D7 76	Motion Recovery		0.00~300.00	1.00	
P7.76	Time after UV		[s]	[s]	
D7 77	UV SUPRESSION		0.0~200.0	15.0	
P7.77	@Min_Speed		[%]	[%]	
D7.04	Dur Motion Ontion	[0]Run control	0 - 1		
P7.94	Pwr _Motion Option	[1]Busbar voltage control	0~1	1	

P7.95	Percharge Fail Time	Sets percharge fail time in	0.0~3000.0	15.0	
		AFE control mode	[s]	[s]	
D7.06	Dur CW Off Dolor	Sets the delay time of	0.00~300.00	0.00	
P7.96	Pwr_SW Off-Delay	Pwr_SW Off.	[s]	[s]	

7.8 Motion Control 1 P8

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P8.0	RUN_SRC	[0] Terminal (DI) [1] Local Operator [2] PROFIBUS [3] MODBUS [4] FREE BLOCK	0∼4	0	
P8.1	RUN_SRC @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the Run command via the FREE_BLOCK.			
P8.2	DIR_SRC @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the Direction command via the FREE_BLOCK.			
P8.3	STOP mode	[0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP	0~1	0	See 8.7
P8.6	START delay	Sets the start delay time.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.7
P8.7	STOP_HOLD Time	Sets the stop hold time.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.7
P8.10	Speed_Input Source	[0] TERMINAL [1] AI 1 [2] AI 2 [3] LOCAL OPERATOR [4] Profibus DP [5] MODBUS [6] FREE BLOCK	0~6	0	
P8.11	Speed_Src @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the speed given free function block source			
P8.13	Accel_Time Control Source	[0]Prohibted [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting	0∼3	0	See 8.7
P8.14	Accel_Time multiplier		0.1~10.0	1.0	See 8.7
P8.15	Accel 1 @switching	Sets the 1 st accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.7

P8.16 Accel 1 @time Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to the P8.15. 0.0~30.0 3.00 [s] See 8.7 P8.17 Accel 2 @switching Sets the 2 nd accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 200.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.18 Accel 2 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.15 to the P8.17. 0.0~300.0 [%] 4.00 [%] See 8.7 P8.19 Accel 3 @time P8.15 to the P8.17. Sets the 3 nd accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 240.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.20 Accel 3 @time P8.17 to the P8.19. Sets the 4 th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.21 Accel 4 @time P8.19 to the P8.21. [s] See 8.7 P8.22 Accel 4 @time P8.19 to the P8.21. [s] See 8.7 P8.23 Accel 5 @time P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] See 8.7 P8.24 Accel 5 @time P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] See 8.7 P8.25 Accel 6 @time P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] [s] P8.26 Accel 6 @time P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] [s] P8.27 Accel 6 @time P8.21 to the P8.25. [1	1		T	
P8.17 Accel 2 Sets the 2 rd accel switch frequency. P8.18 Accel 2 @ Switching Sets the 2 rd accel switch Co.0~300.0 Co.0 C	P8 16	Accel 1 @time		0.0~300.0	3.00	See 8.7
P8.17 @switching frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7	1 0.10	710001 1 @0	0 to the P8.15.	[s]	[s]	
P8.18 Accel 2 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.15 to the P8.17. Set 8.7 Set 8.7 P8.19 Accel 3 @switching Frequency. F% F% F% F% F% F% F% F	P8 17	Accel 2	Sets the 2 nd accel switch	0.0~300.0	200.0	See 8.7
P8.18 Accel 2 @time P8.15 to the P8.17. [s] [s] See 8.7	1 0.17	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P8.19 Recel 3 Sets the 3 rd accel switch frequency. Requency. Reque	DQ 1Q	Accel 2 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	4.00	See 8.7
P8.19 @switching frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.20 Accel 3 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.17 to the P8.19. 0.0~300.0 7.00 see 8.7 P8.21 Accel 4 Sets the 4th accel switch (switching) 0.0~300.0 300.0 see 8.7 P8.22 Accel 4 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.19 to the P8.21. [s] [s] see 8.7 P8.23 Accel 5 Sets the 5th accel switch frequency. [%] [%] see 8.7 P8.24 Accel 5 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] see 8.7 P8.25 Accel 6 @time Sets the 6th accel switch frequency. [%] [%] see 8.7 P8.26 Accel 6 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.23 to the P8.23. [s] [s] see 8.7 P8.27 Accel 7 @time Sets the 7th accel switch frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] [s] See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @time Sets the 8th accel switch fre	1 0.10	710001 2 (2)11110	P8.15 to the P8.17.	[s]	[s]	000 0.1
## Base Best	D0 10	Accel 3	Sets the 3 rd accel switch	0.0~300.0	240.0	See 8 7
P8.20 Accel 3 @time P8.17 to the P8.19. [s] [s] See 8.7 P8.21 Accel 4 @switching frequency. Sets the 4th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.22 Accel 4 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.19 to the P8.21. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [%] See 8.7 P8.23 Accel 5 @switching frequency. Sets the 5th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.24 Accel 5 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] [s] [s] P8.25 Accel 6 @time Sets the 6th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.26 Accel 6 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] [s] See 8.7 P8.27 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] [s] See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] [s] See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. <t< td=""><td>F0.19</td><td>@switching</td><td>frequency.</td><td>[%]</td><td>[%]</td><td>000 0.1</td></t<>	F0.19	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	000 0.1
P8.17 to the P8.19. [s] [s] [s]	D0 20	Accel 3 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	7.00	See 8 7
P8.21 @switching frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.22 Accel 4 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.19 to the P8.21. [s] [s] [s] P8.23 Accel 5 Sets the 5th accel switch (%] (%] (%] P8.24 Accel 5 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] [s] P8.25 Accel 6 @switching frequency. [%] (%] (%] P8.26 Accel 6 @time P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] [s] [s] P8.27 Accel 6 @time P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] [s] P8.28 Accel 7 Sets the time to accelerate from P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] [s] P8.28 Accel 7 @time P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] [s] P8.29 Accel 8 Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] [s] P8.29 Accel 8 Sets the 8th accel switch 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 Sets the 8th accel switch 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.20 Accel 8 Sets the 8th accel switch 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.21 Accel 8 @switching Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @stime Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. [s] See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. [s] See 8.7 P8.31 Decel _Time [1]PROFIBUS 0~3 0	P0.20	Accel 5 Willie	P8.17 to the P8.19.	[s]	[s]	366 0.1
### Receive	D0 04	Accel 4	Sets the 4 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	Soc 8 7
P8.22 Accel 4 @time P8.19 to the P8.21. [s] [s] See 8.7 P8.23 Accel 5 @switching Sets the 5th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.24 Accel 5 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.21 to the P8.23. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [%] See 8.7 P8.25 Accel 6 @switching Sets the 6th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.26 Accel 6 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] 10.00 [%] See 8.7 P8.27 Accel 7 @switching Sets the 7th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @switching Sets the 8th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. [s] See 8.7 P8.31 Decel _Time [1]PROFIBUS 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel	P0.21	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	3ee 0.7
P8.19 to the P8.21. [s] [s] [s] P8.23 Accel 5 Geswitching Frequency. [%] [%] [%] P8.24 Accel 5 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] [s] [s] P8.25 Accel 6 Geswitching Frequency. [%] [%] [%] P8.26 Accel 6 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.21 to the P8.25. [s] [s] P8.27 Accel 6 @time Sets the fire to accelerate from P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] [s] P8.27 Accel 7 Sets the 7 th accel switch P8.28 to the P8.25. [s] [s] P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] [s] P8.29 Accel 8 Geswitching Frequency. [s] [s] P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the 8 th accel switch 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.31 Decel _Time [1]PROFIBUS Decel _Time [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting P8.33 Decel _Time _Div multiplier Decel _Time _Div multiplier P8.34 Decel 1	D0 00	Accel 4 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	Soc 9.7
P8.23 @switching frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.24 Accel 5 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.21 to the P8.23. 0.0~300.0 10.00 see 8.7 P8.25 Accel 6 @switching Sets the 6th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 300.0 see 8.7 P8.26 Accel 6 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] 10.00 see 8.7 P8.27 Accel 7 @switching Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25. [%] [%] see 8.7 P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25. [%] 10.00 see 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @switching Sets the 8th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 300.0 see 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.32 Decel _Time Control Time [1]PROFIBUS Control Time [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel _Time_Div multiplier Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 <	P8.22	Accel 4 Willie	P8.19 to the P8.21.	[s]	[s]	See 6.7
P8.24 Accel 5 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.21 to the P8.23. [%] [%] [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.25 Accel 6 @switching Sets the 6th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.26 Accel 6 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.23 to the P8.25. 0.0~300.0 [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.27 Accel 7 @switching Sets the 7th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [%] [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @switching Sets the 8th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. 0.0~300.0 [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.32 Decel _Time [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel _Time _Div multiplier Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 10.0 10.0 See 8.7 See 8.7	D0 00	Accel 5	Sets the 5 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	Coo 0 7
P8.24 Accel 5 @time P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] [s] See 8.7 P8.25 Accel 6 @switching frequency. Sets the 6th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.26 Accel 6 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] [s] [s] P8.27 Accel 7 @switching Sets the 7th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] [s] See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @switching Sets the 8th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. [s] [s] See 8.7 P8.31 Decel _Time [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel _Time_Div multiplier Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 [1.0.0] 1.0.0 [2.0.0] See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 [1.0.0] 100.0 [3.0.0] See 8.7	P8.23	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
P8.21 to the P8.23. [s] [s] [s] P8.25 Accel 6 Sets the 6 th accel switch frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.26 Accel 6 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] [s] P8.27 Accel 7 Sets the 7 th accel switch frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 Sets the 8 th accel switch p8.25 to the P8.27. [s] See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @switching Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. [%] See 8.7 P8.31 Decel_Time [0]Prohibted [1]PROFIBUS Decel_Time [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting P8.33 Decel_Time_Div multiplier Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 See 8.7 See 8.7 See 8.7 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.35 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.36 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7 P8.37 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7 P8.38 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7 P8.39 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7 P8.39 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7 P8.31 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7 P8.32 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7 P8.35 Decel 1 Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7 P8.36 P8.37 P8.37 P8.38 P8.38	50.04	Accel 5 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	0 07
P8.25 @switching frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7 P8.26 Accel 6 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25. 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.27 Accel 7 @switching Sets the 7th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 300.0 See 8.7 P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] 10.00 See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @switching Sets the 8th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 300.0 See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. [s] 10.00 See 8.7 P8.31 Decel_Time Control Time [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel_Time_Div multiplier 0.1~10.0 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel_Time_Div multiplier Sets the 1st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7	P8.24		P8.21 to the P8.23.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
Base (a) Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control Time Control T		Accel 6	Sets the 6 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
P8.26 Accel 6 @time P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] See 8.7 P8.27 Accel 7 @switching Sets the 7 th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [%] See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @switching Sets the 8 th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.29. 0.0~300.0 [s] 10.00 [s] See 8.7 P8.32 Deccel _Time Control Time [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel _Time_Div multiplier 0.1~10.0 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1 st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7	P8.25	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P8.23 to the P8.25. [s] [s] [s]		A 10 00	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	0 07
P8.27 @switching frequency. [%] See 8.7 P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @switching Sets the 8 th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 300.0 See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.29. 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P8.32 Decel _Time Control Time [1]PROFIBUS [1]PROFIBUS [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel _Time_Div multiplier 0.1~10.0 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1 st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7	P8.26	Accel 6 @time	P8.23 to the P8.25.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
P8.28 Accel 7 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.25 to the P8.27. [%] [%] [%] P8.26 P8.27 P8.27 P8.28 P8.29 P8.25 to the P8.27. P8.27 P8.25 to the P8.27. P8.25 to the P8.27. P8.27 P8.27 P8.27 P8.27 P8.27 P8.27 P8.27 P8.27 P8.27 P8.29 P8.27 P8.27 P8.29 P8.29 P8.27 P8.27 P8.29 P8.27 P8.27 P8.29 P8.27 P8.27 P8.29 P8.27 P8.27 P8.29 P8.29 P8.27 P8.27 P8.29 P8.20		Accel 7	Sets the 7 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	0 0 7
P8.28 Accel 7 @time P8.25 to the P8.27. [s] See 8.7 P8.29 Accel 8 @switching Sets the 8 th accel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. 0.0~300.0 [s] 10.00 [s] P8.32 Decel_Time Control Time [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel_Time_Div multiplier 0.1~10.0 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1 st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7	P8.27	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
P8.29 Accel 8 Sets the 8 th accel switch 0.0~300.0 300.0 See 8.7		A 17.00	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	0 07
P8.29 @switching frequency. [%] See 8.7 P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. 0.0~300.0 [s] 10.00 [s] P8.32 Decel_Time Control Time [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel_Time_Div multiplier 0.1~10.0 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1 st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7	P8.28	Accel / @time	P8.25 to the P8.27.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
P8.30 Accel 8 @time Sets the time to accelerate from P8.27 to the P8.29. 0.0~300.0 [s] 10.00 [s] See 8.7 P8.32 Decel _Time Control Time [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel _Time_Div multiplier 0.1~10.0 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1 st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7		Accel 8	Sets the 8 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	0 07
P8.30 Accel 8 @time P8.27 to the P8.29. [s] See 8.7 P8.32 Decel_Time Control Time [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel_Time_Div multiplier 0.1~10.0 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1 st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7	P8.29	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
P8.32 Decel_Time [0]Prohibted			Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	
P8.32 Decel_Time Control Time [0]Prohibted [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting 0~3 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel_Time_Div multiplier 0.1~10.0 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1	P8.30	Accel 8 @time	P8.27 to the P8.29.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
P8.32 Control Time [2]MODBUS $0\sim3$ 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel_Time_Div multiplier $0.1\sim10.0$ 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1 st decel switch $0.0\sim300.0$ 100.0 See 8.7			[0]Prohibted			
P8.32 Control Time [2]MODBUS $0\sim3$ 0 See 8.7 P8.33 Decel_Time_Div multiplier $0.1\sim10.0$ 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1 st decel switch $0.0\sim300.0$ 100.0 See 8.7		Decel Time	[1]PROFIBUS		_	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	P8.32	Control Time		0∼3	0	See 8.7
P8.33 Decel_Time_Div multiplier 0.1~10.0 1.0 See 8.7 P8.34 Decel 1 Sets the 1 st decel switch 0.0~300.0 100.0 See 8.7			[3]Local setting			
multiplier Sets the 1 st decel switch $0.0\sim300.0$ 100.0 See 8.7	D0 00	Decel_Time_Div		0.4. 40.0	4.0	000 0 7
P8.34 See 8.7	P8.33	multiplier		U.1~1U.U	1.0	See 8.7
	D0 24	Decel 1	Sets the 1 st decel switch	0.0~300.0	100.0	See 9.7
	F0.34	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7

P8.35	Decel 1 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	3.00	See 8.7
	D 10	P8.34 to the 0.	[s]	[s]	
P8.36	Decel 2 @switching	Sets the 2 nd decel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0	200.0	See 8.7
	@3witching		[%] 0.0~300.0	[%] 4.00	
P8.37	Decel 2 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from P8.36 to the P8.34.			See 8.7
	Decel 3	Sets the 3 rd decel switch	[s] 0.0~300.0	[s] 240.0	
P8.38	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
		Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	7.00	
P8.39	Decel 3 @time	P8.38 to the P8.36.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
	Decel 4	Sets the 4 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	
P8.40	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
		Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	
P8.41	Decel 4 @time	P8.40 to the P8.38.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
	Decel 5	Sets the 5 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	0 07
P8.42	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
D0 40	Decel F Otime	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	Coo 0 7
P8.43	Decel 5 @time	P8.42 to the P8.40.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
P8.44	Decel 6	Sets the 6 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
P0.44	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P8.45	Decel 6 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
1 0.43	Booci o Gaine	P8.44 to the P8.42.	[s]	[s]	000 0.7
P8.46	Decel 7	Sets the 7 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
1 0.40	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	000 0.1
P8.47	Decel 7 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
. 0		P8.46 to the P8.44.	[s]	[s]	
P8.48	Decel 8	Sets the 8 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P8.49	Decel 8 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
	_	P8.48 to the P8.46.	[s]	[s]	
P8.54	Free Running		0.0~300.0	0.0	
	START_SPEED	[O] Disabled	[%]	[%]	
P8.55	Counter_Decel	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	
Do co	Counter_Decel		0.00~300.00	3.00	
P8.56	time		[s]	[s]	
P8.57	E-STOP MODE	[0] Ramp STOP	0~1	1	
. 5.5.		[1] Free Running STOP		-	

D0 50	E STOD time	0.00~300.00	1.50	
P8.58	E-STOP time	[s]	[s]	

7.9 Motion Control 2 P9

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P9.0	RUN_SRC	[0] Terminal (DI)[1] Local Operator[2] Profibus DP[3] MODBUS[4] FREE BLOCK	0~4	0	
P9.1	RUN_SRC @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the Run command via the FREE_BLOCK.			
P9.2	DIR_SRC @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the Direction command via the FREE_BLOCK.			
P9.3	STOP mode	[0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP	0~1	0	See 8.7
P9.6	START delay	Sets the start delay time.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.7
P9.7	STOP_HOLD Time	Sets the stop hold time.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.7
P9.10	Ramp_Input Source	[0] TERMINAL [1] AI 1 [2] AI 2 [3] LOCAL OPERATOR [4] Profibus DP [5] MODBUS [6] FREE BLOCK	0~6	0	
P9.11	Ramp_Src @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the Ramp input source via the FREE_BLOCK.			
P9.13	Accel_Time Control Source	[0]DISABLE [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting	0∼3	0	See 8.7
P9.14	Accel_Time multiplier		0.1~10.0	1.0	See 8.7
P9.15	Accel 1 @switching	Sets the 1 st accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.7
P9.16	Accel 1 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to the P9.15.	0.0~300.0 [s]	3.00 [s]	See 8.7

D0 1=	Accel 2	Sets the 2 nd accel switch	0.0~300.0	200.0	0 0-7
P9.17	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
P9.18	Accel 2 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	4.00	See 8.7
F9.10	Accel 2 Willie	P9.15 to the P9.17.	[s]	[s]	000 0.1
P9.19	Accel 3	Sets the 3 rd accel switch	0.0~300.0	240.0	See 8.7
1 0.10	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P9.20	Accel 3 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	7.00	See 8.7
. 0.20		P9.17 to the P9.19.	[s]	[s]	
P9.21	Accel 4	Sets the 4 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P9.22	Accel 4 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
		P9.19 to the P9.21.	[s]	[s]	
P9.23	Accel 5	Sets the 5 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P9.24	Accel 5 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
		P9.21 to the P9.23.	[s]	[s]	
P9.25	Accel 6	Sets the 6 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P9.26	Accel 6 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from P9.23 to the P9.25.	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
	A 1.7		[s]	[s]	
P9.27	Accel 7 @switching	Sets the 7 th accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
	@3witching	Sets the time to accelerate from	[%] 0.0~300.0	[%] 10.00	
P9.28	Accel 7 @time	P9.25 to the P9.27.			See 8.7
	Accel 8	Sets the 8 th accel switch	[s] 0.0~300.0	[s] 300.0	
P9.29	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
	<u> </u>	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	
P9.30	Accel 8 @time	P9.27 to the P9.29.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
		[0]DISABLE	[∾]	[2]	
	Decel Time	[1]PROFIBUS			
P9.32	Control Source	[2]MODBUS	0∼3	0	See 8.7
	Control Cource	[3]Local setting			
	Decel_Time_Div		0.4.40.5	4.6	0 0 7
P9.33	multiplier		0.1~10.0	1.0	See 8.7
DO 24	Decel 1	Sets the 1 st decel switch	0.0~300.0	100.0	See 8.7
P9.34	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	JEE 0.1
P9.35	Decel 1 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	3.00	See 8.7
1 3.33	2000i i Waiiio	P9.34 to the 0.	[s]	[s]	000 0.1

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	Decel 2	Sets the 2 nd decel switch	0.0~300.0	200.0	
P9.36	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
	5 1000	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	4.00	0 0 7
P9.37	Decel 2 @time	P9.36 to the P9.34.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
	Decel 3	Sets the 3 rd decel switch	0.0~300.0	240.0	0 07
P9.38	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
D0 00	Decal 2 Stimes	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	7.00	C 0 7
P9.39	Decel 3 @time	P9.38 to the P9.36.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
DO 40	Decel 4	Sets the 4 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
P9.40	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See o.7
DO 44	Docal 4 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
P9.41	Decel 4 @time	P9.40 to the P9.38.	[s]	[s]	See 6.7
DO 40	Decel 5	Sets the 5 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
P9.42	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 6.7
DO 42	Decel 5 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	Soc 9 7
P9.43	Decei 5 Willie	P9.42 to the P9.40.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
P9.44	Decel 6	Sets the 6 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
P9.44	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 6.7
DO 45	Decel 6 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
P9.45	Decei o Willie	P9.44 to the P9.42.	[s]	[s]	3ee 0.1
P9.46	Decel 7	Sets the 7 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
F9.40	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	000 0.7
P9.47	Decel 7 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
F 9.41	Beech 7 Willing	P9.46 to the P9.44.	[s]	[s]	000 0.1
P9.48	Decel 8	Sets the 8 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
F 9.40	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	000 0.1
P9.49	Decel 8 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
1 3.43	20001 0 @	P9.48 to the P9.46.	[s]	[s]	000 0.1
P9.54	Free Running		0.0~300.0	0.0	
1 3.54	START_SPEED		[%]	[%]	
P9.55	Counter_Decel	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	
DO 50	Counter_Decel		0.00~300.00	3.00	
P9.56	time		[s]	[s]	
P9.57	E-STOP MODE	[0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP	0~1	1	
DO 50	E-STOP time		0.00~300.00	1.50	
P9.58	E-910P uine		[s]	[s]	



7.10 Motion Control 3 P10

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P10.0	RUN_SRC	[0] Terminal (DI)[1] Local Operator[2] Profibus DP[3] MODBUS[4] FREE BLOCK	0∼4	0	
P10.1	RUN_SRC @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the Run command via the FREE_BLOCK.			
P10.2	DIR_SRC @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the Direction command via the FREE_BLOCK.			
P10.3	STOP mode	[0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP	0~1	0	See 8.7
P10.6	START delay	Sets the start delay time.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.7
P10.7	STOP_HOLD Time	Sets the stop hold time.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.7
P10.10	Speed_Input Source	[0] TERMINAL [1] AI 1 [2] AI 2 [3] LOCAL OPERATOR [4] Profibus DP [5] MODBUS [6] FREE BLOCK	0~6	0	
P10.11	Speed_Src @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the speed given free function block source			
P10.13	Accel_Time Control Source	[0]DISABLE [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting	0~3	0	See 8.7
P10.14	Accel_Time multiplier		0.1~10.0	1.0	See 8.7
P10.15	Accel 1 @switching	Sets the 1 st accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.7
P10.16	Accel 1 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to the P10.15.	0.0~300.0 [s]	3.00 [s]	See 8.7
P10.17	Accel 2 @switching	Sets the 2 nd accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0	See 8.7

				1	
P10.18	Accel 2 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	4.00	See 8.7
	<u> </u>	P10.15 to the P10.17.	[s]	[s]	_
P10.19	Accel 3	Sets the 3 rd accel switch	0.0~300.0	240.0	See 8.7
1 10.15	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P10 20	Accel 3 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	7.00	See 8.7
1 10.20	7 tooci o teguino	P10.17 to the P10.19.	[s]	[s]	000 0.1
P10.21	Accel 4	Sets the 4 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
F 10.21	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	Jee 0.7
D10 22	Accel 4 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
P 10.22	Accel 4 Willie	P10.19 to the P10.21.	[s]	[s]	366 0.1
D40.00	Accel 5	Sets the 5 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
P10.23	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 6.7
D40.04	Assal F @time	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
P10.24	Accel 5 @time	P10.21 to the P10.23.	[s]	[s]	See 6.7
D40.05	Accel 6	Sets the 6 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	Can 0.7
P10.25	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
546.00	A C Oti	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
P10.26	Accel 6 @time	P10.23 to the P10.25.	[s]	[s]	
	Accel 7	Sets the 7 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
P10.27	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
	A 17 OF	Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	0 07
P10.28	Accel 7 @time	P10.25 to the P10.27.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
	Accel 8	Sets the 8 th accel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	0 0 7
P10.29	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
		Sets the time to accelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	
P10.30	Accel 8 @time	P10.27 to the P10.29.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
		[0]DISABLE			
	Decel_Time	[1]PROFIBUS		_	
P10.32	Control Source	[2]MODBUS	0∼3	0	See 8.7
		[3]Local setting			
	Decel_Time_Div	0	0.4.40.0	4.0	0 07
P10.33	multiplier		0.1~10.0	1.0	See 8.7
D40.04	Decel 1	Sets the 1 st decel switch	0.0~300.0	100.0	See 8.7
P10.34	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	3ee 0.1
D40.05	Docal 1 Otima	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	3.00	See 8.7
P10.35	Decel 1 @time	P10.34 to the 0.	[s]	[s]	
D40.00	Decel 2	Sets the 2 nd decel switch	0.0~300.0	200.0	Soc 9.7
P10.36	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7

P10.37 Decel 2 @time P10.36 to the P10.34. [s] [s] See 8.7			<u> </u>			
P10.36 to the P10.34. S S S	P10.37	Decel 2 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	4.00	See 8.7
P10.38 Sewitching Frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7			P10.36 to the P10.34.	[s]	[s]	
## Sets the time to decelerate from P10.40 Sets the time to decelerate from P10.40 Sets the time to decelerate from P10.40 Sets the 4th decel switch Gewitching Sets the time to decelerate from P10.40 Sets the 4th decel switch Gewitching Sets the time to decelerate from P10.40 to the P10.38. Sets 1.5 Se	D10 38	Decel 3	Sets the 3 rd decel switch	0.0~300.0	240.0	See 8.7
P10.39 Decel 3 @time	1 10.50	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	000 0.1
P10.40 Decel 4 Sets the 4th decel switch (gwitching) Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.40 to the P10.38. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.40 to the P10.38. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.40 to the P10.38. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.40 to the P10.38. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.40 to the P10.38. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.40 to the P10.40. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.40 to the P10.40. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.40 to the P10.40. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.42 to the P10.40. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.42 to the P10.40. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.44 to the P10.42. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.44 to the P10.42. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.44 to the P10.42. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.44 to the P10.42. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.44 to the P10.42. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.44 to the P10.44. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.44 to the P10.44. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.44 to the P10.44. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.46 to the P10.44. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.46 to the P10.44. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.46 to the P10.44. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.46 to the P10.44. Set 6th e time to decelerate from (p10.46 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10.48 to the P10.46. Set 5th e time to decelerate from (p10	D10.20	Docal 2 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	7.00	Soc 9 7
P10.40	P 10.39	Decer 3 Willie	P10.38 to the P10.36.	[s]	[s]	See 6.7
### Base	D46 45	Decel 4	Sets the 4 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	Coc 0 7
P10.41 Decel 4 @time P10.40 to the P10.38. [s] [s] See 8.7	P10.40	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 6.7
P10.40 to the P10.38.		5 14 6 11	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	
P10.42 Decel 5 @switching Sets the 5 th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.43 Decel 5 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.42 to the P10.40. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.44 Decel 6 @switching Sets the 6 th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.45 Decel 6 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.42. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.46 Decel 7 @switching Sets the 7 th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.47 Decel 7 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44. 0.0~300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.48 Decel 8 @stime (frequency). Sets the 8 th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. [%] [%] See 8.7 P10.55 Counter_Decel ([1] Enabled) 0.0~300.0 [%] 0.0 300.0	P10.41	Decel 4 @time	P10.40 to the P10.38.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
### Best		Decel 5	Sets the 5 th decel switch			
P10.43 Decel 5 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.42 to the P10.40. 0.0~300.0 [s] 10.00 [s] See 8.7 P10.44 Decel 6 @cswitching Sets the 6th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.45 Decel 6 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44 to the P10.42. [s] [s] See 8.7 P10.46 Decel 7 @switching Sets the 7th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.47 Decel 7 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44. 0.0~300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.48 Decel 8 @switching Sets the 8th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. [s] See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. [s] see 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. [s] see 8.7 P10.55 Counter_Decel [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0.0~300.0 0.0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time [P10.42	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
P10.43 Decel 5 @time P10.42 to the P10.40. [s] See 8.7 P10.44 Decel 6 @switching Sets the 6th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] P10.45 Decel 6 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44 to the P10.42. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [%] P10.46 Decel 7 @switching Sets the 7th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] P10.47 Decel 7 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [%] P10.48 Decel 8 @switching Sets the 8th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [%] P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] 0.0 P10.55 Counter_Decel [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 [1.50] 1.50			Sets the time to decelerate from			
P10.44 Decel 6 @switching Sets the 6th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.45 Decel 6 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44 to the P10.42. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.46 Decel 7 @switching Sets the 7th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.47 Decel 7 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 See 8.7 P10.48 Decel 8 @switching Sets the 8th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.55 Counter_Decel [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0.0~300.0 300.0 300.0 [%] 0.0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 1.50 1.50	P10.43	Decel 5 @time				See 8.7
P10.44 @switching Frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7		Decel 6	Sets the 6 th decel switch			
P10.45 Decel 6 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44 to the P10.42. [s]	P10.44					See 8.7
P10.45 Decel 6 @time P10.44 to the P10.42. [s] [s] See 8.7 P10.46 Decel 7 (@switching) Sets the 7th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.47 Decel 7 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 (%) See 8.7 P10.48 Decel 8 (@switching) Sets the 8th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 (%) See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 (@time) Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 (%) See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0.0~300.0 [%] 0.0 P10.55 Counter_Decel time [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 0 P10.56 E-STOP MODE [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 1.50 1.50		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
P10.46 Decel 7 @switching Sets the 7 th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.47 Decel 7 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [%] See 8.7 P10.48 Decel 8 @switching Sets the 8 th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED 0.0~300.0 [%] 0.0 See 8.7 P10.55 Counter_Decel [1] Enabled 0~1 0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 P10.57 E-STOP MODE [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 1.50 1.50	P10.45	Decel 6 @time				See 8.7
P10.46 @switching frequency. [%] [%] See 8.7 P10.47 Decel 7 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44. 0.0~300.0 [s] 10.00 [s] See 8.7 P10.48 Decel 8 @switching Sets the 8th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [s] See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED 0.0~300.0 [%] 0.0 [%] 5ee 8.7 P10.55 Counter_Decel [1] Enabled 0.00~300.0 [%] 0.0 10.00 [%] P10.56 Counter_Decel time [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 [s] 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 [1.50] 1.50		D 17				
P10.47 Decel 7 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.44. 0.0~300.0 [s] 10.00 [s] See 8.7 P10.48 Decel 8 @switching Sets the 8th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [s] See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED 0.0~300.0 [%] 0.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.55 Counter_Decel time [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 [1.50] 1.50	P10.46					See 8.7
P10.47 Decel 7 @time P10.46 to the P10.44. [s] See 8.7 P10.48 Decel 8 @switching Sets the 8 th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 300.0 See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED 0.0~300.0 0.0 [%] [%] P10.55 Counter_Decel [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 1.50 1 1		@switching				
P10.48 Decel 8 @switching Sets the 8 th decel switch frequency. 0.0~300.0 [%] 300.0 [%] See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.48 to the P10.46. 0.0~300.0 [%] 10.00 [s] See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED 0.0~300.0 [%] 0.0 [%] [%] [%] P10.55 Counter_Decel time [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 0 0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 1 P10.57 E-STOP MODE [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 1.50	P10.47	Decel 7 @time		0.0~300.0		See 8.7
P10.48 @switching frequency. [%] See 8.7 P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.46. 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED 0.0~300.0 0.0 [%] [%] P10.55 Counter_Decel [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 1 P10.57 E-STOP MODE [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 0					[s]	
P10.49 Decel 8 @time Sets the time to decelerate from P10.48 to the P10.46. 0.0~300.0 10.00 See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running START_SPEED 0.0~300.0 0.0 See 8.7 P10.55 Counter_Decel time [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 P10.57 E-STOP time [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1	P10 48			0.0~300.0	300.0	See 8.7
P10.49 Decel 8 @time P10.48 to the P10.46. [s] See 8.7 P10.54 Free Running STOP 0.0~300.0 0.0 [%] [%] [%] P10.54 Counter_Decel [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 P10.55 Counter_Decel time 0.00~300.00 [s] 3.00 [s] P10.57 E-STOP MODE [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 1.50 1.50	1 10.40	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	
P10.48 to the P10.46. [s] [s] [s]	D10 40	Decel 8 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	See 8.7
P10.54 START_SPEED [%] [%] P10.55 Counter_Decel [0] Disabled [1] Enabled 0~1 0 P10.56 Counter_Decel time 0.00~300.00 3.00 [s] P10.57 E-STOP MODE [0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 1.50	1 10.43	Booci o @iinio	P10.48 to the P10.46.	[s]	[s]	000 0.1
START_SPEED [%] [%]	D40.54	Free Running		0.0~300.0	0.0	
P10.55 Counter_Decel [1] Enabled 0~1 0	P10.54	START_SPEED		[%]	[%]	
The proof of time The	D40 55	Countar Docal	[0] Disabled	0 - 1	0	
P10.56 time	P10.55	Counter_Decer	[1] Enabled	U~ I	U	
time [s] [s] P10.57 E-STOP MODE [0] Ramp STOP 0~1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 1.50	D40 F6	Counter_Decel		0.00~300.00	3.00	
P10.57 E-STOP MODE [1] Free Running STOP 0~1 1 P10.58 E-STOP time 0.00~300.00 1.50	P 10.56	time		[s]	[s]	
[1] Free Running STOP 0.00~300.00 1.50	D10 57	E-STOP MODE	[0] Ramp STOP	0~.1	1	
P10.58 E-STOP time	710.57	L-3 TOF MODE	[1] Free Running STOP	U [∞] ~ I	'	
	D10 E0	F-STOP time		0.00~300.00	1.50	
[2] [3]	7 10.58	L-0101 tille		[s]	[s]	

7.11 Motion Control 4 P11

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P11.0	RUN_SRC	[0] Terminal (DI)[1] Local Operator[2] Profibus DP[3] MODBUS[4] FREE BLOCK	0∼4	0	
P11.1	RUN_SRC @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the Run command via the FREE_BLOCK.			
P11.2	DIR_SRC @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the Direction command via the FREE_BLOCK.			
P11.3	STOP mode	[0] Ramp STOP [1] Free Running STOP	0~1	0	See 8.7
P11.6	START delay	Sets the start delay time.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.7	STOP_HOLD Time	Sets the stop hold time.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.10	Speed_Input Source	[0] TERMINAL [1] AI 1 [2] AI 2 [3] LOCAL OPERATOR [4] Profibus DP [5] MODBUS [6] FREE BLOCK	0~6	0	
P11.11	Speed_Src @FREE_BLOCK	To issue the speed given free function block source			
P11.13	Accel_Time Control Source	[0]DISABLE [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting	0~3	0	See 8.7
P11.14	Accel_Time multiplier		0.1~10.0	1.0	See 8.7
P11.15	Accel 1 @switching	Sets the 1 st accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.7
P11.16	Accel 1 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to the P11.15.	0.0~300.0 [s]	3.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.17	Accel 2 @switching	Sets the 2 nd accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0 [%]	See 8.7

P11.18	Accel 2 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from P11.15 to the P11.17.	0.0~300.0 [s]	4.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.19	Accel 3 @switching	Sets the 3 rd accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	240.0	See 8.7
P11.20	Accel 3 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from P11.17 to the P11.19.	0.0~300.0 [s]	7.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.21	Accel 4 @switching	Sets the 4 th accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	300.0	See 8.7
P11.22	Accel 4 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from P11.19 to the P11.21.	0.0~300.0 [s]	10.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.23	Accel 5 @switching	Sets the 5 th accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	300.0	See 8.7
P11.24	Accel 5 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from P11.21 to the P11.23.	0.0~300.0 [s]	10.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.25	Accel 6 @switching	Sets the 6 th accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	300.0	See 8.7
P11.26	Accel 6 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from P11.23 to the P11.25.	0.0~300.0 [s]	10.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.27	Accel 7 @switching	Sets the 7 th accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	300.0	See 8.7
P11.28	Accel 7 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from P11.25 to the P11.27.	0.0~300.0 [s]	10.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.29	Accel 8 @switching	Sets the 8 th accel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	300.0	See 8.7
P11.30	Accel 8 @time	Sets the time to accelerate from P11.27 to the P11.29.	0.0∼300.0 [s]	10.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.32	Decel_Time Control Source	[0]DISABLE [1]PROFIBUS [2]MODBUS [3]Local setting	0∼3	0	See 8.7
P11.33	Decel_Time_Div multiplier		0.1~10.0	1.0	See 8.7
P11.34	Decel 1 @switching	Sets the 1 st decel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.7
P11.35	Decel 1 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from P11.34 to the 0.	0.0~300.0 [s]	3.00 [s]	See 8.7
P11.36	Decel 2 @switching	Sets the 2 nd decel switch frequency.	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0 [%]	See 8.7

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	1			1	
P11.37	Decel 2 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	4.00	See 8.7
_		P11.36 to the P11.34.	[s]	[s]	
P11.38	Decel 3 @switching	Sets the 3 rd decel switch	0.0~300.0	240.0	See 8.7
P11.30		itching frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 0.7
D44.00	D 10 0"	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	7.00	C 0.7
P11.39	Decel 3 @time	P11.38 to the P11.36.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
P11.40	Decel 4	Sets the 4 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	0 07
	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
	5 1160	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	0 0 7
P11.41	Decel 4 @time	P11.40 to the P11.38.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
	Decel 5	Sets the 5 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	
P11.42	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
	D 15 0"	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	0 07
P11.43	Decel 5 @time	P11.42 to the P11.40.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
	Decel 6	Sets the 6 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	0 07
P11.44	@switching	witching frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
	Decel 6 @time	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	
P11.45		P11.44 to the P11.42.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
	Decel 7	Sets the 7 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	0 07
P11.46	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
	D 17.00	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	0 07
P11.47	Decel 7 @time	P11.46 to the P11.44.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
	Decel 8	Sets the 8 th decel switch	0.0~300.0	300.0	0 0 7
P11.48	@switching	frequency.	[%]	[%]	See 8.7
	5 10 0"	Sets the time to decelerate from	0.0~300.0	10.00	0 0 7
P11.49	Decel 8 @time	P11.48 to the P11.46.	[s]	[s]	See 8.7
	Free Running		0.0~300.0	0.0	
P11.54	START_SPEED		[%]	[%]	
D44 EE	Counter_Decel	[0] Disabled	0∼1	0	
P11.55	Codinei_Decei	[1] Enabled	0, ~ 1	0	
P11.56	Counter_Decel		0.00~300.00	3.00	
1 11.50	time		[s]	[s]	
P11.57	E-STOP MODE	[0] Ramp STOP	0∼1	1	
		[1] Free Running STOP			
P11.58	E-STOP time		0.00~300.00	1.50	
			[s]	[s]	

7.12 Motor 1 Step Speed Brake Set P12

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P12.0	Multi-step MODE	[0] Direct Step Input [1] Bit Decoding	0~1	1	See 8.8
P12.1	Multi-step Unit	[0][%] [1][Hz] [2][rpm]	0~2	1	
P12.2	MSTEP @step 1		0.0~3000.0	10.0	
P12.3	MSTEP @step 2		0.0~3000.0	20.0	
P12.4	MSTEP @step 3		0.0~3000.0	35.0	
P12.5	MSTEP @step 4		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.6	MSTEP @step 5		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.7	MSTEP @step 6		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.8	MSTEP @step 7		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.9	MSTEP @step 8		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.10	MSTEP @step 9		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.11	MSTEP @step 10		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.12	MSTEP @step 11		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.13	MSTEP @step 12		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.14	MSTEP @step 13		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.15	MSTEP @step 14		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.16	MSTEP @step 15		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P12.17	MSTEP @step 16		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
D40.00	Brake Release	Sets the brake release speed	0.0~20.0	2.0	0 0 0
P12.22	@speed	when in forward.	[%]	[%]	See 8.8
P12.23	Brake Release	Sets the brake release speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	See 8.8
	@Rev_Speed	when in reverse.	[%]	[%]	
P12.24	Brake Release	Sets the brake release torque	0.0~200.0	30.0	See 8.8
	@Torque	when in forward	[%]	[%]	
P12.25	Brake Release @Rev Torque	Sets the brake release torque when in reverse.	0.0~200.0 [%]	20.0 [%]	See 8.8
	Brake				
P12.26	Release_Ctrl		0.00~2.00	0.00	See 8.8
	@Delay_time		[s]	[s]	

P12.27	Brake Release_Ctrl @RevSpd Delay_time		0.00~2.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.8
P12.28	Brake Release @Delay_time	Sets the delay time of brake release when in forward.	0.00~2.00 [s]	0.07 [s]	See 8.8
P12.29	Brake Release @RevSpd Delay_time	Sets the delay time of brake release when in reverse.	0.00∼2.00 [s]	0.07 [s]	See 8.8
P12.32	Brake Closure @speed	Sets the brake closure speed when in forward.	0.0~20.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.8
P12.33	Brake Closure @Rev_Speed	Sets the brake closure speed when in reverse.	0.0~20.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.8
P12.34	Brake Closure @Delay_time	Sets the delay time of brake closure when in forward.	0.00~2.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.8
P12.35	Brake Closure @Rev_Delay_time	Sets the delay time of brake closure when in reverse.	0.00~2.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.8
P12.36	Brake Closure @time	Sets the brake closure time when in forward.	0.00~2.00 [s]	0.50 [s]	See 8.8
P12.37	Brake Closure @Rev_time	Sets the brake closure time when in reverse.	0.00~2.00 [s]	0.50 [s]	See 8.8

7.13 Motor 2 Step Speed Brake Set P13

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P13.0	Multi-step MODE	[0] Direct Step Input [1] Bit Decoding	0~1	1	See 8.8
P13.1	Multi-step Unit	[0][%] [1][Hz] [2][rpm]	0∼2	1	
P13.2	MSTEP @step 1		0.0~3000.0	10.0	
P13.3	MSTEP @step 2		0.0~3000.0	20.0	
P13.4	MSTEP @step 3		0.0~3000.0	35.0	
P13.5	MSTEP @step 4		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.6	MSTEP @step 5		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.7	MSTEP @step 6		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.8	MSTEP @step 7		0.0~3000.0	50.0	



			T		1
P13.9	MSTEP @step 8		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.10	MSTEP @step 9		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.11	MSTEP @step 10		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.12	MSTEP @step 11		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.13	MSTEP @step 12		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.14	MSTEP @step 13		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.15	MSTEP @step 14		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.16	MSTEP @step 15		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P13.17	MSTEP @step 16		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
	Brake Release	Sets the brake release speed	0.0~20.0	2.0	
P13.22	@speed	when in forward.	[%]	[%]	See 8.8
P13.23	Brake Release	Sets the brake release speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	See 8.8
F 13.23	@Rev_Speed	when in reverse.	[%]	[%]	See 0.0
P13.24	Brake Release	Sets the brake release torque	0.0~200.0	30.0	See 8.8
	@Torque	when in forward	[%]	[%]	
P13.25	Brake Release	Sets the brake release torque	0.0~200.0	20.0	See 8.8
	@Rev_Torque	when in reverse.	[%]	[%]	
P13.26	Brake Release Ctrl		0.00~2.00	0.00	See 8.8
1 10.20	@Delay_time		[s]	[s]	000 0.0
	Brake				
P13.27	Release_Ctrl		0.00~2.00	0.00	See 8.8
1 10.21	@RevSpd		[s]	[s]	000 0.0
	Delay_time Brake Release	Sate the delay time of broke	0.00~2.00	0.07	
P13.28	@Delay time	Sets the delay time of brake release when in forward.	[s]	0.07 [s]	See 8.8
	Brake Release				
P13.29	@RevSpd	Sets the delay time of brake release when in reverse.	0.00~2.00	0.07	See 8.8
	Delay_time	Telease when in reverse.	[s]	[s]	
P13.32	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	See 8.8
1 10.02	@speed	when in forward.	[%]	[%]	000 0.0
P13.33	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	See 8.8
	@Rev_Speed	when in reverse.	[%]	[%]	
P13.34	Brake Closure	Sets the delay time of brake	0.00~2.00	0.00	See 8.8
	@Delay_time	closure when in forward.	[s]	[s]	
P13.35	Brake Closure @Rev Delay time	Sets the delay time of brake closure when in reverse.	0.00~2.00	0.00	See 8.8
	wives_peray_unie	GOSGIE WHEITHI IEVEISE.	[s]	[s]	

P13.36	Brake Closure @time	Sets the brake closure time when in forward.	0.00~2.00 [s]	0.50 [s]	See 8.8
P13.37	Brake Closure @Rev_time	Sets the brake closure time when in reverse.	0.00~2.00 [s]	0.50 [s]	See 8.8

7.14 Motor 3 Step Speed Brake Set P14

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P14.0	Multi-step MODE	[0] Direct Step Input [1] Bit Decoding	0~1	1	See 8.8
P14.1	Multi-step Unit	[0][%] [1][Hz] [2][rpm]	0~2	1	
P14.2	MSTEP @step 1		0.0~3000.0	10.0	
P14.3	MSTEP @step 2		0.0~3000.0	20.0	
P14.4	MSTEP @step 3		0.0~3000.0	35.0	
P14.5	MSTEP @step 4		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.6	MSTEP @step 5		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.7	MSTEP @step 6		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.8	MSTEP @step 7		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.9	MSTEP @step 8		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.10	MSTEP @step 9		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.11	MSTEP @step 10		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.12	MSTEP @step 11		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.13	MSTEP @step 12		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.14	MSTEP @step 13		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.15	MSTEP @step 14		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.16	MSTEP @step 15		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.17	MSTEP @step 16		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P14.22	Brake Release	Sets the brake release speed	0.0~20.0	2.0	See 8.8
P 14.22	@speed	when in forward.	[%]	[%]	See 0.0
P14.23	Brake Release	Sets the brake release speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	See 8.8
	@Rev_Speed	when in reverse.	[%]	[%]	200 0.0
P14.24	Brake Release @Torque	Sets the brake release torque when in forward	0.0~200.0 [%]	30.0 [%]	See 8.8

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P14.25	Brake Release	Sets the brake release torque	0.0~200.0	20.0	See 8.8
	@Rev_Torque	when in reverse.	[%]	[%]	
	Brake		0.00~2.00	0.00	
P14.26	Release_Ctrl		[s]	[s]	See 8.8
	@Delay_time		اوا	[2]	
	Brake				
D44.07	Release_Ctrl		0.00~2.00	0.00	0 0 0
P14.27	@RevSpd		[s]	[s]	See 8.8
	Delay_time				
P14.28	Brake Release	Sets the delay time of brake	0.00~2.00	0.07	See 8.8
P 14.20	@Delay_time	release when in forward.	[s]	[s]	See o.o
	Brake Release	Cata the delay time of brake	0.00~2.00	0.07	
P14.29	@RevSpd	Sets the delay time of brake			See 8.8
	Delay_time	release when in reverse.	[s]	[s]	
P14.32	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	0 0 0
P14.32	@speed	when in forward.	[%]	[%]	See 8.8
D44.00	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	0 00
P14.33	@Rev_Speed	when in reverse.	[%]	[%]	See 8.8
	Brake Closure	Sets the delay time of brake	0.00~2.00	0.00	
P14.34	@Delay_time	closure when in forward.	[s]	[s]	See 8.8
	Brake Closure	Sets the delay time of brake	0.00~2.00	0.00	
P14.35	@Rev_Delay_time	closure when in reverse.	[s]	[s]	See 8.8
_	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure time	0.00~2.00	0.50	_
P14.36	@time	when in forward.	[s]	[s]	See 8.8
	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure time	0.00~2.00	0.50	
P14.37	@Rev_time	when in reverse.	[s]	[s]	See 8.8
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7.15 Motor 4 Step Speed Brake Set P15

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P15.0	Multi-step MODE	[0] Direct Step Input [1] Bit Decoding	0~1	1	See 8.8
P15.1	Multi-step Unit	[0][%] [1][Hz] [2][rpm]	0~2	1	
P15.2	MSTEP @step 1		0.0~3000.0	10.0	
P15.3	MSTEP @step 2		0.0~3000.0	20.0	
P15.4	MSTEP @step 3		0.0~3000.0	35.0	



_	1	T	1		
P15.5	MSTEP @step 4		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.6	MSTEP @step 5		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.7	MSTEP @step 6		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.8	MSTEP @step 7		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.9	MSTEP @step 8		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.10	MSTEP @step 9		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.11	MSTEP @step 10		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.12	MSTEP @step 11		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.13	MSTEP @step 12		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.14	MSTEP @step 13		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.15	MSTEP @step 14		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.16	MSTEP @step 15		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
P15.17	MSTEP @step 16		0.0~3000.0	50.0	
D45 00	Brake Release	Sets the brake release speed	0.0~20.0	2.0	C 0 0
P15.22	@speed	when in forward.	[%]	[%]	See 8.8
P15.23	Brake Release	Sets the brake release speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	See 8.8
- 10.20	@Rev_Speed	when in reverse.	[%]	[%]	
P15.24	Brake Release	Sets the brake release torque	0.0~200.0	30.0	See 8.8
	@Torque	when in forward	[%]	[%]	
P15.25	Brake Release @Rev_Torque	Sets the brake release torque when in reverse.	0.0~200.0 [%]	20.0 [%]	See 8.8
	Brake	WHOT III TO VOICE.			
P15.26	Release_Ctrl		0.00~2.00	0.00	See 8.8
	@Delay_time		[s]	[s]	
	Brake		0.00~2.00	0.00	
P15.27	Release_Ctrl @RevSpd		[s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.8
	Delay_time		اوا	[5]	
D15 20	Brake Release	Sets the delay time of brake	0.00~2.00	0.07	See 8.8
P15.28	@Delay_time	release when in forward.	[s]	[s]	See 6.6
	Brake Release	Sets the delay time of brake	0.00~2.00	0.07	
P15.29	@RevSpd Delay_time	release when in reverse.	[s]	[s]	See 8.8
	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	_
P15.32	@speed	when in forward.	[%]	[%]	See 8.8
P15.33	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure speed	0.0~20.0	0.0	See 8.8
F 13.33	@Rev_Speed	when in reverse.	[%]	[%]	JEE 0.0

D15 24	Brake Closure	Sets the delay time of brake	0.00~2.00	0.00	Soc 9 9
P15.34	@Delay_time	closure when in forward.	[s]	[s]	See 8.8
D45.05	Brake Closure	Sets the delay time of brake	0.00~2.00	0.00	Can 0 0
P15.35	@Rev_Delay_time	closure when in reverse.	[s]	[s]	See 8.8
P15.36	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure time	0.00~2.00	0.50	C 0 0
	@time	when in forward.	[s]	[s]	See 8.8
P15.37	Brake Closure	Sets the brake closure time	0.00~2.00	0.50	Can 0 0
	@Rev_time	when in reverse.	[s]	[s]	See 8.8

7.16 Motor 1 Parameter V/F Set P16

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P16.0	Supply Voltage	Sets the supply voltage.	320~460	380	
			[V]	[V]	
P16.2	Nominal Power	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0~4000.0 [kW]	Model dependent	
				[kW]	
P16.3	Nominal Voltage	Sets parameter based on	320~460	380	
		motor nameplate	[V]	[V]	
	Nominal Current	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0~6500.0 [A]	Model	
P16.4				dependent	
				[A]	
P16.5	Nominal Frequency	Sets parameter based on	0.0~300.0	50.0	
		motor nameplate	[Hz]	[Hz]	
P16.6	Nominal Speed	Sets parameter based on	0∼6000	1465	
F 10.0		motor nameplate	[rpm]	[rpm]	
P16.7	Number of Poles	Sets parameter based on	2~12	4	See 8.9
1 10.7		motor nameplate	[pole]	[pole]	
P16.9	Synchronous Speed	Sets parameter based on	0∼7200	1500	See 8.9
P 16.9		motor nameplate	[rpm]	[rpm]	
	Basic Control Function	[0] V/F	0~4	0	
		[1] S/L Vector Control			
D40.44		[2] CL Vector Control			
P16.11		[3] Line Converter Control			
		(AFE)			
		[4] Line Active Power Filter			
P16.12	PWM @Carrier	Cata the corrier from 12.5	1.00~10.00	3.00	See 8.9
	Frequency	Sets the carrier frequency.	[kHz]	[kHz]	
P16.14	V/F Curve Pattern	[0]Linear Curve V/F			
		[1] Multi-point Curve V/F	0~3 0	See 8.9	
		[2] Square Curve V/F			

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	Torque	[0] Disabled		_	
P16.15	Compensation	[1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.9
P16.16	Torque	Sets torque compensation	2~500	500	
	Compensation Time	time	[ms]	[ms]	
P16.17		[0] V/F Frequency Control [1] Slip Compensated	0~1	0	
		Speed Control			
P16.18	Slip Compensation Time	Sets the slip compensation time.	10∼1000 [ms]	200 [ms]	
			[III9]	[iiio]	
P16.19	Stator Resistance Auto-Tuning Option	[0]Online [1]Offline	0~1	0	
P16.22	Delay Time @START	Sets the delay time at start.	0.00~100.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.9
P16.23		Sets the minimum frequency(valid only when running in V/F control mode).	0.00~300.00 [Hz]	0.00 [Hz]	
P16.24	Max. Frequency	Sets the maximum frequency(valid only when running in V/F control mode).	0.00~300.00 [Hz]	50.00 [Hz]	
P16.25	Max. Modulation	Sets the maximum	0.0~120.0	100.0	
1 10.20	Ratio	modulation ratio.	[%]	[%]	
P16.26	V/F DC offset	Sets the V/F DC offset at start.	0.00~10.00 [%]	0.75 [%]	See 8.9
P16.27	Nominal Frequency Voltage	Sets the output voltage at nominal frequency.	0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.9
P16.30	Square Curve Voltage Compensation @START	Sets the square curve voltage compensation at start.	0.0~100.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.9
P16.33	Number of V/F points	Sets the number of V/F points	0~6	2	See 8.9
P16.34	V/F point @F1		0.0∼300.0 [Hz]	5.0 [Hz]	
P16.35	V/F point @V1		0.0~125.0 [%]	11.5 [%]	
P16.36	V/F point @F2		0.0~300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
P16.37	V/F point @V2		0.0~125.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	



			0.0.000		
P16.38	V/F point @F3		0.0~300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
			0.0~125.0	100.0	
P16.39	V/F point @V3		[%]	[%]	
			0.0~300.0	50.0	
P16.40	V/F point @F4		[Hz]	[Hz]	
			0.0~125.0	100.0	
P16.41	V/F point @V4		[%]	[%]	
			0.0~300.0	50.0	
P16.42	V/F point @F5		[Hz]	[Hz]	
			0.0~125.0	100.0	
P16.43	V/F point @V5		[%]	[%]	
			0.0~300.0	50.0	
P16.44	V/F point @F6		[Hz]	[Hz]	
			0.0~125.0	100.0	
P16.45	V/F point @V6		[%]	[%]	
	V/F Curve				
P16.46	@FREE BLOCK		0∼300	0	
	Voltage ADJ				
P16.47	@FREE BLOCK		0∼300	0	
	<u> </u>	[0]DISABLE			
	Frequency_Adj_SRC	[1] PID BLOCK 1	0∼3		
P16.48		[2] PID BLOCK 2		0	
	AD.	[3] FREE BLOCK			
P16.49	Frequency_ADJ	0~300	0∼300	0	
	@FREE_BLOCK				
P16.50	START_DC_Braking	Sets the time of	0.00~300.00	0.00	See 8.9
1 10.00	@time	START_DC_Braking.	[s]	[s]	000 0.0
P16.51	START_DC_Braking	Sets the current of	0.0~150.0	70.0	See 8.9
F 10.51	@current	START_DC_Braking.	[%]	[%]	Sec 0.9
D40 F0	START_DC_Braking	Sets the frequency of	0.00~5.00	0.00	0 00
P16.52	@frequency	START_DC_Braking.	[Hz]	[Hz]	See 8.9
540.54	STOP_DC_Braking	Sets the time of	0.00~300.00	0.00	
P16.54	@time	STOP_DC_Braking.	[s]	[s]	See 8.9
	STOP DC Braking	Sets the current of	0.0~150.0	75.0	
P16.55	@current	STOP DC Braking.	[%]	[%]	See 8.9
	STOP DC Braking	Sets the frequency of	0.00~5.00	0.00	
P16.56	@frequency	STOP DC Braking.	[Hz]	[Hz]	See 8.9
	,,	Sets over currentprotection	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P16.59	Kp_OC_Protection	·			
		Ratio	[%]	[%]	
D40.00	Ki_OC_Protection	Sets over current protection	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
10.60	IN_OC_FIGUEGUOII	integral	[%]	[%]	
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>

P16.61	Kp_OV_Limiter	Sets over voltage protection Ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P16.62	Ki_OV_Limiter	Sets over voltage protection integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P16.64	V/F Stabilization @Gain	Sets the gain of V/F stabilization.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.9
P16.66	V/F Stabilization @Limit	Sets the limit of V/F stabilization.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P16.67	Start DC Brake Ratio	Sets start DC brake Ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P16.68	Start DC Brake Integral	Sets start DC brake integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P16.69	Stop DC Brake Ratio	Sets stop DC brake Ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P16.70	Stop DC Brake Integral	Sets stop DC brake integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	

7.17 Motor 2 Parameter V/F Set P17

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P17.0	Supply Voltage	Sets based on actual supply voltage	320∼460 [V]	380 [V]	
P17.2	Nominal Power	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0~4000.0 [kW]	Model dependent [kW]	
P17.3	Nominal Voltage	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	320∼460 [V]	380 [V]	
P17.4	Nominal Current	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0~6500.0 [A]	Model dependent [A]	
P17.5	Nominal Frequency	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0∼300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
P17.6	Nominal Speed	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0∼6000 [rpm]	1465 [rpm]	
P17.7	Number of Poles	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	2~12 [pole]	4 [pole]	See 8.9
P17.9	Motor Synchronous Speed	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0∼7200 [rpm]	1500 [rpm]	See 8.9

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P17.11	Basic Control Function	 [0] V/F [1] S/L Vector Control [2] CL Vector Control [3] Line Converter Control (AFE) [4] Line Active Power Filter 	0~4	0	
P17.12	PWM @Carrier Frequency	Sets the carrier frequency.	1.00~10.00 [kHz]	3.00 [kHz]	See 8.9
P17.14	V/FCurve Pattern	[0] Linear Curve V/F [1] Multi-point Curve V/F [2] Square Curve V/F	0~3	0	See 8.9
P17.15	Torque Compensation	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.9
P17.16	Torque Compensation Time	Sets torque compensation time	2∼500 [ms]	500 [ms]	
P17.17	-	[0] V/F Frequency Control [1] Slip Compensated Speed Control	0~1	0	
P17.18	Slip Compensation Time	Sets the slip compensation time.	10~1000 [ms]	200 [ms]	
P17.19	Stator Resistance Auto-Tuning Option	[0]Online [1]Offline	0~1	0	
P17.22	Delay Time @START	Sets the delay time at start.	0.00~100.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.9
P17.23	Min. Frequency	Sets the minimum frequency(valid only when running in V/F control mode).	0.00~300.00 [Hz]	0.00 [Hz]	
P17.24	Max. Frequency	Sets the maximum frequency(valid only when running in V/F control mode).	0.00~300.00 [Hz]	50.00 [Hz]	
P17.25	Max. Modulation Ratio	Sets the maximum modulation ratio.	0.0~120.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P17.26	V/F DC offset	Sets the V/F DC offset at start.	0.00~10.00 [%]	0.75 [%]	See 8.9
P17.27	Nominal Frequency Voltage	Sets the output voltage at nominal frequency.	0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.9
P17.30	Square Curve Voltage Compensation @START	Sets the square curve voltage compensation at start.	0.0~100.0 [%]	0.0	See 8.9



		Sets the number of V/F			
P17.33	Number of V/F points	points	0∼6	2	See 8.9
		points	0.0~300.0	5.0	
P17.34	V/F point @F1		[Hz]	5.0 [Hz]	
			0.0~125.0	11.5	
P17.35	V/F point @V1		[%]	[%]	
	\//E : 1 O E 0		0.0~300.0	50.0	
P17.36	V/F point @F2		[Hz]	[Hz]	
D47.07	V/E point @V/2		0.0~125.0	100.0	
P17.37	V/F point @V2		[%]	[%]	
D17 39	V/F point @F3		0.0~300.0	50.0	
F 17.30	V/I point @1 o		[Hz]	[Hz]	
P17 39	V/F point @V3		0.0~125.0	100.0	
			[%]	[%]	
P17.40	V/F point @F4		0.0~300.0	50.0	
			[Hz]	[Hz]	
P17.41	V/F point @V4		0.0~125.0	100.0	
			[%] 0.0~300.0	[%] 50.0	
P17.42	V/F point @F5		0.0 ⁷ 300.0	50.0 [Hz]	
			0.0~125.0	100.0	
P17.43	V/F point @V5		[%]	[%]	
			0.0~300.0	50.0	
P17.44	V/F point @F6		[Hz]	[Hz]	
	\//E : (O \ / O		0.0~125.0	100.0	
P17.45	V/F point @V6		[%]	[%]	
D47.40	V/F Curve		0 - 200	0	
P17.46	@FREE_BLOCK		0∼300	0	
D47.47	Voltage_ADJ		0 - 200	0	
P17.47	@FREE_BLOCK		0∼300	0	
		[0]DISABLE			
D47.40	Fraguenay Adi SDC	[1] PID BLOCK 1	0 ~ .2	0	
P17.48	Frequency_Adj_SRC	[2] PID BLOCK 2	0~3	U	
		[3] FREE BLOCK			
D47.40	Frequency_ADJ		0∼300	0	
P17.49	@FREE_BLOCK		0 -300	U	
D47.50	START_DC_Braking	Sets the time of	0.00~300.00	0.00	0 00
P17.50	@time	START_DC_Braking.	[s]	[s]	See 8.9
D17 54	START_DC_Braking	Sets the current of	0.0~150.0	70.0	Soc 9.0
P17.51	@current	START_DC_Braking.	[%]	[%]	See 8.9
D47.50	START_DC_Braking	Sets the frequency of	0.00~5.00	0.00	Coc 0 0
P17.52	@frequency	START_DC_Braking.	[Hz]	[Hz]	See 8.9
D17 E4	STOP_DC_Braking	Sets the time of	0.00~300.00	0.00	800 0 0
P17.54	@time	STOP_DC_Braking.	[s]	[s]	See 8.9

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P17.55	STOP_DC_Braking @current	Sets the current of STOP DC Braking.	0.0~150.0 [%]	75.0 [%]	See 8.9
P17.56	STOP_DC_Braking	Sets the frequency of	0.00~5.00	0.00	See 8.9
17.30	@frequency	STOP_DC_Braking.	[Hz]	[Hz]	366 0.9
			0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P17.59	Kp_OC_Protection	Sets OC_Protection ratio	[%]	[%]	
D47.00	Vi OC Protection	Sets OC_Protection	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P17.60	Ki_OC_Protection	integral	[%]	[%]	
	14 0 4 1 : 11	0 (0) (11 11 11	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P17.61	Kp_OV_Limiter	Sets OV_limiter ratio	[%]	[%]	
	IC: 0)/ I: ::		0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P17.62	Ki_OV_Limiter	Sets OV_limiter integral	[%]	[%]	
	V/F Stabilization	Sets the gain of V/F	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P17.64	@Gain	stabilization.	[%]	[%]	See 8.9
		Sets the ratio of current			
P17 66	K CL Ctrl	limit loop in V/F control	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
17.00		mode.	[%]	[%]	
			0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P17.67	Start DC Brake Ratio	Sets start DC brake Ratio	[%]	[%]	
	Start DC Brake		0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P17.68		Sets start DC brake integral	[%]	[%]	
	Integral				
P17 60	Stop DC Brake Ratio	Sets stop DC brake Ratio	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
1 17.09	Ctop DO Diake Natio	Solo Stop Do Brano Natio	[%]	[%]	
D 4====	Stop DC Brake		0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P17.70	Integral	Sets stop DC brake integral	[%]	[%]	

7.18 Motor 3 Parameter V/F Set P18

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P18.0	Supply Voltage	Sets based on actual supply voltage	320∼460 [V]	380 [V]	
P18.2	Nominal Power	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0~4000.0 [kW]	Model dependent [kW]	
P18.3	Nominal Voltage	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	320~460 [V]	380 [V]	
P18.4	Nominal Current	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0∼6500.0 [A]	Model dependent [A]	



P18.5	Nominal Frequency	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0~300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
P18.6	Nominal Speed	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0~6000 [rpm]	1465 [rpm]	
P18.7	Number of Poles	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	2~12 [pole]	4 [pole]	See 8.9
P18.9	Motor Synchronous Speed	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0∼7200 [rpm]	1500 [rpm]	See 8.9
P18.11	Basic Control Function	[0] V/F [1] S/L Vector Control [2] CL Vector Control [3] Line Converter Control (AFE) [4] Line Active Power Filter	0∼4	0	
P18.12	PWM @Carrier Frequency	Sets the carrier frequency.	1.00~10.00 [kHz]	3.00 [kHz]	See 8.9
P18.14	V/F Curve Pattern	[0]Linear Curve V/F [1] Multi-point Curve V/F [2] Square Curve V/F	0~3	0	See 8.9
P18.15	Torque Compensation	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.9
P18.16	Torque Compensation Time	Sets torque compensation time	2∼500 [ms]	500 [ms]	
P18.17	V/F Control Mode	[0] V/F Frequency Control [1] Slip Compensated Speed Control	0~1	0	
P18.18	Slip Compensation Time	Sets the slip compensation time.	10∼1000 [ms]	200 [ms]	
P18.19	Stator Resistance Auto-Tuning Option	[0]Online [1]Offline	0~1	0	
P18.22	Delay Time @START	Sets the delay time at start.	0.00~100.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.9
P18.23	Min. Frequency	Sets the minimum frequency(valid only when running in V/F control mode).	0.00~300.00 [Hz]	0.00 [Hz]	
P18.24	Max. Frequency	Sets the maximum frequency(valid only when running in V/F control mode).	0.00~300.00 [Hz]	50.00 [Hz]	

	NA NA	0-4-4	0.0.400.0	400.0	
P18.25	Max. Modulation	Sets the maximum	0.0~120.0	100.0	
	Ratio	modulation ratio.	[%]	[%]	
P18.26	V/F DC offset	Sets the V/F DC offset at	0.00~10.00	0.75	See 8.9
		start.	[%]	[%]	
P18.27	Nominal Frequency	Sets the output voltage at	0.0~200.0	100.0	See 8.9
1 10.27	Voltage	nominal frequency.	[%]	[%]	000 0.0
	Square Curve	Sets the square curve			
P18.30	Voltage	voltage compensation at	0.0~100.0	0.0	See 8.9
1 10.00	Compensation	start.	[%]	[%]	000 0.0
	@START	otart.			
D19 33	Number of V/F points	Sets the number of V/F	0∼6	2	See 8.9
1 10.55	realiser of v/r points	points	0 0		366 0.9
D19 3/	V/F point @F1		0.0~300.0	5.0	
F 10.34	V/I point @I I		[Hz]	[Hz]	
D18 35	V/F point @V1		0.0~125.0	11.5	
F 10.33	V/I point @VI		[%]	[%]	
D18 36	V/F point @F2		0.0~300.0	50.0	
1 10.50	V/I point @12		[Hz]	[Hz]	
P18.37	V/F point @V2		0.0~125.0	100.0	
1 10.57	V/1 POINT (6) V2		[%]	[%]	
P18.38	V/F point @F3		0.0~300.0	50.0	
1 10.00	т. ү С. т		[Hz]	[Hz]	
P18.39	V/F point @V3		0.0~125.0	100.0	
	, ,		[%]	[%]	
P18.40	V/F point @F4		0.0~300.0	50.0	
	, 0		[Hz]	[Hz]	
P18.41	V/F point @V4		0.0~125.0	100.0	
	_		[%]	[%]	
P18.42	V/F point @F5		0.0~300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
			0.0∼125.0	100.0	
P18.43	V/F point @V5		[%]	[%]	
			0.0~300.0	50.0	
P18.44	V/F point @F6		[Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
			0.0~125.0	100.0	
P18.45	V/F point @V6		[%]	[%]	
	V/F Curve				
P18.46	@FREE BLOCK		0∼300	0	
	Voltage ADJ				
P18.47	@FREE BLOCK		0∼300	0	
	WITCE_DLOOK	[0]DISABLE			
		[1] PID BLOCK 1			
P18.48	Frequency_Adj_SRC	[2] PID BLOCK 2	0∼3	0	
		[3] FREE BLOCK			



P18.49	Frequency_ADJ @FREE BLOCK		0~300	0	
P18.50	START_DC_Braking @time	Sets the time of START DC Braking.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.9
P18.51	START_DC_Braking @current	Sets the current of START_DC_Braking.	0.0~150.0 [%]	70.0 [%]	See 8.9
P18.52	START_DC_Braking @frequency	Sets the frequency of START_DC_Braking.	0.00~5.00 [Hz]	0.00 [Hz]	See 8.9
P18.54	STOP_DC_Braking @time	Sets the time of STOP_DC_Braking.	0.00∼300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.9
P18.55	STOP_DC_Braking @current	Sets the current of STOP_DC_Braking.	0.0~150.0 [%]	75.0 [%]	See 8.9
P18.56	STOP_DC_Braking @frequency	Sets the frequency of STOP_DC_Braking.	0.00~5.00 [Hz]	0.00 [Hz]	See 8.9
P18.59	OC_Protection Ratio	Sets OC_Protection ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P18.60	OC_Protection Integral Gain	Sets OC_Protection integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P18.61	OV_Limit Ratio	Sets OV_Limit ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P18.62	OV_Limit Integral	Sets OV_Limit integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P18.64	V/F Stabilization @Gain	Sets the gain of V/F stabilization.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.9
P18.66	Current Limit Ratio Gain	Sets the ratio of current limit loop in V/F control mode.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P18.67	Start DC Brake Ratio	Sets start DC brake Ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P18.68	Start DC Brake Integral	Sets start DC brake integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P18.69	Stop DC Brake Ratio	Sets stop DC brake Ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P18.70	Stop DC Brake Integral	Sets stop DC brake integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	

7.19 Motor 4 Parameter V/F Set P19

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
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P19.0	Supply Voltage	Sets based on actual	320~460	380	
F 19.0	Cupply voltage	supply voltage	[V]	[V]	
P19.2	Nominal Power	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0~4000.0 [kW]	Model dependent [kW]	
P19.3	Nominal Voltage	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	320∼460 [V]	380 [V]	
P19.4	Nominal Current	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0∼6500.0 [A]	Model dependent [A]	
P19.5	Nominal Frequency	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0.0~300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
P19.6	Nominal Speed	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0∼6000 [rpm]	1465 [rpm]	
P19.7	Number of Poles	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	2∼12 [pole]	4 [pole]	See 8.9
P19.9	Motor Synchronous Speed	Sets parameter based on motor nameplate	0∼7200 [rpm]	1500 [rpm]	See 8.9
P19.11	Basic Control Function	[0] V/F [1] S/L Vector Control [2] CL Vector Control [3] Line Converter Control (AFE) [4] Line Active Power Filter	0~4	0	
P19.12	PWM @Carrier Frequency	Sets the carrier frequency.	1.00~10.00 [kHz]	3.00 [kHz]	See 8.9
P19.14	V/F Curve Pattern	[0]Linear Curve V/F [1] Multi-point Curve V/F [2] Square Curve V/F	0~3	0	See 8.9
P19.15	Torque Compensation	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.9
P19.16	Torque Compensation Time	Sets the torque compensation time	2∼500 [ms]	500 [ms]	
P19.17	V/F Control Mode	[0] V/F Frequency Control [1] Slip Compensated Speed Control	0~1	0	
P19.18	Slip Compensation Time	Sets the slip compensation time.	10~1000 [ms]	200 [ms]	
P19.19	Stator Resistance Auto-Tuning Option	[0]Online [1]Offline	0~1	0	



	D . T		0.00 400.00	0.00	
P19.22	Delay Time @START	Sets the delay time at start.	0.00~100.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.9
P19.23	Min. Frequency	Sets the minimum frequency(valid only when running in V/F control mode).	0.00~300.00 [Hz]	0.00 [Hz]	
P19.24	Max. Frequency	Sets the maximum frequency(valid only when running in V/F control mode).	0.00~300.00 [Hz]	50.00 [Hz]	
P19.25	Max. Modulation Ratio	Sets the maximum modulation ratio.	0.0~120.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.26	V/F DC offset	Sets the V/F DC offset at start.	0.00~10.00 [%]	0.75 [%]	See 8.9
P19.27	Nominal Frequency Voltage	Sets the output voltage at nominal frequency.	0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.9
P19.30	Square Curve Voltage Compensation @START	Sets the square curve voltage compensation at start.	0.0~100.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.9
P19.33	Number of V/F points	Sets the number of V/F points	0∼6	2	See 8.9
P19.34	V/F point @F1		0.0∼300.0 [Hz]	5.0 [Hz]	
P19.35	V/F point @V1		0.0~125.0 [%]	11.5 [%]	
P19.36	V/F point @F2		0.0∼300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
P19.37	V/F point @V2		0.0~125.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.38	V/F point @F3		0.0∼300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
P19.39	V/F point @V3		0.0~125.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.40	V/F point @F4		0.0∼300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
P19.41	V/F point @V4		0.0~125.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.42	V/F point @F5		0.0∼300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	
P19.43	V/F point @V5		0.0~125.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.44	V/F point @F6		0.0∼300.0 [Hz]	50.0 [Hz]	

P19.45	V/F point @V6		0.0~125.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.46	V/F Curve @FREE_BLOCK		0~300	0	
P19.47	Voltage_ADJ @FREE_BLOCK		0~300	0	
P19.48	Frequency_Adj_SRC	[0]DISABLE [1] PID BLOCK 1 [2] PID BLOCK 2 [3] FREE BLOCK	0~3	0	
P19.49	Frequency_ADJ @FREE_BLOCK		0~300	0	
P19.50	START_DC_Braking @time	Sets the time of START_DC_Braking.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.9
P19.51	START_DC_Braking @current	Sets the current of START_DC_Braking.	0.0~150.0 [%]	70.0 [%]	See 8.9
P19.52	START_DC_Braking @frequency	Sets the frequency of START_DC_Braking.	0.00∼5.00 [Hz]	0.00 [Hz]	See 8.9
P19.54	STOP_DC_Braking @time	Sets the time of STOP_DC_Braking.	0.00~300.00 [s]	0.00 [s]	See 8.9
P19.55	STOP_DC_Braking @current	Sets the current of STOP_DC_Braking.	0.0~150.0 [%]	75.0 [%]	See 8.9
P19.56	STOP_DC_Braking @frequency	Sets the frequency of STOP_DC_Braking.	0.00∼5.00 [Hz]	0.00 [Hz]	See 8.9
P19.59	Kp_OC_Protection	Sets OC_Protection ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.60	Ki_OC_Protection	Sets OC_Protection integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.61	Kp_OV_Limiter	Sets OV_Limiter ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.62	Ki_OV_Limiter	Sets OV_Limiter integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.64	V/F Stabilization @Gain	Sets the gain of V/F stabilization.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.9
P19.66	K_CL_Ctrl	Sets the ratio of current limit loop in V/F control mode.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.67	Start DC Brake Ratio	Sets start DC brake Ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.68	Start DC Brake Integral	Sets start DC brake integral	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P19.69	Stop DC Brake Ratio	Sets stop DC brake Ratio	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	



D40.70	Stop DC Brake	C-tt DC bbi-t	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P19.70	Integral	Sets stop DC brake integral	[%]	[%]	

7.20 Motor 1 Vector Control Set P20

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P20.0	Dynamic Torque Control	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.10
P20.1	Torque_Set Source	[0] Speed_Ctrl [1] AI 1 [2] AI 2 [3] Local Operator [4] Fixed Set:determined by the value of P20.3 [5] Profibus DP [6] MODBUS [7] FREE BLOCK	0~7	0	See 8.10
P20.2	Torque_Set Source @REV_DIR	Same as P20.1	0∼7	0	
P20.3	Trq_Set @Fixed_Value	Sets the fixed value of torque.	-300.0~ 300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.10
P20.4	Trq_Set @FREE_BLOCK		0∼300	0	
P20.5	Torque_Set Filter Time		0∼1000 [ms]	0 [ms]	
P20.6	Torque_Set Weight		0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10
P20.7	Torque Limit Source	[0] Internal Limit [1] Fixed SET:determined by the value of P20.3 and P20.9 [2] Al 1 [3] Al 2 [4] LOCAL_SET [5] DP Communication [6] MODBUS [7] FREE BLOCK	0~7	0	See 8.10
P20.8	Torque Limit @Fwd Direction	This parameter is valid when P20.7 being selected [1].	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0 [%]	See 8.10

		This parameter is valid			
500.0	Torque Limit @Rev	This parameter is valid	0.0~300.0	200.0	See
P20.9	Direction	when P20.7 being selected	[%]	[%]	8.10
	Tanana Linate	[1].			
P20.10	Torque Limit		0∼300	0	
	@FREE_BLOCK		0~1000	0	
P20.11	Torque_Limit Filter Time		0°∼1000 [ms]	[ms]	
		Soto the proportional gain	0.0~300.0	100.0	
P20.12	Kp_2x @Spd_Ctrl	Sets the proportional gain	0.0∼300.0 [%]	[%]	
		for high speed control.	[/0]	[/0]	
P20 14	Encoder Pulses numbers	Sets the pulses number of	0~60000	1024	
	Ziroddi i diodd iidiibolo	motor per Rev		_	
	Encoder Phase Sequenc	0]Disabled	0 1	0	See
P20.15	e Reverse	[1]Enabled	0~1	0	8.10
	-	Sets the maximum speed			
		when in forward (valid only	0.0~300.0	100.0	
P20.16	Max. Speed	when running in Vector	[%]	[%]	
		control mode).			
		Sets the maximum speed			
	Max. Reverse Speed	when in reverse (valid only	0.0~300.0	100.0	
P20.17		when running in Vector	[%]	[%]	
		control mode).			
		Sets the minimum speed			
D00.40	Min On and	when in forward (valid only	0.0~300.0	0.0	
P20.18	Min. Speed	when running in Vector	[%]	[%]	
		control mode).			
		Sets the minimum speed			
D00 40	Min. Reverse Speed	when in reverse (valid only	0.0~300.0	0.0	
P20.19	IVIIII. Neverse Speed	when running in Vector	[%]	[%]	
		control mode).			
P20.20	Adjustable Speed Limit	[0]Disabled	0∼1	0	
F2U.2U	Function	[1]Enabled	U I		
P20.21	Adjustable Speed Limit	[0]PARABOLIC	0∼1	0	
1 20.21	Curve	[1]LINEAR	J 1		
		Valid only when running in	0.0~300.0	160.0	
P20.22	Speed Limit I @Min_Load	constant power control	[%]	[%]	
		mode.	r1	[]	
		Valid only when running in	0.0~200.0	20.0	
P20.23	Min_Load @Spd_Lmt_I	constant power control	[%]	[%]	
		mode.			
	Speed Limit II	Valid only when running in	0.0~300.0	100.0	
P20.24	@Max Load	constant power control	[%]	[%]	
	_	mode.			



P20.25	Max_Load @Spd_Lmt_II	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P20.26	Position Loop Gain	Position Loop Gain	0.0~1000.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.10
P20.27	Position Loop Speed Compensation	Position loop output limit value, corresponding Max. speed regulating variable	0.00~15.00 [%]	2.00 [%]	See 8.10
P20.28	Speed Limit @Torque_Control	[0]Max. Speed Set:limited by the value of P20.16 and P20.17 [1]Ramp Function Input [2]Ramp Function Output [3]PROFIBUS	0~3	0	
P20.30	Speed Offset Source (For toque control mode)	[0]Fixed Offset: the speed offset determined by the value of P20.31 and P20.32 [1]Al 1 [2]Al 2 [3]Local SET	0~3	0	
P20.31	FWD Speed_Offset	Sets FWD speed offset value	0.0~100.0 [%]	5.0 [%]	
P20.32	REV Speed_Offset	Sets REV speed offset value	0.0~100.0 [%]	5.0 [%]	
P20.34	Synchronal Compensation Enabled	[0]Disabled [1]Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.10
P20.35	Field Hold Time	Field hold time after stop	0.0∼100.0 [s]	0.0 [s]	
P20.36	Start Field Current	Sets start field current value	50.0~150.0 [%]	110.0 [%]	
P20.37	Start Base Field	Sets the start base field	0.0~150.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10
P20.38	Base Field END_Speed	Sets the end speed for base field.	0.0~100.0 [%]	25.0 [%]	See 8.10
P20.39	Base Field	Sets the base field.	0.0~120.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10
P20.40	Base Field Start Speed	Sets the start speed for base field	0.0~150.0 [%]	100.0	See 8.10
P20.41	Max. Field	Sets the maximum field.	0.0~150.0 [%]	135.0 [%]	
P20.42	LOAD DETECTION	[0]Disabled [1]Enabled	0~1	1	



		Sets the time for load	25~1000	75	
P20.43	Load Detection Time	detection.	[ms]	[ms]	
D00 44	Weight Datastian Time	Sets the time for weight	25~1000	250	
P20.44	Weight Detection Time	detection.	[ms]	[ms]	
	FWD_Torque @Zero	Valid only when running in	0.0~100.0	22.0	
P20.45	Weight	constant power control	[%]	[%]	
	vvoigitt	mode.	[,]	[,-]	
	REV_Torque @Zero	Valid only when running in	0.0~100.0	18.0	
P20.46	Weight	constant power control	[%]	[%]	
		mode.			
D00 47	FWD_Torque @Weight	Valid only when running in	0.0~200.0	92.0	
P20.47	under Test	constant power control	[%]	[%]	
		mode. Valid only when running in			
P20.48	REV_Torque @Weight	constant power control	0.0~200.0	87.0	
P20.40	under Test	mode.	[%]	[%]	
		Valid only when running in			
P20.49	Weight under Test	constant power control	0.0~150.0	100.0	
20.10	VVoigin under 163t	mode.	[%]	[%]	
	14	Sets the proportional gain	0.0 4000.0	100.0	
P20.51	Kp	for overvoltage	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
	@OV_SUPRESSION_Ctrl	suppression.	[%]	[%]	
D20 52	Ki	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P20.52	@OV_SUPRESSION_Ctrl	overvoltage suppression.	[%]	[%]	
P20 53	Kp @field_ctrl	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
F 20.55	TO WINCIA_OUT	for field control.	[%]	[%]	
P20 54	Ki @field_ctrl	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
1 20.07		field control.	[%]	[%]	
P20.55	K @Spd_Ctrl	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
		for speed control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P20.56	Ki @field_ctrl	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
		field control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P20.57	Field Discharge Enabled	[0]Disabled	0∼1	0	See
		[1]Enabled			8.10
P20.58	Field Discharge Max. Cu	Sets the Max. current value	0.0~125.0	100.0	See
P20.56	rrent	for field discharge	[%]	[%]	8.10
	Excitation after Field Dis	Sets excitation value after	1.0~25.0	2.5	See
P20.59	charge	field discharge stop	[%]	[%]	8.10
	onargo				
P20.60	DROOP Control Gain	DROOP is invalid when 0 is	0.0~100.0	0.0 [%]	See
		set	[%]	[/0]	8.10



	DROOP Control Filter Ti	Adjiust ROOP control response. Increase the	30~2000	50	See
P20.61	me	value when vibrating and	[ms]	[ms]	8.10
	inc	surging.			
D00 60	Kn Mourrant atri	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
P20.62	Kp @current_ctrl	for current control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
D00 C0	Ki @current_ctrl	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
P20.63		current control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
D00.04	NA-A	Synchronization control	0.0~100.0	0	See
P20.64	Master_slave gain	gain	[%]	U	8.10
P20.65	MS Filter Time	Synchronization control filter time	30~2000ms	50	
D00 00	Im @Ass time	Sets the load inertia.(in	0.01~300.00	0.75	
P20.98	Jm @Acc_time	units of time)	[s]	[s]	
P20.99	Rm @Friction Loss Factor	Sets the friction loss factor.	0.00~10.00	0.00	
P20.99	Dill Wi Hollon Loss Factor	Octo tile illottori loso lactor.	[%]	[%]	

7.21 Motor 2 Vector Control Set P21

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P21.0	Dynamic Torque Control	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.10
P21.1	Torque_Set Source	[0] Speed_Ctrl [1] AI 1 [2] AI 2 [3] Local Operator [4] Fixed Set:determined by the value of P21.3 [5] Profibus DP [6] MODBUS [7] FREE BLOCK	0~7	0	See 8.10
P21.2	Torque_Set Source @REV_DIR	Same as P21.1	0~7	0	
P21.3	Trq_Set @Fixed_Value	Sets the fixed value of torque.	-300.0~ 300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.10
P21.4	Trq_Set @FREE_BLOCK		0∼300	0	
P21.5	Torque_Set Filter Time		0∼1000 [ms]	0 [ms]	
P21.6	Torque_Set Weight		0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10

P21.7	Torque Limit Source	[0] Internal Limit [1] Fixed SET: determined by the value of P21.3 and P21.9 [2] Al 1 [3] Al 2 [4] LOCAL_SET [5]Profibus DP [6] MODBUS [7] FREE BLOCK	0~7	0	See 8.10
P21.8	Torque Limit @Fwd Direction	This parameter is valid when P21.7 being selected [1].	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0 [%]	See 8.10
P21.9	Torque Limit @Rev Direction	This parameter is valid when P21.7 being selected [1].	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0	See 8.10
P21.10	Torque Limit @FREE_BLOCK		0∼300	0	
P21.11	Torque_Limit Filter Time		0∼1000 [ms]	0 [ms]	
P21.12	Kp_2x @Spd_Ctrl	Sets the proportional gain for high speed control.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P21.14	Encoder Pulses numbers	Sets the pulses number of motor per Rev	0~60000	1024	
P21.15	Encoder Phase Sequenc e Reverse	[0]Disabled [1]Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.10
P21.16	Max. Speed	Sets the maximum speed when in forward (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P21.17	Max. Reverse Speed	Sets the maximum speed when in reverse (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P21.18	Min. Speed	Sets the minimum speed when in forward (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	
P21.19	Min. Reverse Speed	Sets the minimum speed when in reverse (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	



P21.20	Constant Power Speed	[0]Disabled	0∼1	0	
1 21.20	Limit Enabled	[1]Enabled	• .	•	
	Constant Power Speed	[0]PARABOLIC	0 4	•	
P21.21	Limit Curve	[1]LINEAR	0~1	0	
P21.22		Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~300.0 [%]	160.0 [%]	
P21.23	Min_Load @Spd_Lmt_I	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~200.0 [%]	20.0	
P21.24	Speed Limit II @Max_Load	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0	
P21.25	Max_Load @Spd_Lmt_II	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P21.26	Position Loop Gain	Sets position loop gain.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.10
P21.27	Position Loop SpeedCo mpensation	Position loop output limit value, corresponding Max. Speed regulating variable.	0.00~15.00 [%]	2.00 [%]	See 8.10
P21.28	Speed Limit @Torque_Control	[0]Max. Speed Set: limited by the value of P21.16 and P21.17 [1]Ramp Function Input [2]Ramp Function Output [3]Profibus DP	0∼3	0	
P21.30	Speed Offset Source (For toque control mode)	[0]Fixed Offset: the speed offset determined by the value of P21.31 and P21.32 [1]Al 1 [2]Al 2 [3]Local SET	0~3	0	
P21.31	FWD Speed_Offset	Sets foreward speed offset.	0.0~100.0 [%]	5.0 [%]	
P21.32	REV Speed_Offset	Sets reverse speed offset.	0.0~100.0 [%]	5.0 [%]	
P21.34	Synchronal Compensation	[0]Disabled [1]Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.10

P21.35	Field Hold Time	Sets field hold time after stop.	0.0~100.0 [s]	0.0 [s]	
		Sets start field current	50.0~150.0	110.0	
P21.36	Start Field Current	value.	[%]	[%]	
P21.37	Base Field	Sets the base field.	0.0~150.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10
P21.38	Base Field END_Speed	Sets the end speed for base field.	0.0~100.0 [%]	25.0 [%]	See 8.10
P21.39	Top Field	Sets the top field.	0.0~120.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10
P21.40	Top Field START_Speed	Sets the start speed for top field.	0.0~150.0 [%]	100.0	See 8.10
P21.41	Max. Field	Sets the maximum field.	0.0~150.0 [%]	135.0 [%]	
P21.42	Torque Detection	[0]Disabled [1]Enabled	0~1	1	
P21.43	Torque Detection Time	Sets torque detection tim e.	25~1000 [ms]	75 [ms]	
P21.44	Load Detection Time	Sets the time for weight detection.(Valid only when running in constant power control mode.)	25~1000 [ms]	250 [ms]	
P21.45	FWD_Torque @Zero Weight	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.(Weight)	0.0~100.0 [%]	22.0 [%]	
P21.46	REV_Torque @Zero Weight	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~100.0 [%]	18.0 [%]	
P21.47	FWD_Torque @Weight under Test	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~200.0 [%]	92.0 [%]	
P21.48	REV_Torque @Weight under Test	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~200.0 [%]	87.0 [%]	
P21.49	Weight under Test	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~150.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P21.51	Kp @OV_SUPRESSION_Ctrl	Sets the proportional gain for overvoltage suppression.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	

	Ki	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P21.52	@OV_SUPRESSION_Ctrl		[%]	[%]	
D04 50	I/a Oficial atri	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P21.53	Kp @field_ctrl	for field control.	[%]	[%]	
D24 E4	Ki @field ctrl	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P21.54	N @neid_cui	field control.	[%]	[%]	
P21.55	K @Spd_Ctrl	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
1 21.55		for speed control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P21 56	K Weight @Brake Ctrl	Sets the gain for brake	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
1 21.00	T	control when in forward.	[%]	[%]	8.10
D21 57	Field Discharge Enabled	[0]Disabled	0∼1	0	See
FZ1.31	Tield Discharge Eliabled	[1]Enabled	0 1	0	8.10
	Field Discharge Max. Cu	Sets the Max. current value	0.0~125.0	100.0	See
P21.58	rrent	for field discharge	[%]	[%]	8.10
	Excitation after Field Dis	Sets excitation value after	1.0 05.0	2.5	See
P21.59			1.0∼25.0 [%]	2.5 [%]	8.10
	charge	field discharge stop	[/0]	[/0]	0.10
P21.60	DROOP Control Gain	DROOP is invalid when 0 is	0.0~100.0	0.0	See
1 21.00	Divoci Control Cam	set	[%]	[%]	8.10
		Adjiust ROOP control			
D04 64	DROOP Control Filter Ti	response. Increase the	30~2000	50	See
P21.61	me	value when vibrating and	[ms]	[ms]	8.10
		surging.			
	K 0 1 11	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
P21.62	Kp @current_ctrl	for current control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
D04 C0	Ki Querrant atri	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
P21.63	Ki @current_ctrl	current control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
D04 64	Master_slave gain	Synchronization control	0.0~100.0	0	See
P21.04	Iviastei_siave gairi	gain	[%]	<u> </u>	8.10
P21.65	MS Filter Time	Synchronization control	30~2000ms	50	
1 21.00	ine i moi imio	filter time	20 20001110		
P21 98	Jm @Acc_time	Sets the load inertia.(in	0.01~300.00	0.75	
		units of time)	[s]	[s]	
P21.99	Bm @Friction Loss Factor	Sets the friction loss factor.	0.00~10.00	0.00	
			[%]	[%]	

7.22 Motor 3 Vector Control Set P22

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.	
						н

		[0] Disabled			See
P22.0	Dynamic Torque Control	[1] Enabled	0∼1	0	8.10
P22.1	Torque_Set Source	[0] Speed_Ctrl [1] Al 1 [2] Al 2 [3] Local Operator [4] Fixed Set:determined by the value of P22.3 [5] Profibus DP [6] MODBUS [7] FREE BLOCK	0~7	0	See 8.10
P22.2	Torque_Set Source @REV_DIR	Same as P22.1	0~7	0	
P22.3	Trq_Set @Fixed_Value	Sets the fixed value of torque.	-300.0~ 300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.10
P22.4	Trq_Set @FREE_BLOCK		0∼300	0	
P22.5	Torque_Set Filter Time		0∼1000 [ms]	0 [ms]	
P22.6	Torque_Set Weight		0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10
P22.7	Torque Limit Source	[0] Internal Limit [1] Fixed SET: determined by the value of P21.3 and P21.9 [2] Al 1 [3] Al 2 [4] LOCAL_SET [5]Profibus DP [6] MODBUS [7] FREE BLOCK	0~7	0	See 8.10
P22.8	Torque Limit @Fwd Direction	This parameter is valid when P22.7 being selected [1].	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0	See 8.10
P22.9	Torque Limit @Rev Direction	This parameter is valid when P22.7 being selected [1].	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0	See 8.10
P22.10	Torque Limit @FREE_BLOCK		0~300	0	
P22.11	Torque_Limit Filter Time		0∼1000 [ms]	0 [ms]	
P22.12	Kp_2x @Spd_Ctrl	Sets the proportional gain for high speed control.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	



P22.14	Encoder Pulses numbers	Sets the pulses number of	0~60000	1024	
		motor per Rev			
P22.15	Encoder Phase Sequenc	[0]Disabled	0~1	0	See
1 22.13	e Reverse	[1]Enabled	ů i)	8.10
P22.16	Max. Speed	Sets the maximum speed when in forward (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
D22 17	Max. Reverse Speed	Sets the maximum speed when in reverse (valid only	0.0~300.0	100.0	
FZZ.11	wax. Neverse opecu	when running in Vector control mode).	[%]	[%]	
P22.18	Min. Speed	Sets the minimum speed when in forward (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	
P22.19	Min. Reverse Speed	Sets the minimum speed when in reverse (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	
P22.20	Constant Power Speed Limit Enabled	[0]Disabled [1]Enabled	0~1	0	
P22.21	Constant Power Speed Limit Curve	[0]PARABOLIC [1]LINEAR	0~1	0	
P22.22	Speed Limit I @Min_Load	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~300.0 [%]	160.0 [%]	
P22.23	Min_Load @Spd_Lmt_I	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~200.0 [%]	20.0 [%]	
P22.24	Speed Limit II @Max_Load	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P22.25	Max_Load @Spd_Lmt_II	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P22.26	Position Loop Gain	Sets position loop gain.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.10

		Position loop output limit			
P22.27	Position Loop SpeedCo	value, corresponding	0.00~15.00	2.00	See
1 22.21	mpensation	Max. Speed regulating	[%]	[%]	8.10
		variable.			
		[0]Max. Speed Set: limited			
		by the value of P22.16			
D00.00	Speed Limit	and P22.17	0∼3	0	
P22.28	@Torque_Control	[1]Ramp Function Input	0 -3	U	
		[2]Ramp Function Output			
		[3]Profibus DP			
		[0]Fixed Offset: the speed			
		offset determined by			
	Speed Offset Source	the value of P22.31 and			
P22.30	(For toque control mode)	P22.32	0∼3	0	
	([1]Al 1			
		[2]Al 2			
		[3]Local SET	0.0 400.0	F 0	
P22.31	FWD Speed_Offset	Sets foreward speed offset.	0.0~100.0	5.0	
			[%] 0.0~100.0	[%] 5.0	
P22.32	REV Speed_Offset	Sets reverse speed offset.	[%]	[%]	
	Synchronal Compensatio	[0]Disabled	[, 0]	[, 0]	See
P22.34			0∼1	0	8.10
	n Enabled	[1]Enabled			0.10
P22.35	Field Hold Time	Sets field hold time after	0.0~100.0	0.0	
		stop.	[s]	[s]	
P22 36	Start Field Current	Sets start field current	50.0~150.0	110.0	
		value.	[%]	[%]	
P22.37	Base Field	Sets the base field.	0.0~150.0	100.0	See
1 22.01	Daco i icia	Total and saco nota.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P22.38	Base Field END Speed	Sets the end speed for	0.0~100.0	25.0	See
1 22.00		base field.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P22.39	Top Field	Sets the top field.	0.0~120.0	100.0	See
	1	·	[%]	[%]	8.10
P22.40	Top Field START Speed	Sets the start speed for top	0.0~150.0	100.0	See
	_ '	field.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P22.41	Max. Field	Sets the maximum field.	0.0~150.0	135.0	
		[O]Disabled	[%]	[%]	
P22.42	Torque Detection	[0]Disabled	0~1	1	
		[1]Enabled			
P22 //2	Torque Detection Time	Sets torque detection tim	25~1000	75	
1 22.43	Torque Detection Time	e.	[ms]	[ms]	



		0-4-4444			
		Sets the time for weight			
P22.44	Load Detection Time	detection.(Valid only when	25~1000	250	
		running in constant power	[ms]	[ms]	
		control mode.)			
	FWD_Torque @Zero	Valid only when running in	0.0~100.0	22.0	
P22.45	Weight	constant power control	[%]	[%]	
		mode.(Weight)	. ,		
	REV Torque @Zero	Valid only when running in	0.0~100.0	18.0	
P22.46	Weight	constant power control	[%]	[%]	
	_	mode.			
D00 47	FWD_Torque @Weight	Valid only when running in	0.0~200.0	92.0	
P22.47	under Test	constant power control mode.	[%]	[%]	
P22.48	REV_Torque @Weight	Valid only when running in constant power control	0.0~200.0	87.0	
P22.40	under Test	mode.	[%]	[%]	
		Valid only when running in			
P22.49	Weight under Test	constant power control	0.0~150.0	100.0	
1 22.10		mode.	[%]	[%]	
		Sets the proportional gain			
P22.51	Kp	for overvoltage	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
	@OV_SUPRESSION_Ctrl	suppression.	[%]	[%]	
D00 F0	Ki	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P22.52	@OV_SUPRESSION_Ctrl	overvoltage suppression.	[%]	[%]	
P22.53	Kp @field_ctrl	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
F22.55	Trp @licid_cti1	for field control.	[%]	[%]	
P22 54	Ki @field ctrl	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
1 22.04	The Girena_ear	field control.	[%]	[%]	
P22.55	K @Spd_Ctrl	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
		for speed control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P22.56	K Weight @Brake Ctrl	Sets the gain for brake	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
		control when in forward.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P22.57	Field Discharge Enabled	[0]Disabled	0~1	0	See
		[1]Enabled			8.10
D00 =5	Field Discharge Max. Cu	Sets the Max. current value	0.0~125.0	100.0	See
P22.58	rrent	for field discharge	[%]	[%]	8.10
	Excitation after Field Dis	Sets excitation value after	1.0~25.0	2.5	See
P22.59			1.0 [∞] 25.0 [%]	2.5 [%]	8.10
	charge	field discharge stop			
P22.60	DROOP Control Gain	DROOP is invalid when 0 is	0.0~100.0	0.0	See
	22.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	set	[%]	[%]	8.10

P22.61	DROOP Control Filter Ti	Adjiust ROOP control response. Increase the value when vibrating and surging.	30~2000 [ms]	50 [ms]	See 8.10
P22.62	Kp @current_ctrl	Sets the proportional gain for current control.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10
P22.63	Ki @current_ctrl	Sets the integral gain for current control.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10
P22.64	Master_slave gain	Synchronization control gain	0.0~100.0 [%]	0	See 8.10
P22.65	MS Filter Time	Synchronization control filter time	30~2000ms	50	
P22.98	Jm @Acc_time	Sets the load inertia.(in units of time)	0.01~300.00 [s]	0.75 [s]	
P22.99	Bm @Friction Loss Factor	Sets the friction loss factor.	0.00~10.00 [%]	0.00 [%]	

7.23 Motor 4 Vector Control Set P23

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P23.0	Dynamic Torque Control	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.10
P23.1	Torque_Set Source	[0] Speed_Ctrl [1] Al 1 [2] Al 2 [3] Local Operator [4] Fixed Set:determined by the value of P23.3 [5] Profibus DP [6] MODBUS [7] FREE BLOCK	0~7	0	See 8.10
P23.2	Torque_Set Source @REV_DIR	Same as P23.1	0∼7	0	
P23.3	Trq_Set @Fixed_Value	Sets the fixed value of torque.	-300.0~ 300.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.10
P23.4	Trq_Set @FREE_BLOCK		0~300	0	_
P23.5	Torque_Set Filter Time		0∼1000 [ms]	0 [ms]	



P23.6	Torque_Set Weight		0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	See 8.10
P23.7	Torque Limit Source	[0] Internal Limit [1] Fixed SET: determined by the value of P23.3 and P21.9 [2] Al 1 [3] Al 2 [4] LOCAL_SET [5]Profibus DP [6] MODBUS [7] FREE BLOCK	0~7	0	See 8.10
P23.8	Torque Limit @Fwd Direction	This parameter is valid when P23.7 being selected [1].	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0 [%]	See 8.10
P23.9	Torque Limit @Rev Direction	This parameter is valid when P23.7 being selected [1].	0.0~300.0 [%]	200.0	See 8.10
P23.10	Torque Limit @FREE_BLOCK		0~300	0	
P23.11	Torque_Limit Filter Time		0∼1000 [ms]	0 [ms]	
P23.12	Kp_2x @Spd_Ctrl	Sets the proportional gain for high speed control.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P23.14	Encoder Pulses numbers	Sets the pulses number of motor per Rev	0~60000	1024	
P23.15	Encoder Phase Sequenc e Reverse	[0]Disabled [1]Enabled	0~1	0	See 8.10
P23.16	Max. Speed	Sets the maximum speed when in forward (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P23.17	Max. Reverse Speed	Sets the maximum speed when in reverse (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P23.18	Min. Speed	Sets the minimum speed when in forward (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	0.0	

P23.19	Min. Reverse Speed	Sets the minimum speed when in reverse (valid only when running in Vector control mode).	0.0~300.0 [%]	0.0	
P23.20	Constant Power Speed Limit Enabled	[0]Disabled [1]Enabled	0~1	0	
P23.21	Constant Power Speed Limit Curve	[0]PARABOLIC [1]LINEAR	0~1	0	
P23.22	Speed Limit I @Min_Load	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~300.0 [%]	160.0 [%]	
P23.23	Min_Load @Spd_Lmt_I	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~200.0 [%]	20.0 [%]	
P23.24	Speed Limit II @Max_Load	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~300.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P23.25	Max_Load @Spd_Lmt_II	Valid only when running in constant power control mode.	0.0~200.0 [%]	100.0 [%]	
P23.26	Position Loop Gain	Sets position loop gain.	0.0~1000.0 [%]	0.0 [%]	See 8.10
P23.27	Position Loop SpeedCo mpensation	Position loop output limit value, corresponding Max. Speed regulating variable.	0.00~15.00 [%]	2.00 [%]	See 8.10
P23.28	Speed Limit @Torque_Control	[0]Max. Speed Set: limited by the value of P23.16 and P23.17 [1]Ramp Function Input [2]Ramp Function Output [3]Profibus DP	0∼3	0	
P23.30	Speed Offset Source (For toque control mode)	[0]Fixed Offset: the speed offset determined by the value of P23.31 and P23.32 [1]Al 1 [2]Al 2 [3]Local SET	0~3	0	
P23.31	FWD Speed_Offset	Sets foreward speed offset.	0.0~100.0 [%]	5.0 [%]	
P23.32	REV Speed_Offset	Sets reverse speed offset.	0.0~100.0 [%]	5.0 [%]	



	Synchronal Compensatio	[0]Disabled	0 4	0	See
P23.34	n Enabled	[1]Enabled	0~1	0	8.10
		Sets field hold time after	0.0~100.0	0.0	
P23.35	Field Hold Time	stop.	[s]	[s]	
D00.00	Otant Field Occurrent	Cata at art field assument scales	50.0~150.0	110.0	
P23.36	Start Field Current	Sets start field current value.	[%]	[%]	
P23.37	Base Field	Sets the base field.	0.0~150.0	100.0	See
1 20.07	Baco Fiola		[%]	[%]	8.10
P23.38	Base Field END_Speed	Sets the end speed for base	0.0~100.0	25.0	See
20.00		field.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P23.39	Top Field	Sets the top field.	0.0~120.0	100.0	See
		·	[%]	[%]	8.10
P23.40	Top Field START_Speed	Sets the start speed for top	0.0~150.0	100.0	See
		field.	[%] 0.0~150.0	[%] 135.0	8.10
P23.41	Max. Field	Sets the maximum field.	[%]	[%]	
		[0]Disabled	[70]	[70]	
P23.42	Torque Detection	[1]Enabled	0~1	1	
		[1]Enabled	25~1000	75	
P23.43	Torque Detection Time	Sets torque detection time.	[ms]	[ms]	
		Sets the time for weight			
	Load Detection Time	detection.(Valid only when	25~1000	250	
P23.44		running in constant power	[ms]	[ms]	
		control mode.)			
		Valid only when running in			
P23.45	FWD_Torque @Zero	constant power control	0.0~100.0	22.0	
20.40	Weight	mode.(Weight)	[%]	[%]	
	DEV. T	Valid only when running in	0.0 455.5	4.5	
P23.46	REV_Torque @Zero	constant power control	0.0~100.0	18.0	
	Weight	mode.	[%]	[%]	
	CMD Torque @Mainh	Valid only when running in	0.0- 000.0	02.0	
P23.47	FWD_Torque @Weight	constant power control	0.0~200.0	92.0	
	under Test	mode.	[%]	[%]	
	REV_Torque @Weight	Valid only when running in	0.0~200.0	87.0	
P23.48	under Test	constant power control	[%]	67.0 [%]	
	under lest	mode.	[,0]	[,0]	
		Valid only when running in	0.0~150.0	100.0	
P23.49	Weight under Test	constant power control	[%]	[%]	
		mode.			
P23.51	Кр	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
	@OV_SUPRESSION_Ctrl	for overvoltage suppression.	[%]	[%]	

	Ki	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P23.52	@OV SUPRESSION Ctrl	• •	[%]	[%]	
500.50	V- 05-1-1 -t-1	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P23.53	Kp @field_ctrl	for field control.	[%]	[%]	
D00 54	Ki Ofiold otal	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	
P23.54	Ki @field_ctrl	field control.	[%]	[%]	
P23.55	K @Spd_Ctrl	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
F 23.33	Т (фора_оп)	for speed control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P23.56	K_Weight @Brake_Ctrl	Sets the gain for brake	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
1 23.30	TYOIGHT @ Braito_Oth	control when in forward.	[%]	[%]	8.10
D22 57	Field Discharge Enabled	[0]Disabled	0~1	0	See
P23.57	Field Discharge Enabled	[1]Enabled	0 1	U	8.10
	Field Discharge Max. Cu	Sets the Max. current value	0.0~125.0	100.0	See
P23.58	rrent	for field discharge	[%]	[%]	8.10
			40.050	0.5	_
P23.59	Excitation after Field Dis	Sets excitation value after	1.0~25.0	2.5	See
	charge	field discharge stop	[%]	[%]	8.10
P23.60	DROOP Control Gain	DROOP is invalid when 0 is	0.0~100.0	0.0	See
1 23.00	DROOP Control Gain	set	[%]	[%]	8.10
		Adjiust ROOP control			
D00.04	DROOP Control Filter Ti	response. Increase the	30~2000	50	See
P23.61	me	value when vibrating and	[ms]	[ms]	8.10
		surging.			
	14 0 4 41	Sets the proportional gain	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
P23.62	Kp @current_ctrl	for current control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
D00 00	Vi Courrent etrl	Sets the integral gain for	0.0~1000.0	100.0	See
P23.63	Ki @current_ctrl	current control.	[%]	[%]	8.10
P23.64	Master slave gain	Synchronization control gain	0.0~100.0	0	See
F23.04	INGSICI_SIAVE GAIII	Synonionization control gain	[%]	J	8.10
P23.65	MS Filter Time	Synchronization control filter	30~2000ms	50	
20.00		time			
Dec	l (A ''	Sets the load inertia.(in units	0.01~	0.75	
P23.98	Jm @Acc_time	of time)	300.00 [s]	[s]	
			0.00~10.00	0.00	
P23.99	Bm @Friction Loss Factor	Sets the friction loss factor.	[%]	[%]	
	<u>l</u>		[,,]	r. ~1	

7.24 MODBUS P32

Par.NO Parameter Name Descri	ption Range	Default Ref.
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P32.0	MODBUS	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	
P32.1	MODBUS Slave Station ID	According to the master station setting	1∼255	1	
P32.2	Port Selection	[0]RS485 [1]RS232	0~1	0	
P32.3	Baud Rate Selection	[0] 9600 BPS; [1] 14400 BPS; [2] 19200 BPS; [3] 38400 BPS; [4] 56000 BPS; [5] 57600 BPS; [6] 115200 BPS;	0~6	3	
P32.4	Data Bits Checkout	[0] None_8_1_CFG; [1] Even_8_1_CFG; [2] Odd_8_1_CFG; [3] None_8_2_CFG; [4] Even_8_2_CFG; [5] Odd_8_2_CFG;	0∼5	0	
P32.5	Modbus Bus Fault Detection Time	Sets Modbus bus fault detection time. Detection is disabled when 0 is set, and Modbus bus fault will not be resulted.	0∼100 [s]	0 [s]	When0s is set,bus fault detection is disabled.
P32.6	Modbus Bus Status	Status Display: 0-bus normal; 1-bus fault	0~1	0	

7.25 PROFIBUS DP P33

Par.NO	Parameter Name	Description	Range	Default	Ref.
P33.0	COMMUNICATION	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	
P33.1	STATION ADDRESS	According to the PLC.	1~255	1	
P33.2	MODE	[0]PPO 1 [1]PPO 2 [2]PPO 5 [3]GUIDE	0~3	2	



D00.0	MEMORY	According to the communication	0 40	4.4	
P33.3	@INVERTER_IN	mode.	0∼16	14	
P33.4	MEMORY	According to the communication	0∼16	14	
F 33.4	@INVERTER_OUT	mode.	0 10	17	
P33.5	ERROR ACTION	[0] FAULT -> EMERGENCY STOP [1] NORMAL STOP -> FAULT [2] NORMAL STOP -> WARNING [3] IGNORE	0~3	0	
P33.6	Error Delay Time		0~1000	50	
	-		[ms]	[ms]	
P33.7	Error AUTO RESET	[0] Disabled [1] Enabled	0~1	0	
P33.8	Auto Reset Time		0.0∼10.0 [s]	3.0 [s]	
P33.13	INVERTER_IN [W0]	See Table 7.2	0∼37	0	
P33.14	INVERTER_IN [W0] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.15	INVERTER _IN [W1]	See Table7-2	0∼37	0	
P33.16	INVERTER _IN [W1] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.17	INVERTER _IN [W2]	See Table7-2	0~37	0	
P33.18	INVERTER _IN [W2] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.19	INVERTER _IN [W3]	See Table7-2	0~37	0	

		T '			
P33.20	INVERTER _IN [W3] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0∼4	0	
P33.21	INVERTER _IN [W4]	See Table7-2	0~37	1	
P33.22	INVERTER _IN [W4] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.23	INVERTER _IN [W5]	See Table7-2	0∼37	18	
P33.24	INVERTER _IN [W5] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	2	
P33.25	INVERTER _IN [W6]	See Table7-2	0∼37	21	
P33.26	INVERTER _IN [W6] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	1	
P33.27	INVERTER _IN [W7]	See Table7-2	0∼37	22	
P33.28	INVERTER _IN [W7] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	1	
P33.29	INVERTER _IN [W8]	See Table7-2	0∼37	23	
P33.30	INVERTER _IN [W8] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	1	
P33.31	INVERTER _IN [W9]	See Table7-2	0~37	0	

P33.32	INVERTER _IN	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100	0~4	0	
F 33.32	[W9] @format	[3]×1000 [4]×10000			
P33.33	INVERTER _IN [W10]	See Table7-2	0~37	0	
P33.34	INVERTER _IN [W10] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.35	INVERTER_IN [W11]	See Table7-2	0~37	0	
P33.36	INVERTER _IN [W11] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.37	INVERTER _IN [W12]	See Table7-2	0∼37	0	
P33.38	INVERTER _IN [W12] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.39	INVERTER _IN [W13]	See Table7-2	0~37	0	
P33.40	INVERTER _IN [W13] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.41	INVERTER _IN [W14]	See Table7-2	0~37	0	
P33.42	INVERTER _IN [W14] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.43	INVERTER _IN [W15]	See Table7-2	0∼37	0	

		[0]×1			
P33.44	INVERTER _IN [W15] @format	[1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000	0~4	0	
P33.45	INVERTER _OUT [W0]	See Table7-3	0~48	0	
P33.46	INVERTER _OUT [W0] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.47	INVERTER _OUT [W1]	See Table7-3	0∼48	0	
P33.48	INVERTER _OUT [W1] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.49	INVERTER _OUT [W2]	See Table7-3	0∼48	0	
P33.50	INVERTER _OUT [W2] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.51	INVERTER _OUT [W3]	See Table7-3	0~48	0	

	Г	7			
P33.52	INVERTER _OUT [W3] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.53	INVERTER _OUT [W4]	See Table7-3	0~48	1	
P33.54	INVERTER _OUT [W4] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.55	INVERTER _OUT [W5]	See Table7-3	0~48	19	
P33.56	INVERTER _OUT [W5] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	2	
P33.57	INVERTER _OUT [W6]	See Table7-3	0~48	26	
P33.58	INVERTER _OUT [W6] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	6	
P33.59	INVERTER _OUT [W7]	See Table7-3	0~48	30	

		[0] ₁ ,4			
P33.60	INVERTER _OUT [W7] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	1	
P33.61	INVERTER _OUT [W8]	See Table7-3	0~48	14	
P33.62	INVERTER _OUT [W8] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.63	INVERTER _OUT [W9]	See Table7-3	0∼48	13	
P33.64	INVERTER _OUT [W9] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.65	INVERTER _OUT [W10]	See Table7-3	0~48	40	
P33.66	INVERTER _OUT [W10] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	6	
P33.67	INVERTER _OUT [W11]	See Table7-3	0~48	0	

	T	1		1	
P33.68	INVERTER _OUT [W11] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.69	INVERTER _OUT [W12]	See Table7-3	0~48	0	
P33.70	INVERTER _OUT [W12] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.71	INVERTER _OUT [W13]	See Table7-3	0∼48	0	
P33.72	INVERTER _OUT [W13] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.73	INVERTER _OUT [W14]	See Table7-3	0∼48	0	
P33.74	INVERTER _OUT [W14] @format	[0]×1 [1]×10 [2]×100 [3]×1000 [4]×10000 [5][%]×1 [6][%]×10 [7][%]×100	0~7	0	
P33.75	INVERTER _OUT [W15]	See Table7-3	0~48	0	

		[0]×1			
		[1]×10			
		[2]×100			
D00 70	INVERTER_OUT	[3]×1000	0.7	0	
P33.76	[W15] @format	[4]×10000	0∼7	0	
		[5][%]×1			
		[6][%]×10			
		[7][%]×100			

Table 7.2: Description of INVERTER_IN Words

Value	 Description
0	NULL
1	CTW0
2	CTW1
3	CTW2
4	CTW3
5	CTW4
6	Encoder High Order [32]
7	Encoder Low Order[32]
8	32_MSW
9	32_LSW
10	Digital Output
11	PA_CTRL
12	PA 0 @32bit
13	PA 1 @32bit
14	PA 2 @32bit
15	PA 3 @32bit
16	PA 4 @32bit
17	PA 5 @32bit
18	Frequency Set [Hz]
19	Speed Set [rpm]
20	Speed Set [%]
21	Torque Set [%]
22	Torque Limit Set [%]
23	Speed Limit Set [Hz]
24	Active Currset Set [%]

25	Reactive Current Set [%]
26	AO1 Set [%]
27	AO2 Set [%]
28	Accel_Time_CTRL
29	Decel_Time_CTRL
30~37	SET_W12~19

Table 7.3: Description of INVERTER_OUT Words

Value	Description
0	NULL
1	STW0
2	STW1
3	STW2
4	STW3
5	STW4
6	STW5
8	PA 1 @32bit
9	PA 2 @32bit
10	PA 3 @32bit
11	PA 4 @32bit
12	PA 5 @32bit
13	Encoder High Order [32]
14	Encoder Low Order[32]
15	32bit_MSW
16	32bit LSW
17	Digital Input
18	Digital Output
19	Output Frequency
20	Motor Speed [rpm] @Estimate
21	Motor Speed [rpm]
22	DC-Link Voltage
23	DC-Link Voltage @filter
24	Temp
25	Torque
26	Load Torque

RMS Current @A-phase	
RMS Current @B-phase	
RMS Current @C-phase	
RMS Current	
Output Voltage	
Frequency Set	
Al 1	
Al 2	
Output Power	
Torque @filter	
Load @filter	
Load Weight	
Current_Peak_Detect	
Torque Set	
Mwh Motor	
Kwh Motor	
Mwh Generation	
Kwh Generation	
AW26∼29	

8. Specified parameter function description

8.1 Parallel running and panel observation setting

Parallel running setting

Inverter greater than 450KW can be obtained by a combination of two inverters, for example, 800KW requires a combination of two 400KW inverters, then there is need to set the corresponding parameter P2.0(parallel running setting).

8.2 Digital input

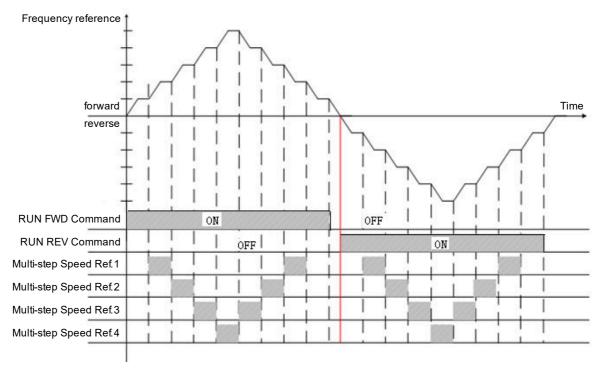
(1)Multi-speed control

Multi-speed command value to be set based on P12.0 (multi-speed setting mode) [0] Direct Step Input or [1] Bit Decoding.

A. [0] Direct Step Input



- [1] RUN (Running forward) [2] RUN @REVERSE (Running reverse) --- segment 1
- [6] M_STEP1 (Bit 0) (Multi-speed terminal segment 1) --- 2
- [7] M_STEP2 (Bit 1) (multi- speed terminal segment 2) --- 3
- [8] M STEP3 (Bit 2) (multi-speed terminal segment 3) --- 4
- [9] M_STEP4 (Bit 3) (multi- speed terminal segment 4) --- 5



B. [1] Bit Decoding

The graphic below represents a speed of 16 stages (calculate with the 8421 decoding) that constituted of 4 multi-speed segments. When only input forward (FORWARD) or reverse (REVERSE) signals, it runs with the value that is greater in parameter P12.2 (multispeed 1 setting value) and the min. speed.

(2)Brake switch status

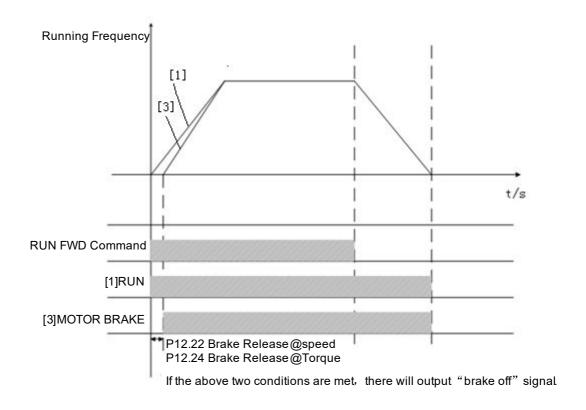
When setting the DI to [22] BRAKE-SW STATUS, if the absolute value of motor speed is more than 10Hz, but the signal of DI is low, The errorcode will be E106. If the absolute value of motor speed is less than 10Hz, but the signal of DI is low in 2 second. The errorcode will be E107.

8.3 Digital output

Brake release control

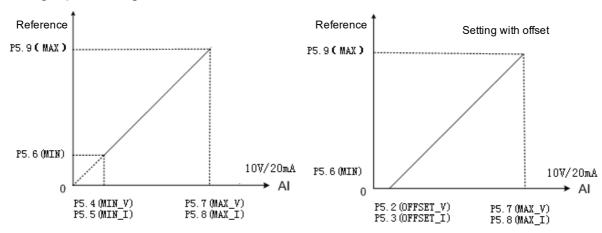
It is the inverter that controls the brake on / off signals when the motor is attached with braking function. Horizontal load brake signal is set as [1] running signal or [3] motor brake. Vertical load brake signal is set as [3] motor brake.

Please refer to the diagram for the output signal differences between [1] running signal and [3] motor brake:



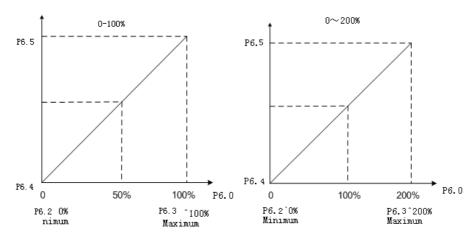
8.4 Analog input

Analog input settings are shown below:

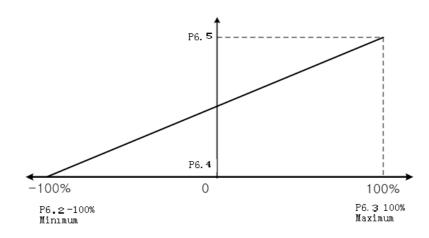


8.5 Analog output

Analog output settings are shown below:



- (a) Output setting range is 0-100%
- (b) Output setting range is 0-200%



(c) Output setting range is -100-100%

8.6 Protection parameter

(1) Current limit function

P7.0, P7.1, P7.2, P7.3 current limit function: It is used to limit large current flowing through the motor. This function is activated when the motor current exceeds the limit value.

(2) Overcurrent protection function

P7.4, P7.5, P7.6, P7.7 overcurrent protection function: When the motor current exceeds the value that is the result of parameter P7.4 multiplied by the parameter P16.4, this function is activated to cut off the inverter output. This value is the percentage of motor rated current value.

(3) Zero sequence current protection

P7.8, P7.9, P7.10, P7.11 zero sequence current protection value: sum of inverter output



three-phase current: $I_a + I_b + I_c$; motor rated current: P16.4, when meet the condition of $\frac{(I_a + I_b + I_c)}{3} > P7.8 \times P16.4 \times 1.414$, this function is activated and the inverter output will be shut off .

Note: the motor will report zero sequence current faults when there is a short circuit or grounding of three phases of motor.

(4) Bus over-voltage/under-voltage protection:

P7.12, P7.13 bus over-voltage or low voltage protection function: when bus voltage of the inverter exceeds the value of parameter P7.12, this function is activated and the output will be shut off. When bus voltage of the inverter is less than the value of parameter P7.12, this function is activated and the inverter output will be shut off. It is suggested to set as default setting value.

(5) Temperature protection

P7.14 temperature protection function: the inverter IGBT temperature exceeds the value of parameter P7.14, this function is activated and the inverter output will be shut off, inverter overtemperature faults will be reported.

P7.15 over-temperature alarm function: the inverter IGBT temperature exceeds the value of parameter P7.15, this function is activated but the inverter output will not be shut off.

(6) Over-speed protection

P7.19, P7.20, P7.21, P7.22 overspeed protection function: When the motor speed exceeds the value of parameter P7.19, this function is activated and the inverter output will be shut off. Value of P7.19 ~ P7.22 is the percentage of the motor rated speed value.

(7) Open-loop vector starting protection

P7.23 protection is available only in open-loop vector control mode (P16.11 = 1). When P7.23 is set to maximum, this protection function is prohibited. In open-loop vector control mode, if the starting torque is low or magnetic field is not established, the ability to follow a given motor speed is poor at the starting moment, and if the lasting time exceeds the set value of P7.23, this function is activated and the inverter output is shut off.

P7.24 ~ P7.26 protection is available only in the open-loop vector control mode



(P17.11=1, P18.11=1, P19.11=1) and just for some specific motors.

(8) Over-load protection function

P7.31, P7.32 overload protection: when the motor current exceeds the current protection value, this function is activated and the inverter output is shut off. Its protection parameters are shown as below:

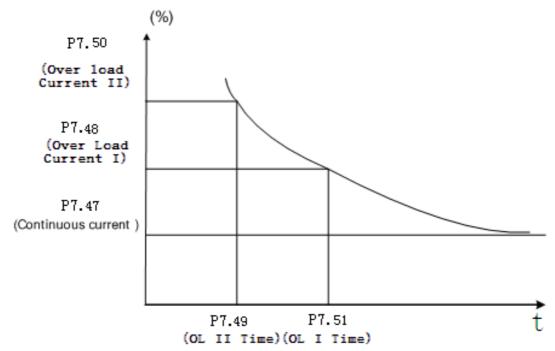
P7.31, P7.32 abnormal speed protection function is available only in closed loop vector control mode (P16.11 = 2). P7.31 sets the deviation value of speed abnormality, 100% corresponding to the rated motor frequency. P7.32 sets the detection time of s peed abnormality. When the difference between the encoder detection speed and the reference speed exceeds the value set by P7.31, and run the time set by P7.32, this function is activated and the inverter output is shut off.

(9) Autotuning protection

P7.33 sets the autotuning failed time working in static autotuning operation. When the static autotuning time exceeds P7.33, this function is enabled, and the static autotuning is terminated.

(10) Overload protection function

P7.48, P7.50 overload protection: this function is activated when the motor current exceeds the current protection value, and the inverter output is shut off. Its protection parameters are shown as follows:



(11) Built-in brake unit

Parameter values of P7.64, P7.65, and P7.66 are valid only when the inverter has a built-in brake unit, which means inverter HF630 series of 160KW and below are valid with this function. Set P7.64 value as 1 to enable this function. If bus voltage is higher than the set value of P7.65, the brake unit is turned on. Brake full turn-on voltage value is determined by the value of P7.66, and brake full turn-on voltage value must be not less than the set value of brake start voltage, thus require P7.66≥P7.65. When P16.0 input voltage is set to 380V and P7.65 is 0V, the brake start voltage is 597V; whenP7.66 is 20V, the brake unit off voltage is 617V. Calculated as follows:

Brake start voltage value = $1.075 \times \sqrt{2} \times P16.0 + 20 + P7.65$;

Brake full turn-on voltage value = $1.075 \times \sqrt{2} \times P16.0 + 20 + P7.66$.

(12) Overvoltage suppression function

The parameters of P7.69, P7.70, P7.71 can affect the actual motor deceleration time after functioning; when the P7.69 default value is 0, the inverter must be connected with the brake unit and resistance. When p16.0 input voltage is set to 380v, overvoltage suppression value is 611v. Calculation formula: overvoltage suppression value= $1.1 \times \sqrt{2} \times P16.0 + 20 + P7.70$. Specify as below:

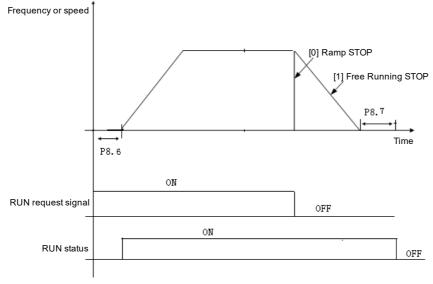
when the P7.71 is "Enable",the software will changing the motor deceleration time and increasing motor field to realize overvoltage suppression function; when the P7.71 is "Disable" the software will only changing the motor deceleration time to realize overvoltage suppression function.

8.7 Motor start/stop control parameters

- (1) Stop mode
- P8.3 Stop mode: methods of setting motor speed deceleration when it stops. See the graphic below.
 - [0] Ramp parking: motor speed will be slowly decelerated until zero
 - according to the set deceleration time.
 - [1] Free parking: While implementing stop mode, the inverter output
 - voltage is immediately cut off at the same time.
- P8.6 Start delay time: from the moment the inverter commands "start", the inverter will remain "stop status" for a period of time within the set time value of P8.6, then the startup mode will be activated. See the graphic below:



P8.7 Stop state hold time: even if the motor speed turns to zero, in a period of time within this set parameter value, the inverter will still remain running mode, where there is still a torque output, only after such time of period then a real sense of parking will be achieved. See the graphic below:

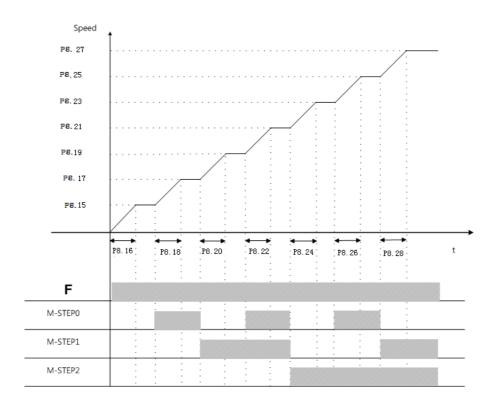


Stop mode control graphic

(2) Acceleration/Deceleration control:

During the inverter is running, time and mode of acceleration/deceleration is adjustable. P8.14 is the multiplier of acceleration time adjustment, it means the actual acceleration time is the result of set acceleration time multiplying by the value of the of P8.14. P8.33 is the multiplier of deceleration time adjustment, it means the actual deceleration time is the result of set deceleration time multiplying by the value of the of P8.33.

Acceleration mode with multi-speed situations are shown as below:



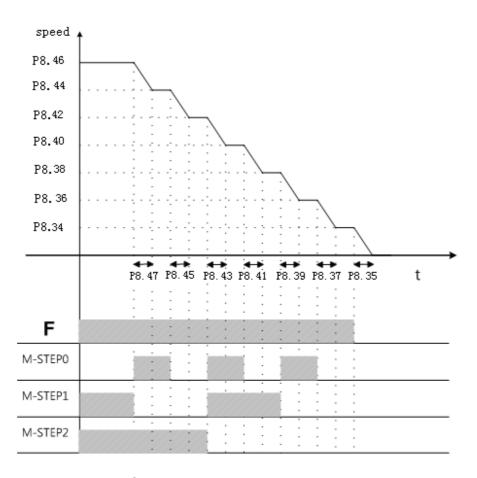
When setting the value of the acceleration region, the following requirement must be obeyed:

8.15 <P8.17 <P8.19 <P8.21 <P8.23 <P8.25 <P8.27

Take the parameter settings for motor running with rated speed as an example:

-							
	P8.15	P8.17	P8.19	P8.21	P8.23	P8.25	P8.27
	10%	20%	30%	50%	60%	80%	100%

Deceleration mode with multi-speed situations are shown as below:



When setting the value of the deceleration region, requirement as the parameter value P8.34<P8.36<P8.38<P8.40<P8.42<P8.44<P8.46 must be obeyed, otherwise it occurs to inverter as parameter setting error.

Take the parameter settings for motor running with rated speed as an example:

P8.34	P8.36	P8.38	P8.40	P8.42	P8.44	P8.46
10%	20%	30%	50%	60%	80%	100%

(3) Acceleration and deceleration adjustment:

During operation, the acceleration and deceleration time multiple can be modified with PROFIBUS or MODBUS communication. Set the acceleration time control sources by P8.13 and the deceleration time control sources by P8.32. It also can be disabled, so that this function does not work. Example:

Acceleration zone 1 acceleration time = $P8.14 \times P8.16 \times$ (communication given time acceleration multiples \times 0.001);

Deceleration zone 1 deceleration time = $P8.33 \times P8.35 \times$ (communication given time deceleration multiples \times 0.001).

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8.8 Motor multi-speed and brake control

(1) The relations between termials and multi-speed

P12.2 ~ P12.17 multispeed is the speed reference values for setting inverter multi-speed operation. The following figure shows the relations between the multi-speed terminals and multi-speed segments by taking P12.0 = 1 as an example:

	<u> </u>			·
Dunning cogment	Multi-speed	Multi-speed	Multi-speed	Multi-speed
Running segment	terminal 1	terminal 2	terminal 3	terminal 4
Multi-speed 1	0	0	0	0
Multi-speed 2	1	0	0	0
Multi-speed 3	0	1	0	0
Multi-speed 4	1	1	0	0
Multi-speed 5	0	0	1	0
Multi-speed 6	1	0	1	0
Multi-speed 7	0	1	1	0
Multi-speed 8	1	1	1	0
Multi-speed 9	0	0	0	1
Multi-speed 10	1	0	0	1
Multi-speed 11	0	1	0	1
Multi-speed 12	1	1	0	1
Multi-speed 13	0	0	1	1
Multi-speed 14	1	0	1	1
Multi-speed 15	0	1	1	1
Multi-speed 16	1	1	1	1

0 represents the multi-speed terminal OFF

1 represents multi-speed terminal ON

(2) Brake on/off control

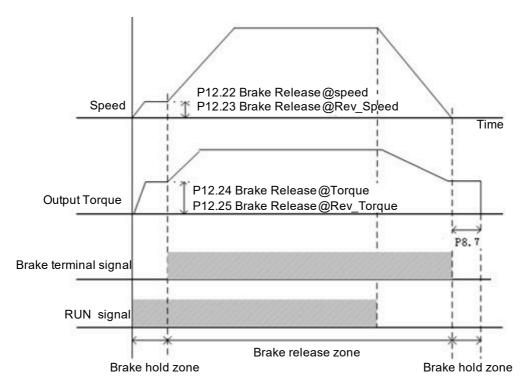
P12.22 ~ P12.35 when using electromagnetic brake system, use this function to control the brake on/off. Only when digital output terminal is set as [3] MOTOR BRAKE, the brake control function will be effective.

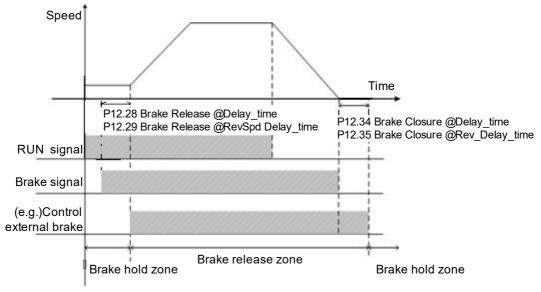
When the motor is stopped, If the inverter receives running signal, it will give motor its corresponding torque values according to their forward and reverse directions. If the following conditions are met, there will be "brake off" signals on the brake control output relay or output terminals.

When the motor is running, if the inverter receives stop signal, the motor will start to decelerate. If the output frequency reaches parameter [brake on speed (Brake Closure @ speed)] values, there will be "brake on" signals on its corresponding output terminals.



Note: The torque and speed setting values to be set the on the basis of motor parameters in group P16.





8.9 Motor basic parameters and V/F control parameters

(1) Motor rated parameters

P16.0 ~ P16.9 motor parameters: In order to inverter the motor correctly, the motor parameters on the nameplate must be confirmed and the corresponding parameters of the inverter should be entered, if the motor parameters are incorrectly entered, it



may cause inverter abnormal and failure in auto-tuning. P16.7 the number of motor poles is set according to the following formula: Value 120 × P16.5/P16.6 and get rounded. P16.9 synchronous speed is set according to the following formula: 120xP16.5/P16.7.

When two motors are connected in parallel, values of P16.2 (rated power) and P16.4 (rated current) are the accumulated value of these two parameters on both motor nameplates.

(2) Carrier frequency

P16.12 carrier frequency is mainly used to improve the motor running noise and inverter disturbance to surroundings.

The advantages of a high carrier frequency: the current waveform is relatively ideal, less current harmonics, and low motor noise;

The disadvantages of a high carrier frequency: the switching losses increase, the inverter temperature increases, the output capacity of the inverter is affected, while the inverter leakage current increases, and the inverter disturbance to surroundings increases. With high carrier frequency, it is necessary to derate the inverter.

Low carrier frequency is contrary to the above-mention, but if the carrier frequency is too low, it may cause instability in the low-frequency operation, reduced torque or even oscillation.

The figure below shows the impact on the environment from carrier frequency:

Carrier			
frequency	Electromagnetic noise	Leaking current	Heat value
1KHz	The higher the carrier	The higher the carrier	The higher the carrier
5KHz	frequency, the smaller	frequency is, the	frequency is, the higher
10KHz	the electromagnetic	greater the leaking	the heat value is.
TORTIZ	noise is.	current is.	

The following table shows the relationship between the model and the carrier frequency:

Model	Carrier frequency(Factory value: KHz)
0.4KW~37KW	5



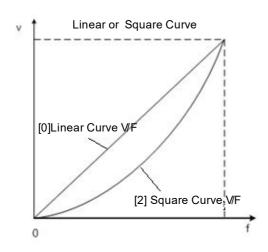
45KW~160KW	3
185KW~450KW	2

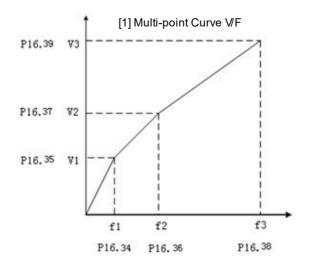
(3) V/F curve selection

P16.14 Parameters are effective only in the V/F control (P16.11 = 0), for vector control is invalid.

- [0] Linear Curve V/F. It is applied to ordinary constant torque load.
- [1] Multi-point Curve V/F. V/F curve can be defined by setting parameters of $(P16.33 \sim P16.45)$.
- [2] Square Curve V/F. It is suitable for variable torque load applications, such as: fans, pumps, etc.

All curves are shown as below:





P16.34 ~ P16.45 twelve parameters define multi-point V/F curve. V/F curve is usually set based on the load characteristics of the motors. Note: V1 <V2 <V3, F1 <F2 <F3. If the set value of low-frequency voltage is too high, it may cause the motor overheat and even burn down, and the inverter stalling or overcurrent protection.

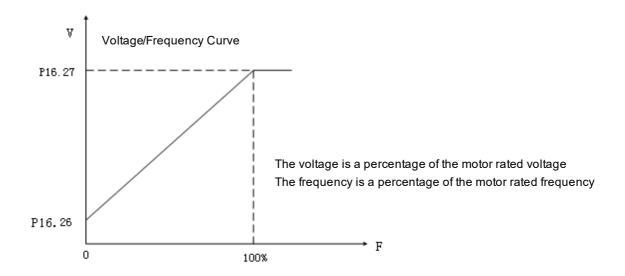
(4) Torque compensation

P16.15 torque compensation is valid only in the V/F control mode. This parameter is enabled when the starting torque is a little bit low. But this parameter can be enabled only after the static auto-tuning has been completed in V/F control mode. Enabling this parameter will increase starting current and starting voltage, over-current phenomenon may occur. It is suggested to enable this parameter only when a large amount of starting torque (mixer, brick kiln, etc.) is required.

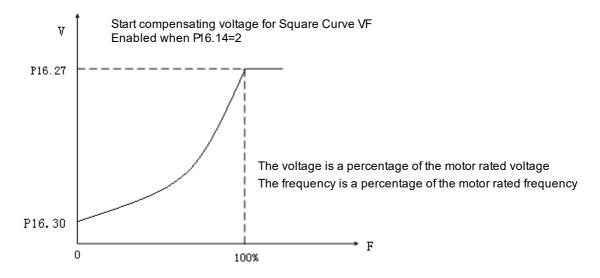


(5) Start excitation current

When P16.14= [0] line V/F curve, V/F start compensating voltage setting value is p16.30. P16.26 and P16.27 can be set with reference to the following figure:



When P16.14= [2] square curve, V/F start compensating voltage setting value is p16.30. P16.30 and P16.27 can be set with reference to the following figure:



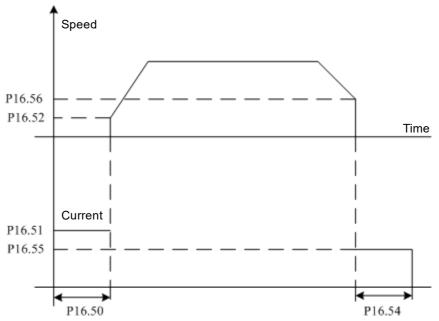
(6) DC Brake

P16.50-P16.56 DC brake function. It is classified as start DC brake and stop DC brake. This feature works only under V / F control mode.

Start DC brake: Set P16.50, P16.51, P16.52 values, which is used to add DC brake current to the motor that is in free slide till stop, enable motor to stop first and then to start.



Stop DC brake: Set P16.54, P16.55, P16.56 values, which is used to add DC brake current to the motor that is in deceleration, enable the motor to stop. The specific settings are shown as below:



(7) Resonance suppression

P16.64 (stabilization suppression) is the parameters set to eliminate mechanical or electrical resonance automatically. If the setting value is not zero, the stability controller can eliminate resonance caused by mechanical or electrical reasons. If the setting value is zero, the controller would not act.

8.10 Motor vector control parameters

(1) Switch between torque and speed:

P20.0 represents the parameter value to be set for torque control and speed control switch.

When P20.0 = 0 and P20.1 = 0, P20.2 = 0, it is in speed control mode, it is impossible to switch into torque control mode under this setting.

When P20.0 = 0 and P20.1 \neq 0, P20.2 \neq 0, it is in torque control mode, it is impossible to switch into speed control mode under this setting.

When P20.0 = 1 and P20.1 \neq 0, P20.2 \neq 0, it is in torque control mode if the torque and speed switching signal is set as 1 while it is in speed control mode if the switching signal is set as 0.



When it is in torque control, if the motor output torque is greater than the load torque, the motor speed will gradually increase to balance value or limit value; if the motor output torque is smaller than the load torque, the motor speed will gradually decrease to balance value or minus limit value. In order to ensure the torque control, it is necessary first to enable normal operation under P16.11 [1] S / L Vector Control or [2] CL Vector Control mode.

P20.3 fixed torque value setting: This parameter is valid only after setting parameter P20.1 as [4].

(2) Zero Torque:

This function is actived by DI or communication ,and the given torque is set to 0 in torque control mode. When the signal is low, the inverter automatically switch to speed control mode and traces the current speed to given speed. Set P12.24 and P12.25 to 0 when enabling this function.

(3) Torque limitation:

P20.7 is the setting source for the torque limitation; the setting value is valid both in speed control and torque control modes. P20.8, P20.9 value is only valid when P20.7 = 1.

(4) Encoder direction

P20.15 encoder reverse phase sequence function: when the motor is forward turning, it enables encoder output A or B phase ahead. Such as if encoders A, B are reversed connected, or motor U, V, W phase are reversed connected, it may change the phase sequence by modifying the parameter without changing the wiring.

[0]When it is not enabled, the encoder rotation direction is consistent with the motor rotation direction:

[1] When it is enabled, if the encoder rotation direction is opposite to the motor rotation direction, the inverter can automatically mutually exchange the A-phase and B-phase identification functions.

(5) Synchronous compensation control:

When two motors are non-rigidly connected driving one load, adjust one of the motors speed, so that the two motors can maintain position balance function. This function is available only in closed-loop vector control, and must be synchronized with



GDHF-PGD2 PG card.

Only one of the inverters controling the two motors (inverter mounted with GDHF-PGD2 synchronous PG card) need to have effective synchronous compensation control. When DI function "[10] hook mode" is valid or DP control "CW0.9 hook mode" is valid, set P20.26 and P20.27 values are greater than 0, the two motors are ON, and after the other motor speed is up to 2% of rated speed, the synchronous compensation control begins to operate.

When P20.34 is set to [0], the synchronal compensation control algorithm 1 controls the encoder pulse error of the two motors to minimum 0 pulses. When P20.26 and P20.27 is set to a value greater than 0, adjust the synchronization compensation control response. P20.26 is generally recommended to set to $50\% \sim 100\%$, and P20.27 is set to 3% to 5%.

When P20.34 is set to [1], the synchronal compensation control algorithm 2 controls the encoder pulse error of the two motors to minimum 200 pulses. Since the control algorithm is internally fixed, P20.26 and P20.27 can just be set to any value greater than 0.

If the two inverters are Guide HF630 series, P20.34 is recommended to set [1]; if one is Guide HF630 series inverter, and the other one is the other brand inverter, P20.34 is recommended to set [0].

(6) DROOP control:

When two motors are rigidly connected driving one load, stabilize the motor torque to achieve load balancing capabilities between the two motors. The DROOP control function of the inverters controlling two motors must be valid. DROOP control decelerates the motor during over load torque, and accelerates it during low load to maintain load balancing. When P20.60 is set to 0, DROOP control is invalid. P20.61 is adjustable parameters of adjusting DROOP control response, increasing this setting when vibrating and oscillating.

(7) Master-Slave control1:

When two inverters control two rigid coupling motors(such as RTG hoisting mechanism, slewing mechanism), one of them is chosen as the master, which adopts speed control, the other is slave, which adopts torque control. The output torque of the master is transmitted to slave as the given torque of slave.



(8) Master-Slave control2:

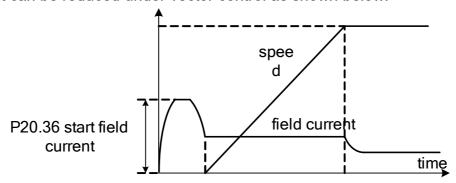
When two inverters control two rigid coupling motors(such as RTG hoisting mechanism slewing mechanism), both inverters adopts speed control. One of them is chosen as master and the other is slave. The output torque of the master is transmitted to slave through AI, but not as the given torque of slave.

(9) Anti Grab Open Function

This function prevents grab opening, when two inverters are balancing load torque in air, and the driver return the handle to zero. The encoder wire of the supporting machine should be connected to the PGD2 card of the opening machine. The opening machine receives the the speed signals of two motors at the same time. The PLC activates this function after have closed grab and disable this function after have balanced load torque. This function is activated by DI or DP communication control word CW0.10.

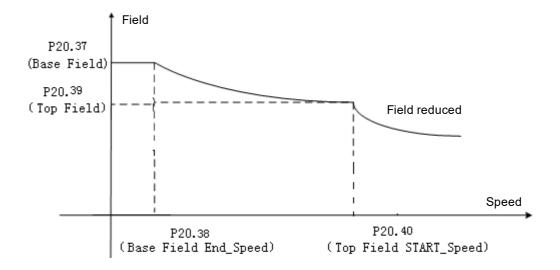
(10) Start magnetic current:

P20.36 start magnetic current: It controls the basic limit of field during starting, and the start current can be reduced under vector control as shown below:



(11) Magnetic flux:

P20.37 ~ P20.40 is used to set the size of the magnetic field based on its corresponding speed, it is shown as below:



(12) Field discharge function:

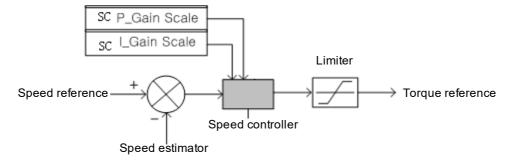
P20.57, P20.58 and P20.59 are the field discharge functions which can demagnetize quickly. When P20.57 is set to 1, this function is enabled. P20.58 is the maximum current value of the magnetic field demagnetization phase. After demagnetization phase begins, the field discharge function stops when the magnetic field is less than the actual value of P20.59.

(13) Speed ring:

P20.55 speed tracking controller proportional gain: the high torque controller output increases with the speed error increases. If the set value is relatively high, then the speed deviation decreases rapidly.

P20.59 speed tracking controller integral gain: it refers to the time spent on speed controller output rated torque command during constant velocity error persists. If the set value is relatively low, then the speed deviation decreases rapidly.

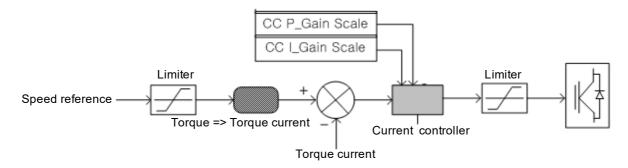
The speed controller gain set by percentage (%) can be obtained by auto-tuning. Speed control block is shown as follows:



(14) Current ring:

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P20.62 and P20.63 represent the current loop proportional and integral gain. The current controller gain is set with percentage (%) value, which can be obtained by auto-tuning. Vector control block is shown as follows:



8.11 Advanced application

During operation, if problems occur, such as vibration or imbalance that caused by the control performance failure, please adjust the corresponding control mode parameters in the following table, which only lists some frequently modified parameters.

Control	Parameter	Performance	Default	Recom.	Adjustment
mode	name		value	value	method
	P16.64 V/F Stabilization @Gain	To suppress medium speed (10 ~ 40HZ) disorderly adjustment and vibration	100	80~150	Reduce the value of this parameter for improving insufficient heavy load torque; Increase the value of this parameter for improving vibration occurs at light load.
V/F control	P16.12 PWM @Carrier Frequency	To improve motor megnatic noise.	Power dependent	Different values for different power values (Redo auto-tuning if the carrier frequency is changed)	Increase the value of this parameter for reducing motor megnatic noise; Reduce the value of this parameter for improving vibration occurs at low/medium speed.
	P16.15 Torque Compensation	To improve the motor torque.	Disable	Disable	Enable this parameter for improving insufficient heavey load torque and low speed.

					Disable this parameter for
					improving vibration occurs
					at light load.
	P16.26 V/F DC offset	To improve low speed torque.	0.75	0.5~1.2	Increase the value of this parameter for improving insufficient low speed torque; Reduce the value of this parameter for improve great surge at start.
	P7.0 Current Limit	To improve current surge.	150	150~220	Increase the value of this parameter for improving motor slow respond speed and imbalance at heavy load; Reduce the value of this parameter for improve great current surge at light load.
	P16.12 PWM @Carrier Frequency	To improve motor megnatic noise.	Power dependent	Different values for different power values (Redo auto-tuning if the carrier frequency is changed)	Increase the value of this parameter for reducing motor megnatic noise; Reduce the value of this parameter for improving vibration occurs at low/medium speed.
Vector control	P7.0 Current Limit	To improve current surge.	150	150~220	Increase the value of this parameter for improving motor slow responde speed and imbalance at heavy load; Reduce the value of this parameter for improve motor great current surge at light load.
	P20.43 Load Detection Time	To improve motor vibration and imbalance.	75	50~100	Increase the value of this parameter for improving motor vibration at load condition; Reduce the value of this parameter for improve motor torque slow respond at load vary condition.
	P20.56 Ki @Spd_Ctrl	To improve speed and torque	100	80~150	Increase the value of this parameter for improving low speed and slow torque

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respond, to	respond;
suppress	Reduce the value of this
vibration and	parameter for improve great
disorderly	surge at start.
adjustment	

9. Abnormality solutions and inspection

To protect equipment, the inverter has over current, over voltage, under voltage, etc protection functions. When protection function is activated, the inverter output will be cut off and the motor will stopp until a compulsory reset (RESET) is performed.

9.1 Alarm codes

The alarm codes will be shown in stop status.

Codes	Alarm information	Alarm causes	Measurements
W01	SYS_NOT_RDY	The inverter is not ready when it is energized.	Confirm the inverter input voltage and bus voltage.
W02	NO_DRV_ENABLE	When set digital termnals as [Inverter ENABLE], its corresponding conditions are not satisfied. There is no signal in corresponding communication control word.	Confirm the digital input parameter of parameter group P3, and its corresponding external electric relay and wiring. Confirm the communication word status.
W03	LOCAL_EM	When set digital termnals as [Local_Emergency], its corresponding conditions are not satisfied.	Confirm the digital input parameter of parameter group P3, and its corresponding external electric relay and wiring.
W04	REMOTE_EM	When set digital termnals as [Remote_Emergency], its corresponding conditions are not satisfied.	Confirm the digital input parameter of parameter group P3, and its corresponding external electric relay and wiring.
W06	ОТ	Overheat in inverter. The temperature of heatsink has reached the value of P7.14(Over Temperature Trip).	Confirm the casing temperature, cooling fan and load current.
W09	P/B ALARM	DP Card communication external alarm.	Confirm the status of DP communication corresponding control position.
W10	MODBUS ALARM	Modbus communication external alarm.	Confirm the status of Modbus corresponding control position.
W15	PARAMETER ERROR	Fault in parameter settings	Confirm whether the parameter setting is out of range.

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Codes	Alarm information	Alarm causes	Measurements
W18	Temp_Sensing Fail	Fault and warning of tempreture sensing.	Confirm temperature sampling cable; Confirm the communication between power panel and control panel; Confirm the power panel is normal.
W20	SLV_NOT_RDY	There is abnormality in slave inverter during parallel running.	Confirm the parallel running control line, whether the slave inverter is in normal state.
W21	SLV1_CAN_ERR	There is abnormality in slave 1 communication during parallel running.	Confirm the parallel running communication line, whether the slave inverter is in normal state.

9.2 Error codes

The error codes will be shown in running status.

Error code	Error information	Error causes and measurment
[E051]	U phase ERR_UT not reset	Confirm the IGBT is normal; Confirm the IGBT drive wire and drive circuit is normal; Power on again after power failure.
[E053]	V phase ERR_UT not reset	Confirm the IGBT is normal; Confirm the IGBT drive wire and drive circuit is normal; Power on again after power failure.
[E054]	W phase ERR_UT not reset	Confirm the IGBT is normal; Confirm the IGBT drive wire and drive circuit is normal; Power on again after power failure.
[E056]	ERR_SLAVE_FAULT not reset	Confirm the slave inverter is normal; Slave inverter power on again after power off.
[E057]	ERR_DB not reset	Confirm the IGBT is normal; Confirm the IGBT drive wire and drive circuit is normal; Power on again after power failure.
[E100]	OV	Confirm the braking resistor; Confirm the parameter P8.35(DecT 1) and adjust itstime; Confirm the parameter P7.12(busbar over voltage)

[E105]	UV	Input voltage drop will cause the bus voltage drops to the limit values or the input voltage phase loss; Confirm the input voltage; Confirm the inverter input side magnetic contactor; Check the parameter P7.13 (bus undervoltage)
[E106]	Brake abnormal 1	Check whether DI wiring are normal. Check whether the brake is normal.
[E107]	Brake abnormal 2	Check whether DI wiring are normal. Check whether the brake is normal.
[E108]	DC switch open	Check whether DC switch and its wiring are normal.
[E109]	DC15V fail	Check whether the power 15V and its wiring are normal.
[E110]	OC	Check motor load. Check whether the brake is off. Confirm the acceleration/deceleration time. Check whether the motor and its wiring are normal. Confirm whether the encoder and its wiring are normal Confirm parameter P7.4 (Over Current Trip).
[E111]	OL	The inverter output current exceeds P7.48 (Over-Loaded Current) value. and the time exceeds P7.49 (OL Time) value. Check the motor load. Check the load current. Confirm parameter P7.48, P7.49. Confirm whether the motor and its wiring are normal.
[E112]	ZC	Confirm parameter P7.8. Confirm whether the motor is short circuited. Confirm that the inverter is properly grounded. Confirm whether the current sensor wiring is normal.
[E113]	MIP	Confirm whether the inverter input wiring is normal. Confirm whether the linear filtering control board control cable is properly connected.
[E114]	MOP	Confirm whether the connection of the inverter output line to the motor is normal.
[E115]	OS	Motor speed exceeds parameter P7.19 value. Confirm parameter P7.19. Confirm whether the encoder is good and the circuit is not interfered.

[E116]	SLVC Fail	Confirm whether the acceleration and deceleration time is too short. Confirm the parameter P7.23
[E117]	MOTOR STALL	Check the brake connection. If there is encoder connection, confirm whether the encoder connection and settings P20.14 and P20.15 are correct.
[E118]	PG ERROR	Confirm whether the encoder electrical connection and settings P20.14, P20.15 is correct.
[E119]	SPEED ABNORMAL	Confirm whether the encoder electrical connection and settings P20.14, P20.15 is correct. Confirm the parameter P7.31 and P7.32
[E120]	ОТ	Confirm the external and internal temperature. Confirm the inverter cooling fan. Check the load current.
[E138]	TEMP_SENSING FAIL	Confirm the tempreture sampling connection line. Confirm the connection between the power panel and control panel. Confirm whether the power panel is normal.
[E152]	PDP [U]	Confirm the IGBT is normal; Confirm the IGBT drive wire and drive circuit is normal; Confirm whether the output wiring or motor is normal.
[E154]	PDP[V]	Confirm the IGBT is normal; Confirm the IGBT drive wire and drive circuit is normal; Confirm whether the output wiring or motor is normal.
[E155]	PDP [W]	Confirm the IGBT is normal; Confirm the IGBT drive wire and drive circuit is normal; Confirm whether the output wiring or motor is normal.
[E156]	Hardware OC	Check motor load. Check whether the brake is off. Confirm the acceleration/deceleration time. Check whether the motor and its wiring are normal. Check whether the output current of inverter is normal.
[E157]	PDP [DB]	Confirm whether the power element is normal. Confirm whether the power element inverter wire and its inverter circuit are normal.
[E160]	SLAVE FAULT	Confirm whether there is fault in the slave inverter.

[E161]	SLV_NOT_RDY	Confirm whether the slave inverter running conditions are satisfied.
[E162]	SLV1_CAN_ERR	Confirm whether the parallel running optical cable and slave inverter communication is normal.
[E167]	CAN_ERR	Confirm whether the inverter communication is normal.
[E170]	MOTOR TUNING FAIL	Confirm the motor nameplate parameters. Confirm the parameter P7.33
[E180]	P/B ERROR	Confirm whether the communication card connection is normal. Confirm whether the communication configuration is correct.
[E181]	P/B_EM	Confirm the status of communication control word CW0.4.
[E200]	LOCAL_EM	Confirm whether the communication card connection is normal. Replace the DP communication card.
[E201]	REMOTE_EM	When digital input terminal is set as [Local_Emergency], there should be a signal in its corresponding terminal. Confirm the parameter group P3 digital input parameters, and its corresponding external relays and wiring.
[E202]	MODBUS EMERGENCY	When digital input terminal is set as [Remotel_Emergency], there should be a signal in its corresponding terminal. Confirm the parameter group P3 digital input parameters, and its corresponding external relays and wiring.
[E203]	DRIVE DISABLED	There is signal on Modbus communication control word CW0.4. Confirm its status.
[E210]	Panel Error	Confirm whether the keyboard wiring is normal.
[E220]	MEMORY CRC ERR	Change the control panel.
[E221]	PARAMETER ERROR	Confirm the parameter settings meet the requirement.

9.3 Error diagnosis

Er	ror	Inspection items	Measurements
		Whether the digital input terminals are well distributed. Whether the running command signal is ON. Whether forward or reverse terminals are well contacted with COM terminals.	Confirm that the digital terminals are well distributed The running command signal is ON. Confirm the forward and reverse terminals are well connected with COM terminals (Select terminal mode).
	No inverter	•Whether the input 3P power supply is normal.	Confirm the tighten state of terminal screws.Measure the input 3P terminal voltage.
Motor	output	•Whether the operation panel power light is ON. If yes, then confirm whether the running signal light is ON.	 Re-plug the wire if the operation panel power light is not ON. Please consult the agent or our company if still no improvement after re-plug. If the operation panel power light is ON, but the running signal light is off, please give a run command once more.
no rotation		•Whether warnings or error messages are displayed on the operation panel.	•Re-run after reset.
		•Whether the inverter operation mode and command value are correct.	•Confirm the inverter operation mode parameters.
	•Whe mote norm	•Whether the motor is in "BRAKE ON" state or whether the load is too heavy.	Release the brake and reduce the load. Try running the motor alone.
		•When a brake is attached to the motor, whether the brake action is normal.	•Release the brake carefully and re-run.
		•Whether the motor wiring is normal or whether there is phase loss on motor.	•Confirm the inverter ouput and motor output connection status.
	output	•Whether the inverter output current value is greater than or equal to the current limitation value.	•Confirm the correct parameter settings and try adjusting acceleration and deceleration time to increase the speed slowly.
		•When a magnetic contactor is equipped between the inverter and the motor, whether the contactor is ON.	•Confirm that the magnetic contactor is ON and its wiring state.
Motor rota	ates	•Whether the wiring between the inverter output 3P and the motor is normal.	•Exchange V phase and W phase.
ieveiseiy.		•Whether the terminals that connected	•Confirm the wiring of

Error	Inspection items	Measurements
	to control circuit and its parameter	forward/reverse terminals and
	settings are normal.	parameter values.
		•Reduce the load.
		•If the motor is overloaded, then
		start its limitation function to reduce
The motor speed	•Whether the load is too heavy.	the speed to a value that is less
can not be		than the setting value.
increased.		•Release the load or reduce the load.
	•Whether the speed command signal	Confirm the control circuit wiring or
	is normal.	its signal and the setting value.
	•Whether the load varieties are too	•Raise the motor and the inverter
	large.	power to the next higher level.
There is motor	•Whether the input voltage changes	•Reduce the load and input voltage
shaking during	too much.	changes
running.	•Whether it occurs in a certain	•Adjust slightly the output frequency
	frequency.	setting values.
	•The voltage drops when input voltage.	•Confirm the inverter input power
		supply.
	•Whether the load is too heavy.	•Release or reduce the load.
Motor current	•Whether the motor is in "BRAKE ON"	•Release the brake on the motor.
excceds the rated	state.	
values.	•Whether the load is dynamic(the	•Re-confirm the inverter power
	weight is changable)	calculation.
	•Whether the motor have completed	•Redo motor auto-tuning.
	the auto-tuning normally.	

10. Maintenance



Danger

- 1. Do not touch the inverter terminals, which carry high voltage. Risk of electric shock.
- 2. Finish installing the terminal cover before energizing, when removing the cover, the power must be shut off.
- Maintenance and inspection can be performed only after turning off the main circuit power supply and confirmation of the LED totally out.

Danger of residual voltage on electrolytic capacitors.

4. Non-professional and technical personnel are not allowed to perform maintenance or inspection work.

Risk of electric shock.

Risk of electric shock.



Notice

 CMOS integrated circuit is mounted on keypad board, control circuit board and the inverter circuit board, please pay special attention during using.

If touch the circuit board directly with fingers, the electrostatic induction may damage the integrated chip on the circuit board.

2. Do not change the wiring and remove the terminal wiring when it is energized

Risk of electric shock.

3. Do not check the signals during running.

It may damage the device.

10.1 Maintenance instructions

As the inverter is a typical product that contains both power electronics technology and microelectronics technology, it has dual characteristics of industrial equipment and microelectronic devices. Various faults may occur to inverter due to changes the environment, such as temperature, humidity, smoke, etc, as well as the aging of the internal components. Therefore, in order to obtain long-term normal operation of the inverter, it is necessary to perform routine checks and regular maintenance in storage and operation (at least once of every six months).



10.2 Routine maintenance

In order to prevent the inverter failures and to ensure normal operation and prolong the service life, it is necessary to perform routine maintenance for the inverter. The routine maintenance contents is shown as follows:

Check items	Check contents	Criteria
Running environment	1.Temperature, humidity 2.Dust, gases	 1.When temperature is over 40 °C, stop the machine or low the ambient temperature. Humidity should be less than 95% and no frost. 2.There should be no smell, no flammable and explosive gases.
Cooling system	1.Installation environment 2.Fans in inverter main body	1.Good ventilation in the installation environment, and no block in the air duct. 2.Fans in inverter main body run normally without abnormal noise.
Inverter main body	1.Vibration, over-temperature 2.Noise 3.Conductor and terminals	1.The vibration is steady, the air duct temperature is normal.2.There is no abnormal noise and no smell.3.The tightening screws are firmly fixed.
Motor	1.Vibration, over-temperature 2.Noise	Steady running and normal temperature. No abnormal and uneven noise.
Input/output paramters	1.Input voltage 2.Output current	1.The input voltage is within a standard range. 2.The output current is lower than the rated values.

10.3 Periodic maintenance

To prevent failure of the inverter and to ensure its high performance and stable operation for a long time, the user must periodically (within six months) inspect the inverter. The inspection items are as follows:



Inspection items	Inspection contents	Measurements
External terminal screws	Whether the screws are loose.	Tight the screws.
Power components	Dust and dirts	Use dry compressed air to clean the dust and dirts thoroughly.
radiator	Dust and dirts	Use dry compressed air to clean the dust and dirts thoroughly.
Electrolytic capacitor	Whether there is color change or there is peculiar smell.	Replace the electrolytic capacitor.
Fan	Abnormal noise and vibration. Whether the accumulative using time is over 20,000 hours.	 Clean the fan. Change the fan.
PCB board	Dust and dirts	Use dry compressed air to clean the dust and dirts thoroughly.

10.4 Displacement of wearing elements

In order to guarantee long-time, safe, and trouble-free operation of the inverter, consumable components such as inverter fan and electrolytic capacitor should be regularly replaced. Consumable parts replacement time is as follows:

Fan: It must be replaced after using over 20,000 hours.

Electrolytic capacitors: It must be replaced after using over 30,000 to 40,000 hours.

10.5 Storage and guarantee

Special attention should be paid as follows during inverter's temporary or long-term storage:

- (1) Avoid storing the inverter in places with high temperature, moisture or vibration and metal dusts. Ensure good ventilation.
- (2) If the inverter will be not used for a long time, it should be energize once of every six months to restore electrical characteristics of the filter capacitor and checked for normal functions. During inverter energization, the voltage should be gradually increased by an autotransformer, and the energization time is not less than 5 hours.



During the guarantee period, maintenance fee should be borne by the users to repair the problems caused by the following reasons:

- (1) Failures caused by operations that disobey the operating manual or exceed using standards in the specification.
- (2) Faults caused by self-repair and modification without permission.
- (3) Faults caused by improper storage.
- (4) Faults caused by abnormal use of the inverter.
- (5) Faults caused by machine damages due to fire, salt corrosion, gas corrosion, earthquakes, storms, floods, lightning, abnormal voltage or other reasons caused by force majeure.

Our company offers a lifetime paid service even if the guarantee period expires.

GUIDE Inverter HF630 Series Technical Manual

Version: 1.02

Precautions

- 1. Make sure to read this manual before using the inverter products.
- 2. Please ask for professional commissioning and wiring for safety.
- 3. The contents of this manual is subject to change without notice.

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